

BNEF Global Energy & Industry Event

—
Bloomberg
New York Climate Week



Welcome



Jon Moore
Chief Executive Officer
BloombergNEF

Bloomberg
New York Climate Week

BloombergNEF

Opening Remarks



Dana Perkins

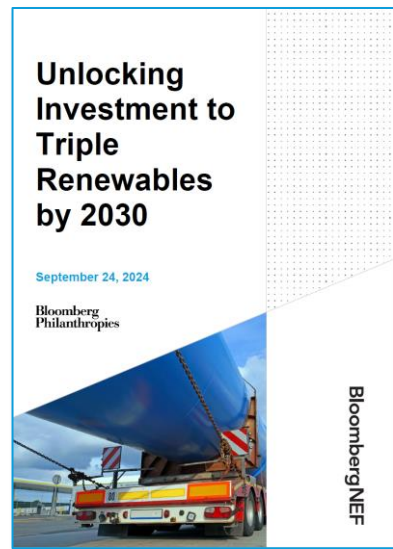
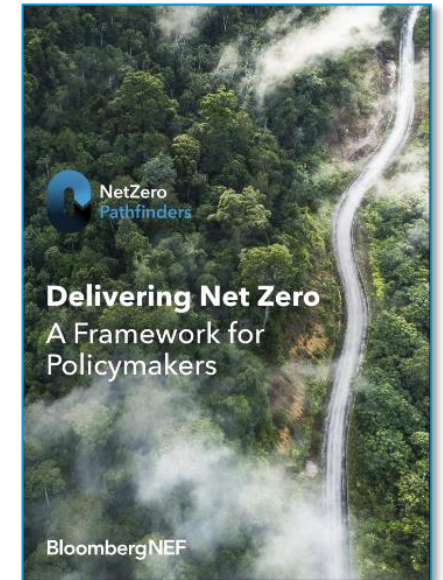
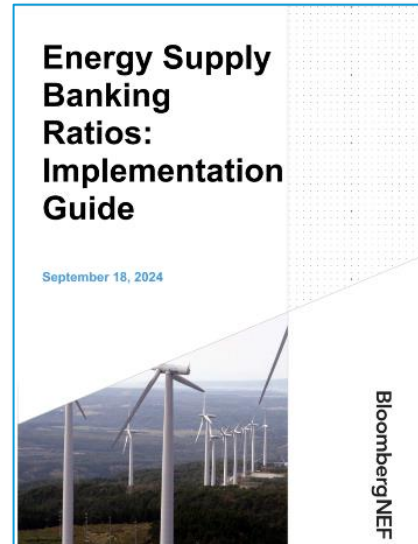
Head of Market Development & Partnerships
BloombergNEF

Bloomberg

New York Climate Week

BloombergNEF

BNEF Public Research for Climate Week NYC



Scan here to access the reports

BNEF Pioneers

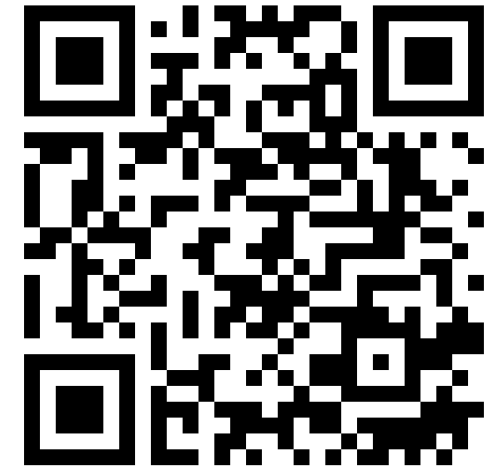
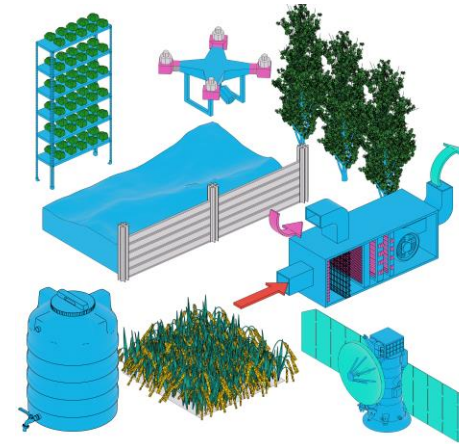
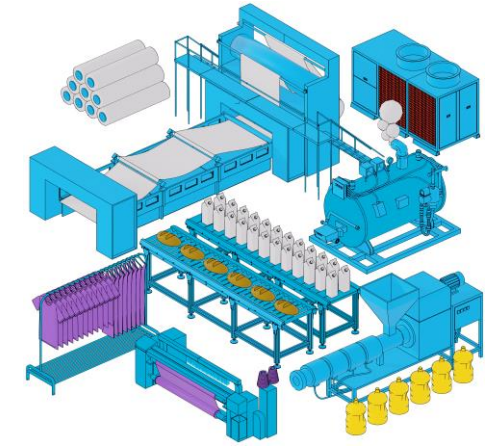
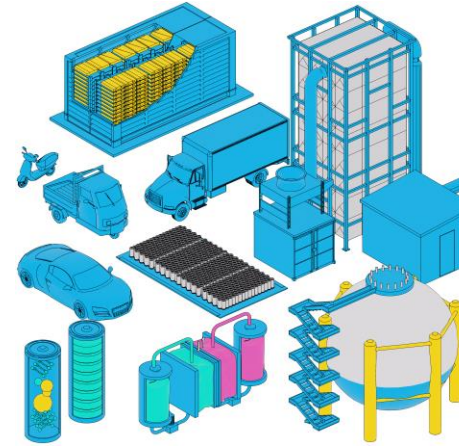
Applications for Pioneers 2025 are open!

Challenge 1: Making light industry more sustainable

Challenge 2: Innovations in energy storage

Challenge 3: Boosting climate adaptation capabilities

Applications will close on November 1, 2024



BNEF Talk: Finding the Investment to Triple Global Renewables



Oliver Metcalfe
Head of Wind Research
BloombergNEF

Bloomberg
New York Climate Week

BloombergNEF

Unlocking Investment to Triple Renewables by 2030

BNEF Global Energy and Industry Event:
Climate Week NYC

Oliver Metcalfe

September 26, 2024



BloombergNEF

DUBAI 2023

Tripling renewables by 2030 – How are we doing?



Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

Source: BloombergNEF

BNEF



BloombergNEF

Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

Source: BloombergNEF

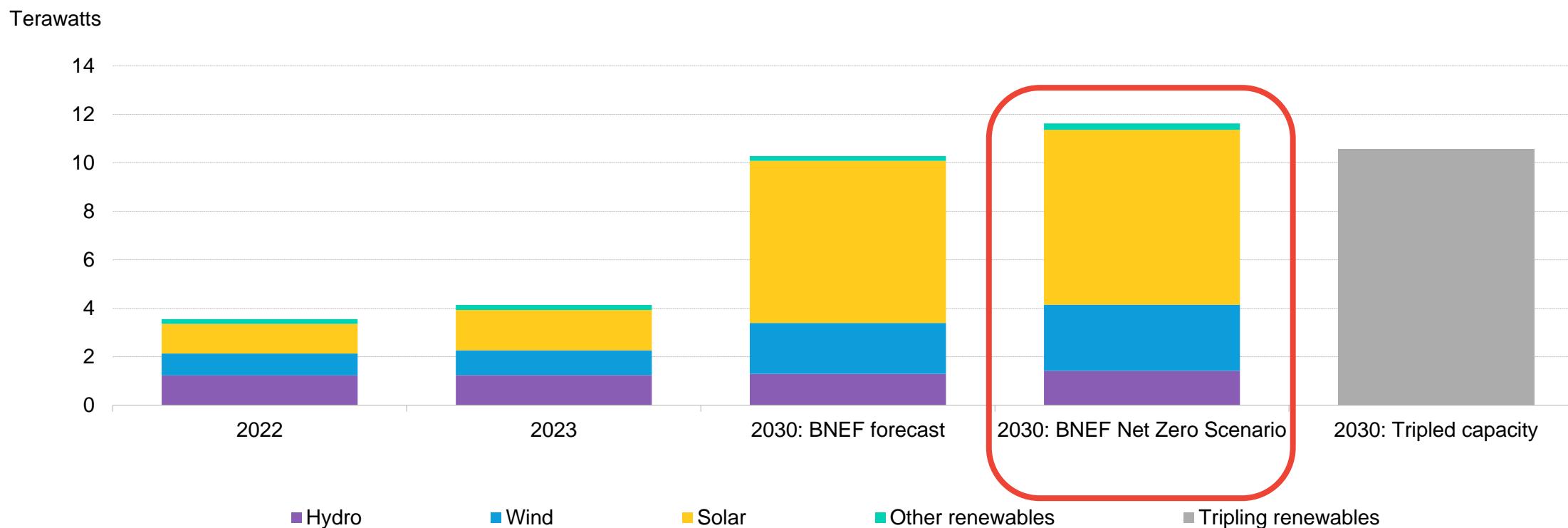
BNEF



BloombergNEF

Tripling renewables will put us on a net-zero pathway

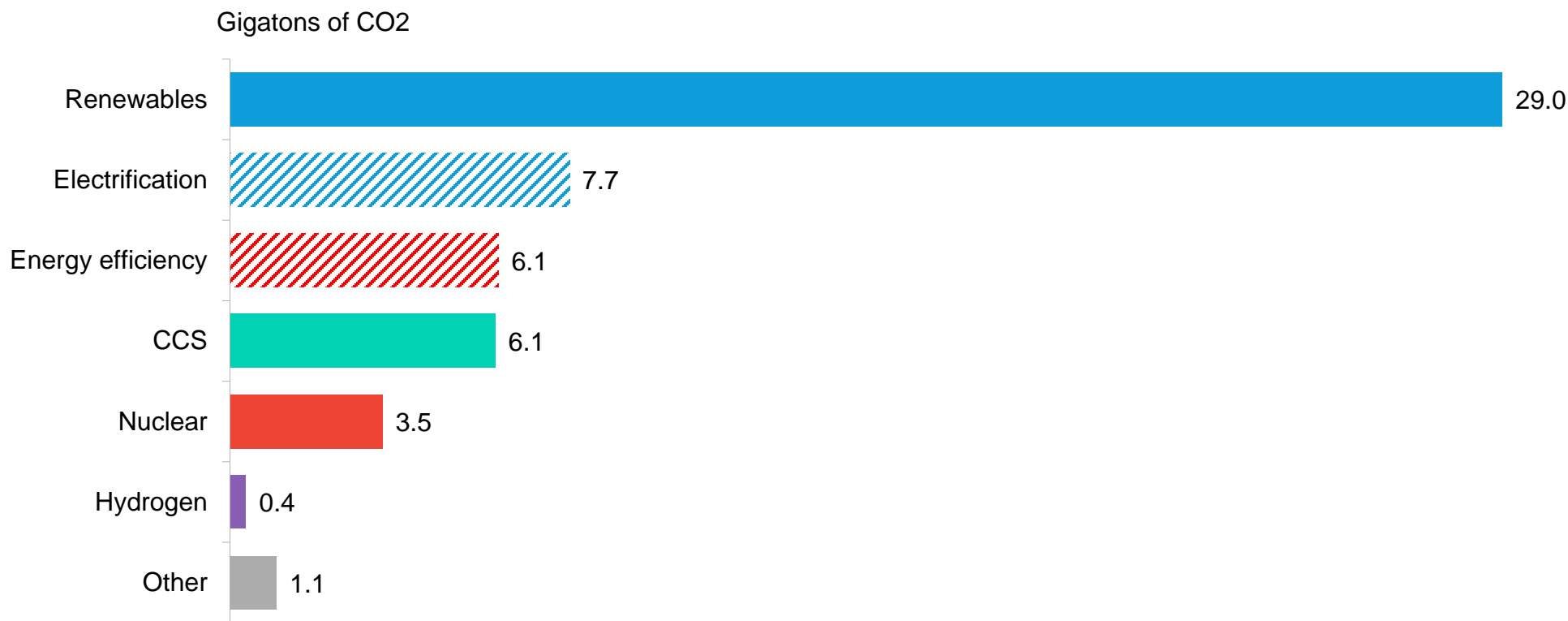
Global installed renewable energy capacity versus BNEF's 2030 forecast and Net Zero Scenario, and tripling renewables target



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 'Other renewables' includes bioenergy, geothermal, solar thermal and marine. 'Tripled capacity' is compared with 2022.

Renewables will make the biggest contribution to cutting 2030 emissions

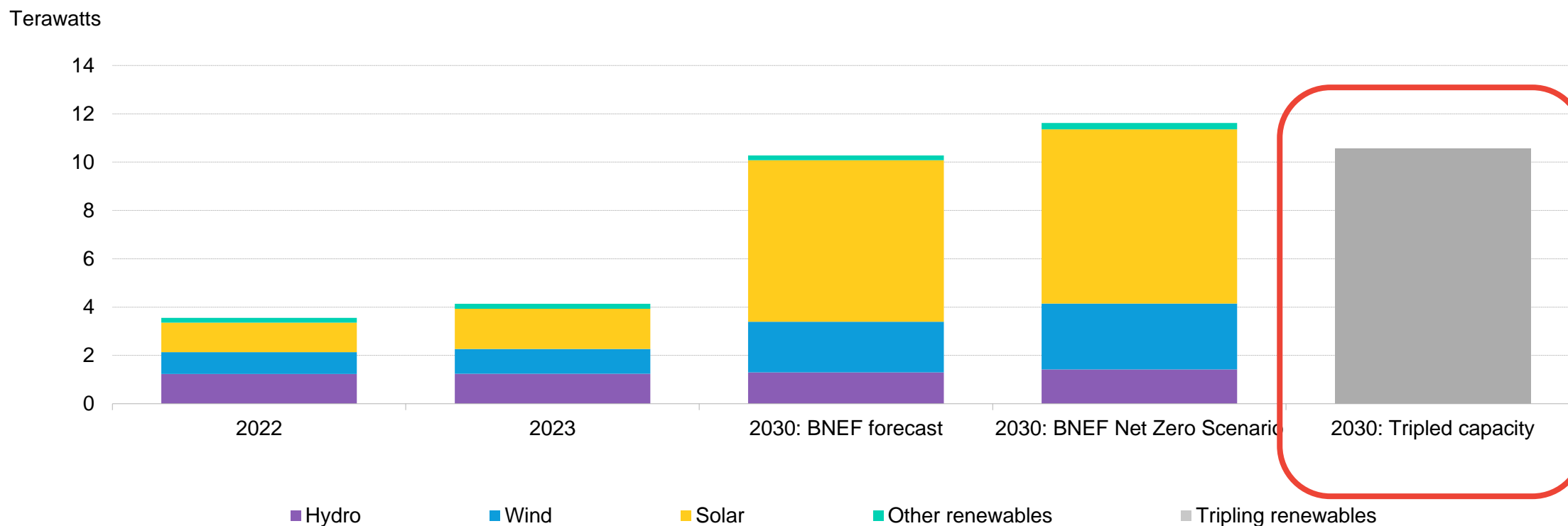
Cumulative emissions reductions in BNEF's Net Zero Scenario across 2024-2030, by measure



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: Reductions from fuel combustion by measure. CCS is carbon capture and storage.

Tripling renewables will put us on a net-zero pathway

Global installed renewable energy capacity versus BNEF's 2030 forecast and Net Zero Scenario, and tripling renewables target



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 'Other renewables' includes bioenergy, geothermal, solar thermal and marine. 'Tripled capacity' is compared with 2022.

Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

Source: BloombergNEF

BNEF



BloombergNEF

Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

We need to accelerate

Source: BloombergNEF

BNEF

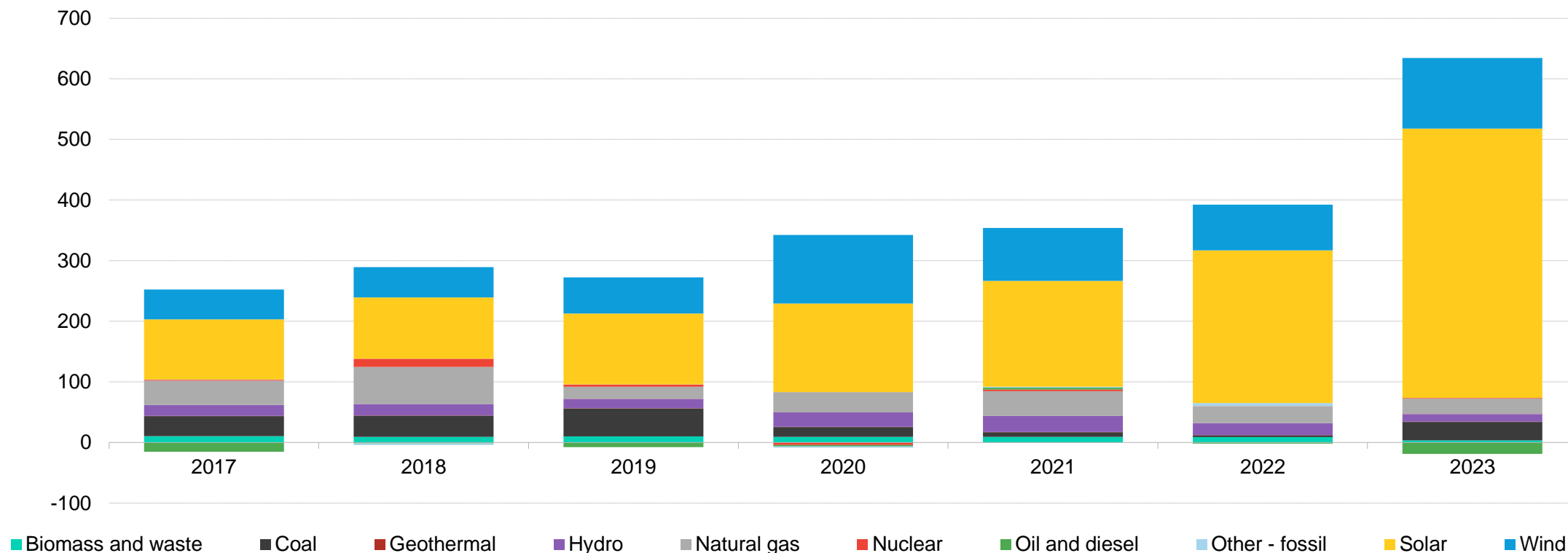


BloombergNEF

The world added 561 gigawatts of wind and solar last year

Global new power generation capacity, by technology

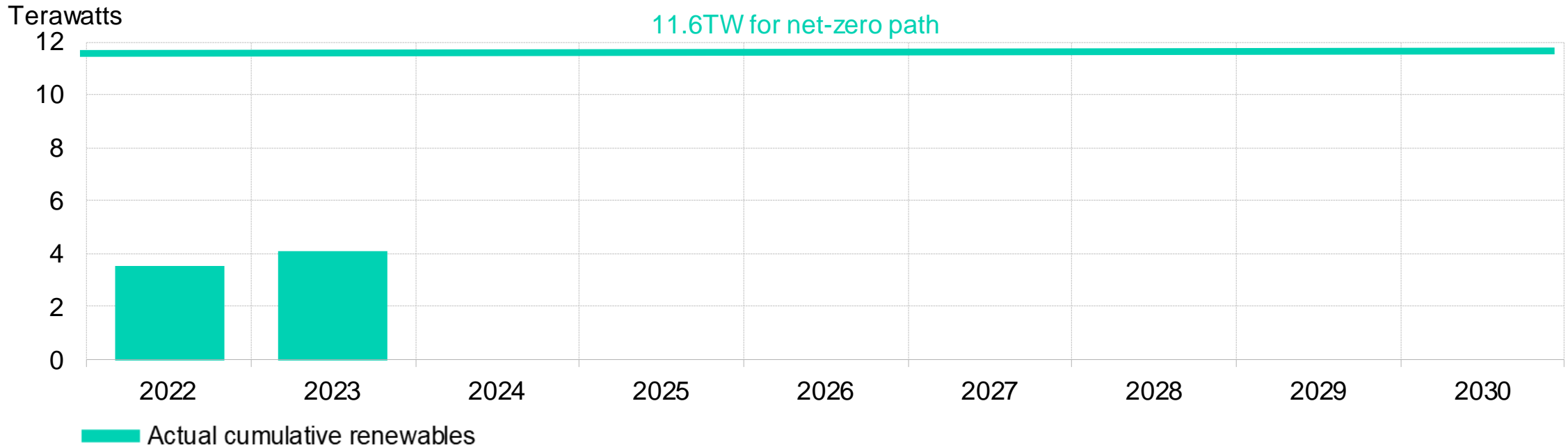
Gigawatts



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 'Other – fossil' accounts for plants that use more than one fuel or fuels other than coal, oil and gas.

Progress has been made, but the pace is still too slow

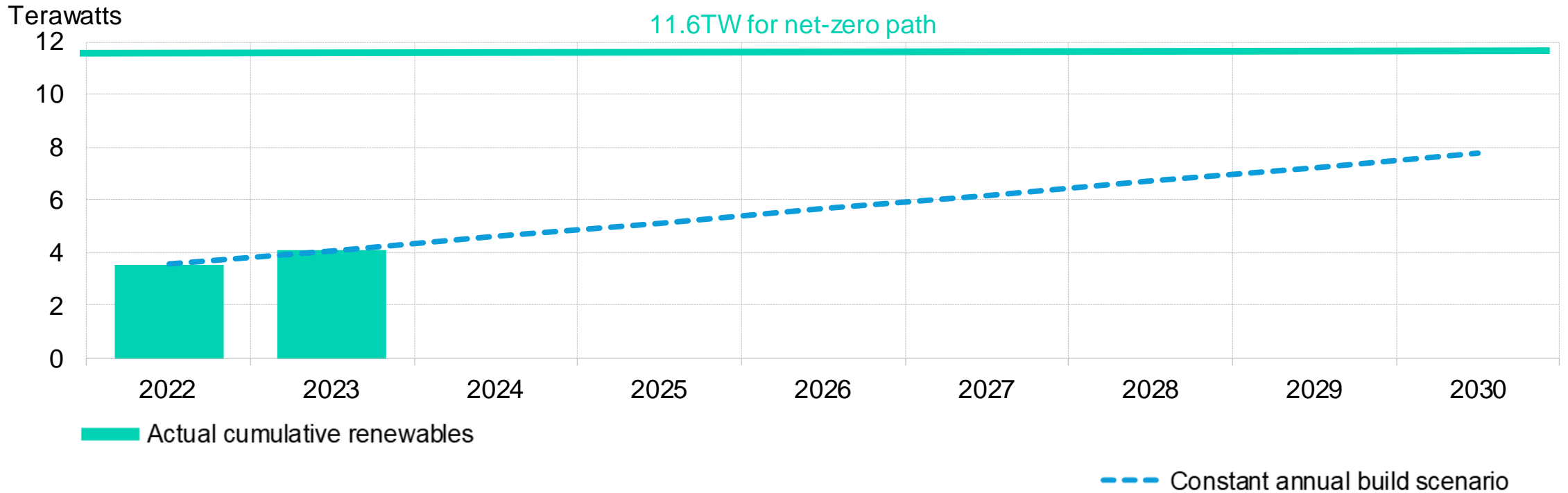
Pathways to reach tripling-renewables target at constant growth rates and forecasts



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 'Constant annual build' shows the result of annual additions holding constant at 2022-23 levels. The 11.6TW line shows the 2030 capacity under BNEF's Net Zero Scenario. BNEF's forecasts for wind and solar are based on detailed country-level analysis of project pipelines, asset financing, renewable energy demand, economics and enabling policies. The forecast for 'other renewables' is based on project pipelines only and is aligned with BNEF's Economic Transition Scenario.

Progress has been made, but the pace is still too slow

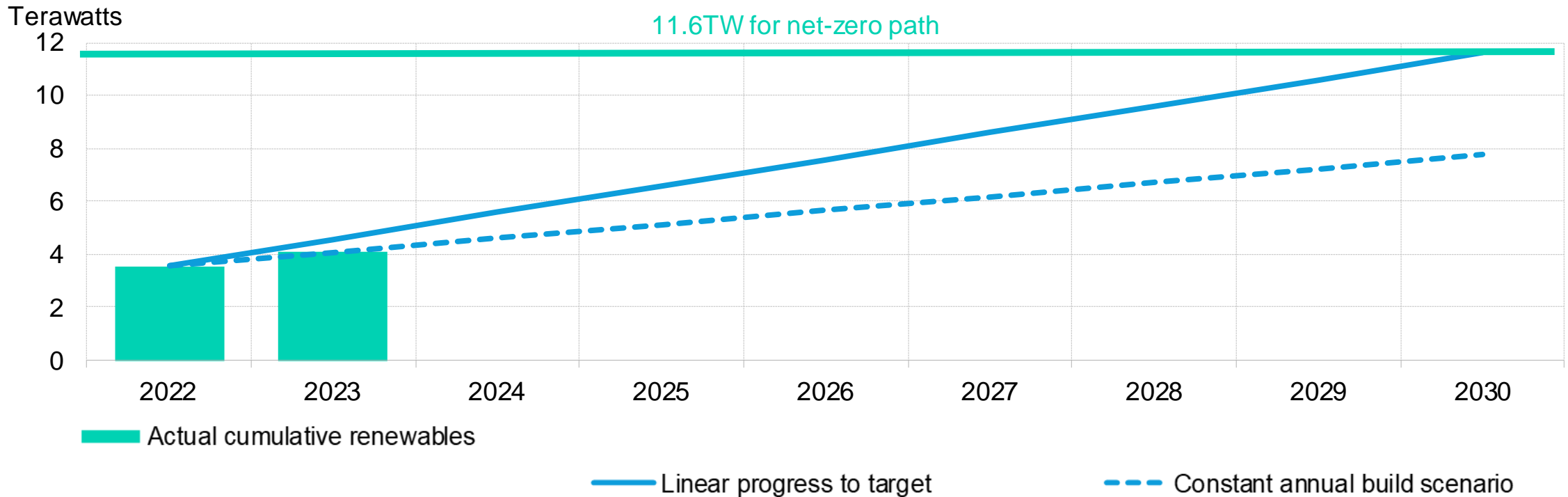
Pathways to reach tripling-renewables target at constant growth rates and forecasts



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 'Constant annual build' shows the result of annual additions holding constant at 2022-23 levels. The 11.6TW line shows the 2030 capacity under BNEF's Net Zero Scenario. BNEF's forecasts for wind and solar are based on detailed country-level analysis of project pipelines, asset financing, renewable energy demand, economics and enabling policies. The forecast for 'other renewables' is based on project pipelines only and is aligned with BNEF's Economic Transition Scenario.

Progress has been made, but the pace is still too slow

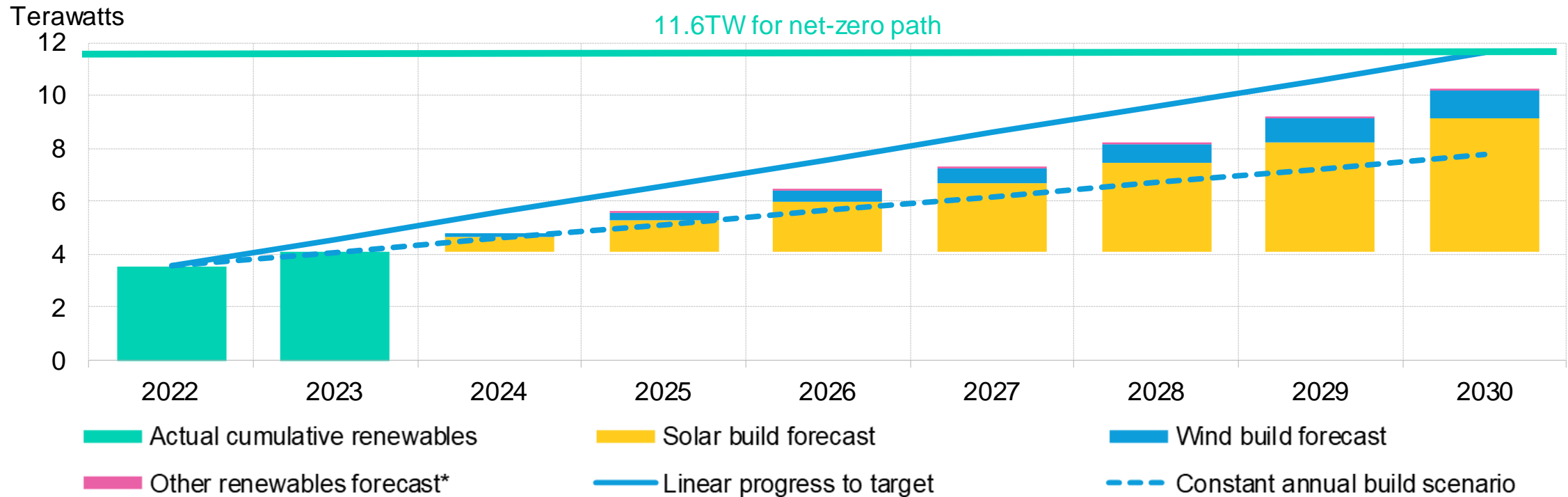
Pathways to reach tripling-renewables target at constant growth rates and forecasts



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 'Constant annual build' shows the result of annual additions holding constant at 2022-23 levels. The 11.6TW line shows the 2030 capacity under BNEF's Net Zero Scenario. BNEF's forecasts for wind and solar are based on detailed country-level analysis of project pipelines, asset financing, renewable energy demand, economics and enabling policies. The forecast for 'other renewables' is based on project pipelines only and is aligned with BNEF's Economic Transition Scenario.

Progress has been made ,but the pace is still too slow

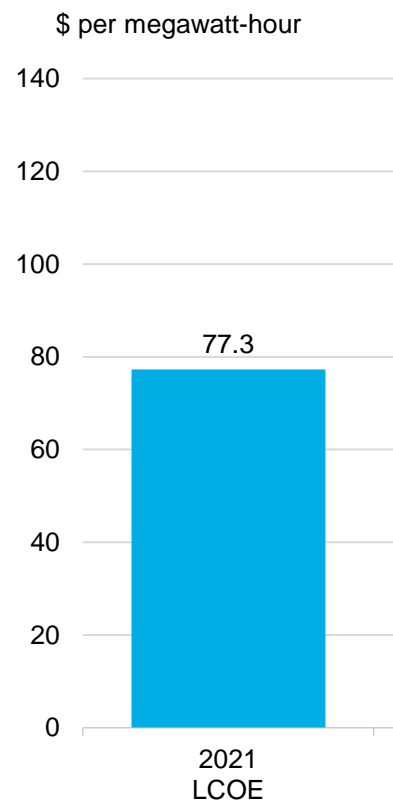
Pathways to reach tripling-renewables target at constant growth rates and forecasts



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 'Constant annual build' shows the result of annual additions holding constant at 2022-23 levels. The 11.6TW line shows the 2030 capacity under BNEF's Net Zero Scenario. BNEF's forecasts for wind and solar are based on detailed country-level analysis of project pipelines, asset financing, renewable energy demand, economics and enabling policies. The forecast for 'other renewables' is based on project pipelines only and is aligned with BNEF's Economic Transition Scenario.

US offshore wind LCOEs increased by over 60% from 2021-24

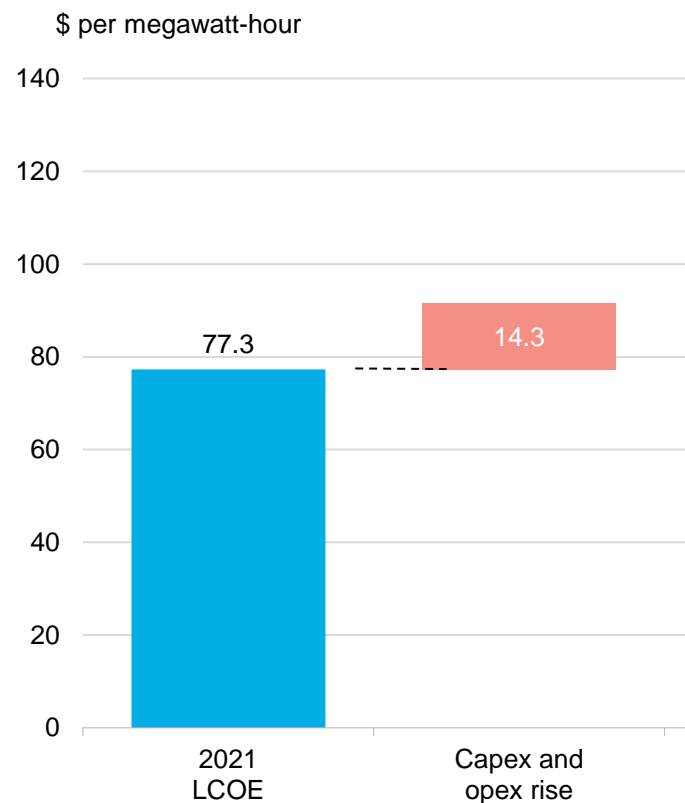
Impact of inflation, interest rates and tax credits on US offshore wind LCOE



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 2021 and 2024 levelized cost of electricity (LCOE) figures assume projects qualify for the 30% investment tax credit (ITC).

US offshore wind LCOEs increased by over 60% from 2021-24

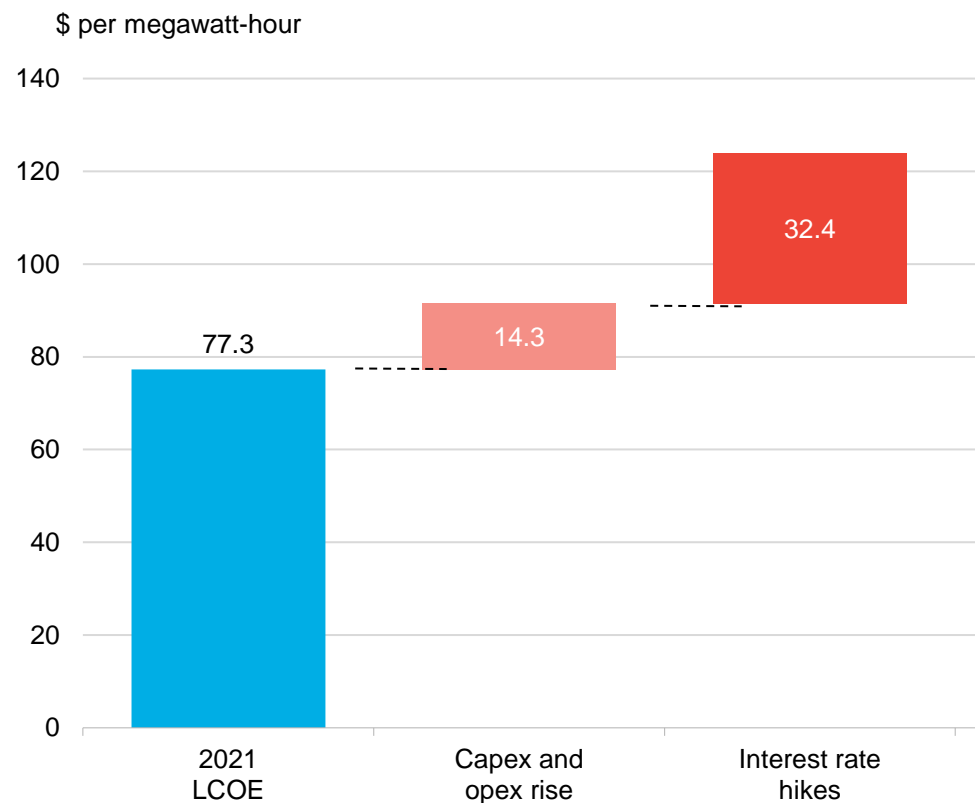
Impact of inflation, interest rates and tax credits on US offshore wind LCOE



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 2021 and 2024 levelized cost of electricity (LCOE) figures assume projects qualify for the 30% investment tax credit (ITC).

US offshore wind LCOEs increased by over 60% from 2021-24

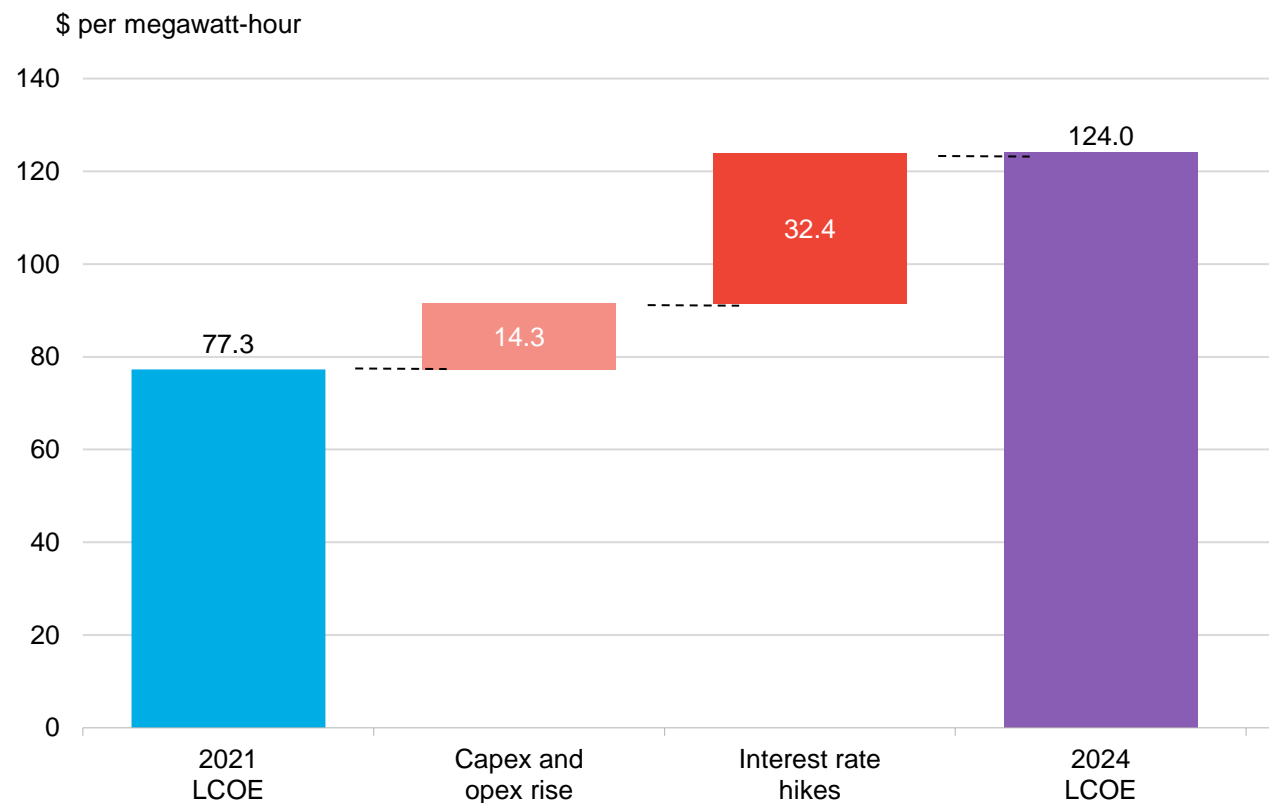
Impact of inflation, interest rates and tax credits on US offshore wind LCOE



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 2021 and 2024 levelized cost of electricity (LCOE) figures assume projects qualify for the 30% investment tax credit (ITC).

US offshore wind LCOEs increased by over 60% from 2021-24

Impact of inflation, interest rates and tax credits on US offshore wind LCOE

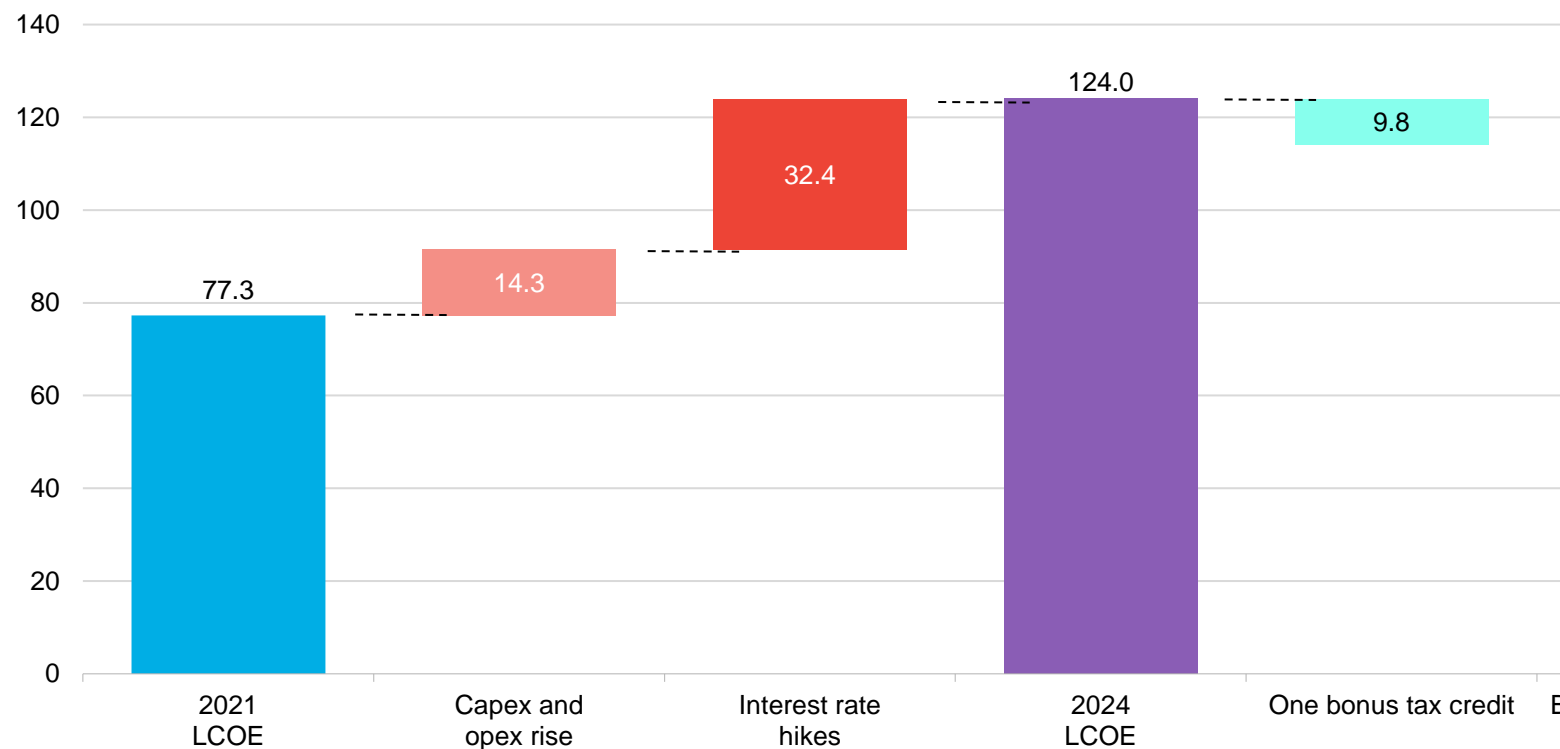


Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 2021 and 2024 levelized cost of electricity (LCOE) figures assume projects qualify for the 30% investment tax credit (ITC).

Access to bonus federal tax credits only partially offsets price increase

Impact of inflation, interest rates and tax credits on US offshore wind LCOE

\$ per megawatt-hour

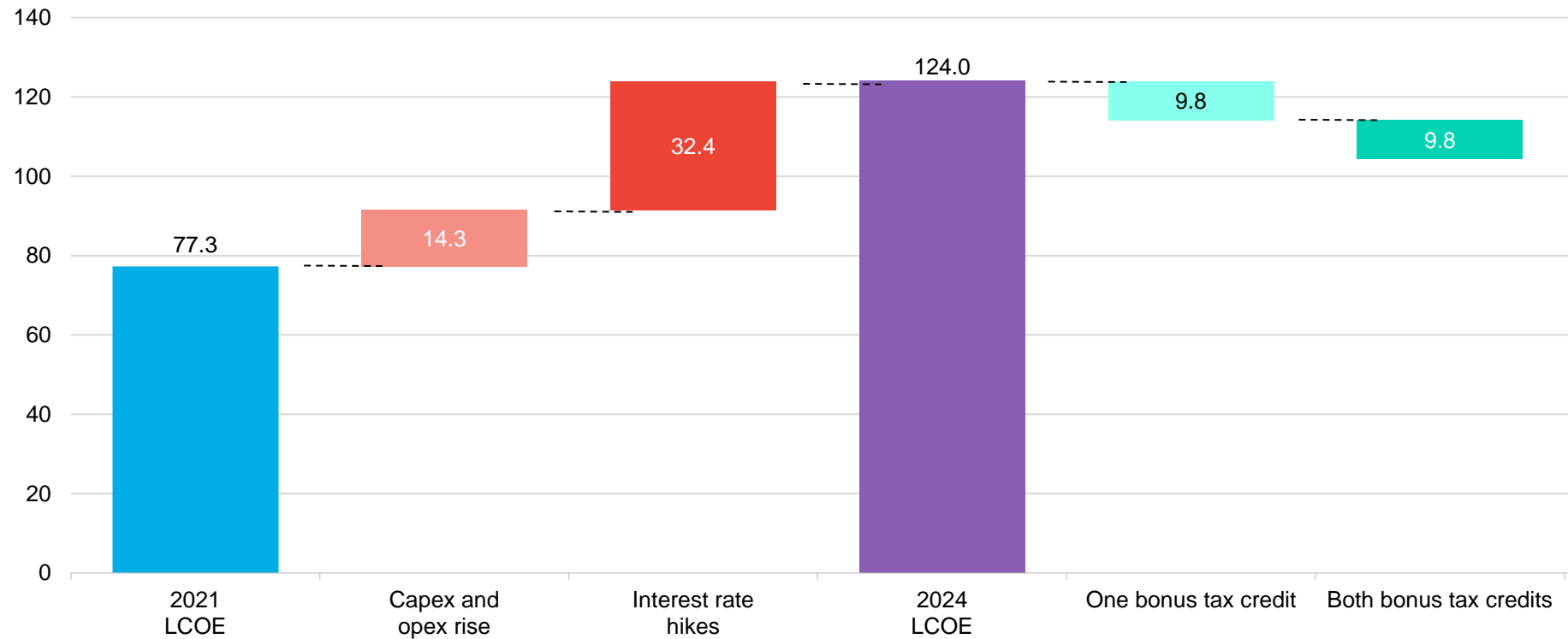


Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 2021 and 2024 levelized cost of electricity (LCOE) figures assume projects qualify for the 30% investment tax credit (ITC).

Access to bonus federal tax credits only partially offsets price increase

Impact of inflation, interest rates and tax credits on US offshore wind LCOE

\$ per megawatt-hour

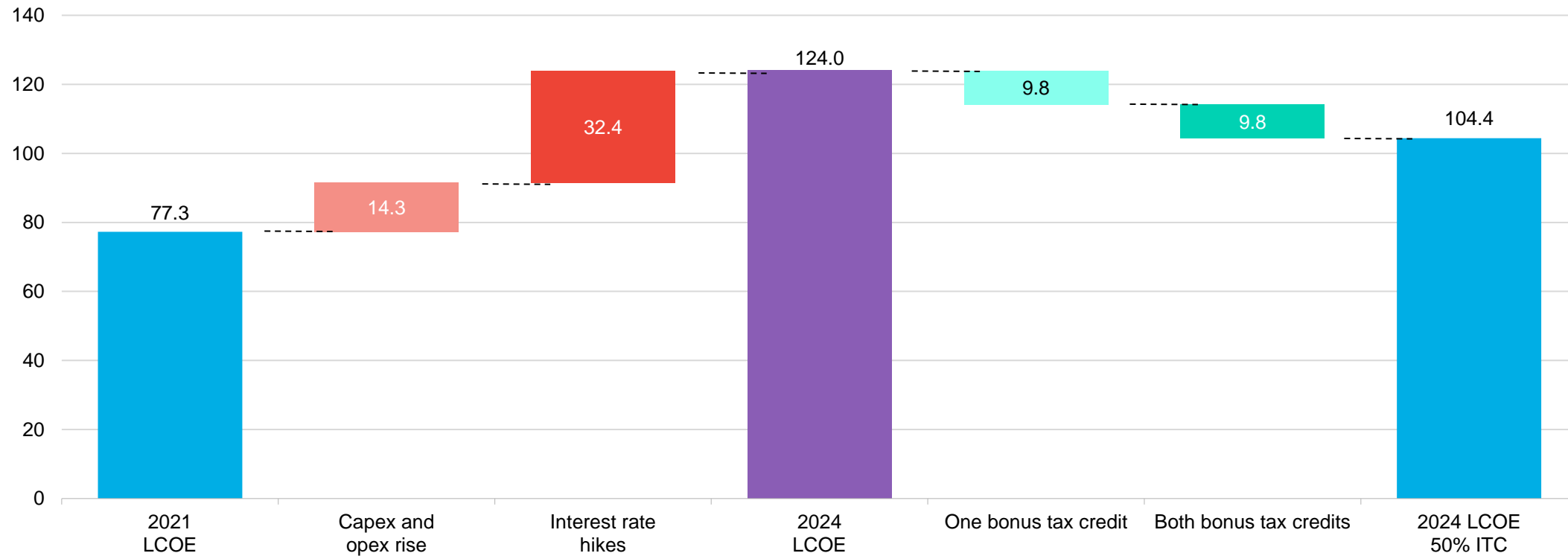


Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 2021 and 2024 levelized cost of electricity (LCOE) figures assume projects qualify for the 30% investment tax credit (ITC).

Access to bonus federal tax credits only partially offsets price increase

Impact of inflation, interest rates and tax credits on US offshore wind LCOE

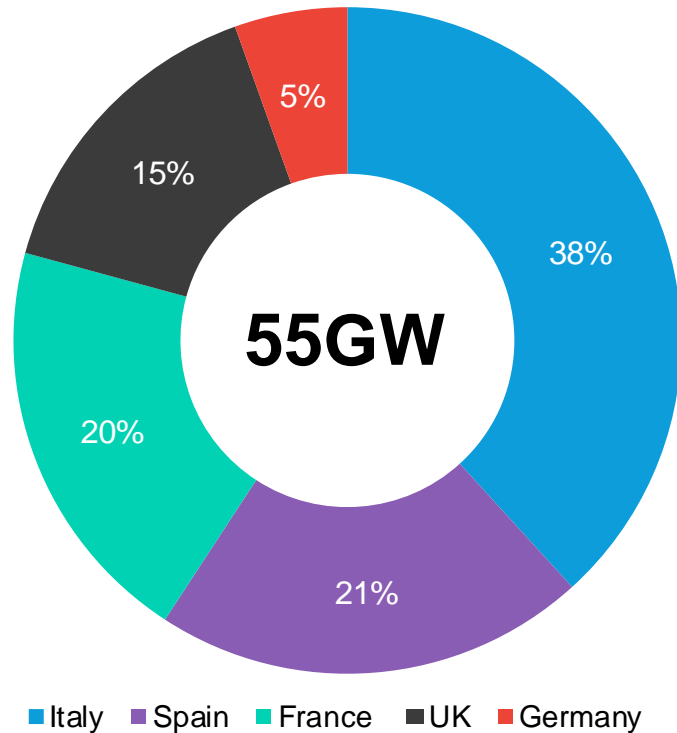
\$ per megawatt-hour



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 2021 and 2024 levelized cost of electricity (LCOE) figures assume projects qualify for the 30% investment tax credit (ITC).

Grid and permitting constraints hit wind harder than solar

Onshore wind permitting pipeline across five major markets in Europe



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: GW stands for gigawatts.

Typical number of years of queuing for grid permit, by market

Country	Years
UK	5-7
Spain	3
Italy	5
France	3
Germany	1-2
US	2-4

Source: BloombergNEF, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, National Grid, Northern Powergrid, SSE Networks, Scottish Power Energy Networks, UK Power Networks, Terna, Red Electrica, French Ministry of Ecological Transition.

Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

We need to accelerate

Source: BloombergNEF

BNEF



BloombergNEF

Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

We need to accelerate

Getting investment on track

Source: BloombergNEF

BNEF

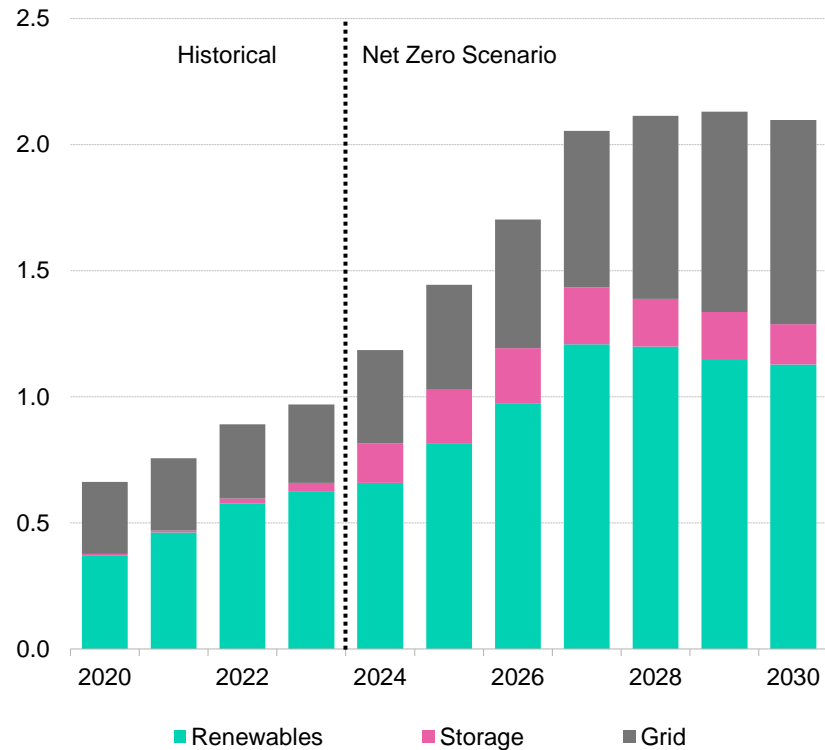


BloombergNEF

Energy investment needs to ramp up, particularly for storage and grid

Outlook for energy investment in BNEF's Net Zero Scenario

\$ trillion (2023)



Source: BloombergNEF

Renewables
Annual investment
required 2024-2030:
\$1 trillion

Grid
Annual investment
required 2024-2030:
\$607 billion

Storage
Annual investment
required 2024-2030:
\$193 billion

Five ways to boost clean energy investment



Increased access
(Cut fossil-fuel subsidies,
ease generation
licensing, encourage
market participation)



Source: BloombergNEF

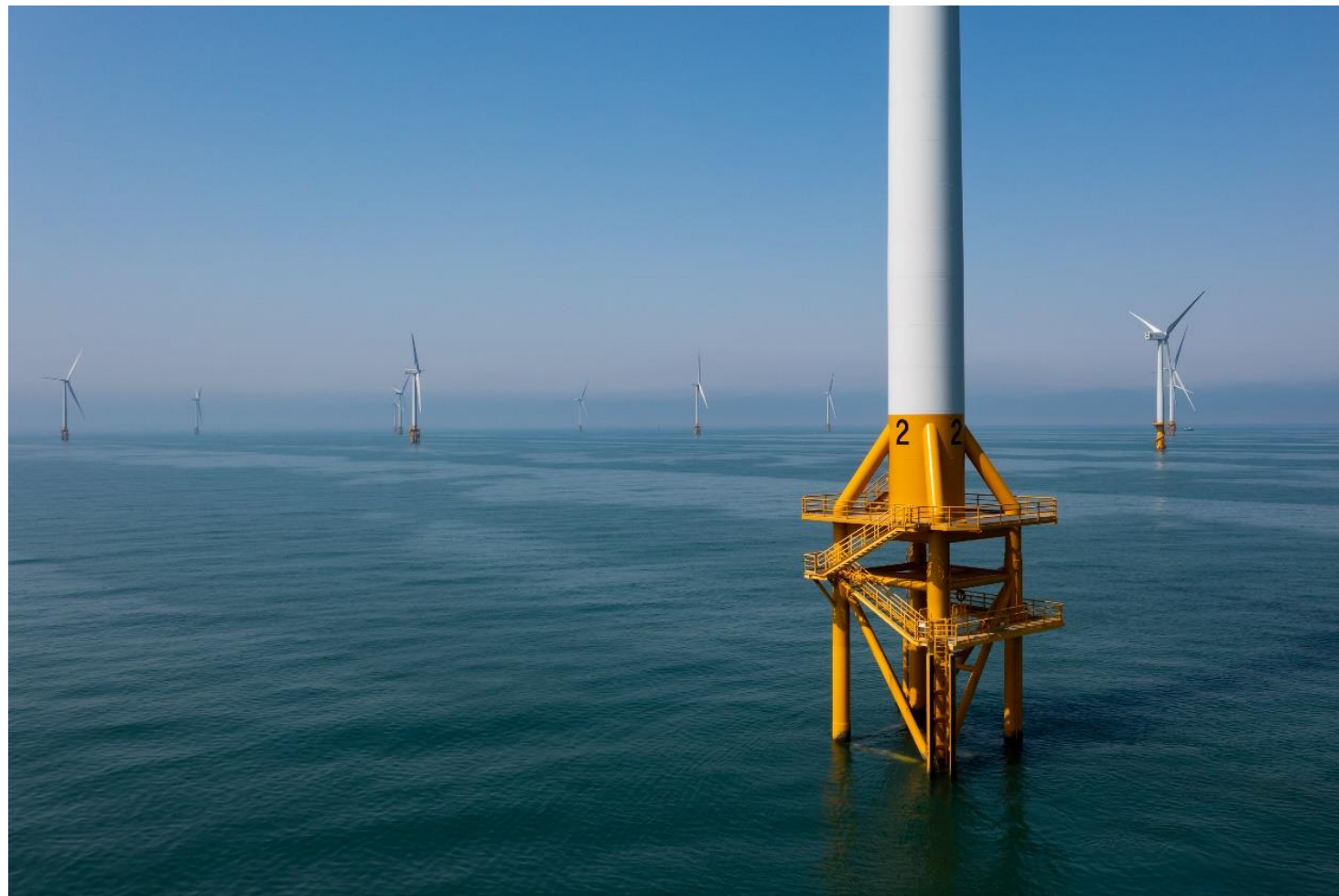
Five ways to boost clean energy investment



Increased access
(Cut fossil-fuel subsidies, ease generation licensing, encourage market participation)



Auctions and offtakes
(Trustworthy offtakes, de-risking projects, diverse technologies)



Source: BloombergNEF

Five ways to boost clean energy investment



Increased access
(Cut fossil-fuel subsidies, ease generation licensing, encourage market participation)



Auctions and offtakes
(Trustworthy offtakes, de-risking projects, diverse technologies)



Grids and infrastructure
(Expanding grid capacity, regional interconnectors, managing grid queues)



Source: BloombergNEF

Five ways to boost clean energy investment



Increased access
(Cut fossil-fuel subsidies, ease generation licensing, encourage market participation)



Auctions and offtakes
(Trustworthy offtakes, de-risking projects, diverse technologies)



Grids and infrastructure
(Expanding grid capacity, regional interconnectors, managing grid queues)



Permitting and land
(Clarifying appeals, data sharing, staffing of municipal offices)



Source: BloombergNEF

Five ways to boost clean energy investment



Increased access
(Cut fossil-fuel subsidies, ease generation licensing, encourage market participation)



Auctions and offtakes
(Trustworthy offtakes, de-risking projects, diverse technologies)



Grids and infrastructure
(Expanding grid capacity, regional interconnectors, managing grid queues)



Permitting and land
(Clarifying appeals, data sharing, staffing of municipal offices)



Power market design
(Long-term targets, competitive price signals for capacity and dispatch)

Source: BloombergNEF

Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

We need to accelerate

Getting investment on track

Source: BloombergNEF

BNEF



BloombergNEF

Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

We need to accelerate

Getting investment on track

Leaders and laggards

Source: BloombergNEF






BNEF



BloombergNEF

Different regions, different challenges

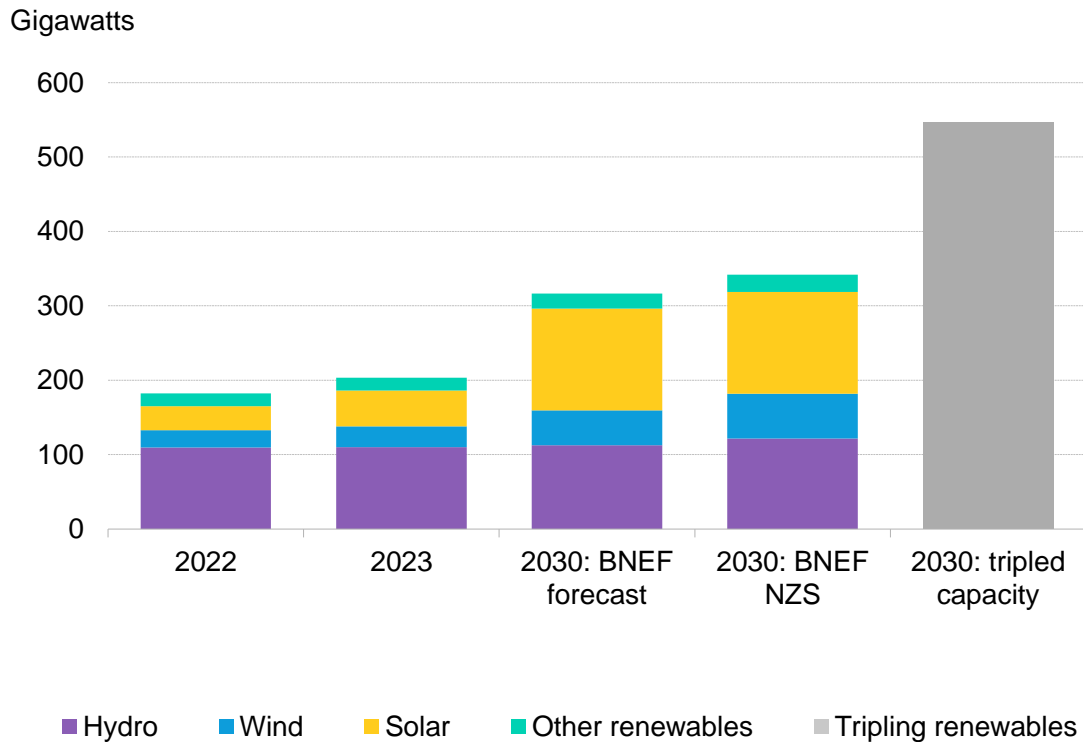
Key challenges for scaling investment in renewables, by market

Region	Market	Key challenges for scaling investment				
		 Increased access	 Power market design	 Permitting and land	 Grids and infrastructure	 Auctions and offtakes
Americas	Brazil	Gray	Yellow	Red	Yellow	Red
	US	Gray	Gray	Red	Red	Gray
Europe, Middle East and Africa	Europe	Gray	Yellow	Red	Red	Yellow
	Middle East, North Africa and Turkey	Red	Red	Yellow	Yellow	Gray
	Sub-Saharan Africa	Red	Red	Yellow	Red	Yellow
Asia Pacific	India	Gray	Yellow	Gray	Red	Red
	Indonesia	Red	Red	Gray	Gray	Red
	Japan	Gray	Yellow	Red	Red	Yellow
	China	Gray	Gray	Yellow	Gray	Yellow

Source: BloombergNEF. Note: Qualitative assessment undertaken by BNEF. **Red** shading indicates issues of most importance to that region. **Yellow** indicates the region has some challenges of this sort. **Gray** indicates these are issues that are not what is currently deterring investment in the region.

Brazil – Vast hydro resources put Brazil on track

Brazil renewables capacity – 2022-23 versus BNEF’s 2030 forecast and NZS



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: NZS is Net Zero Scenario.

Key challenges

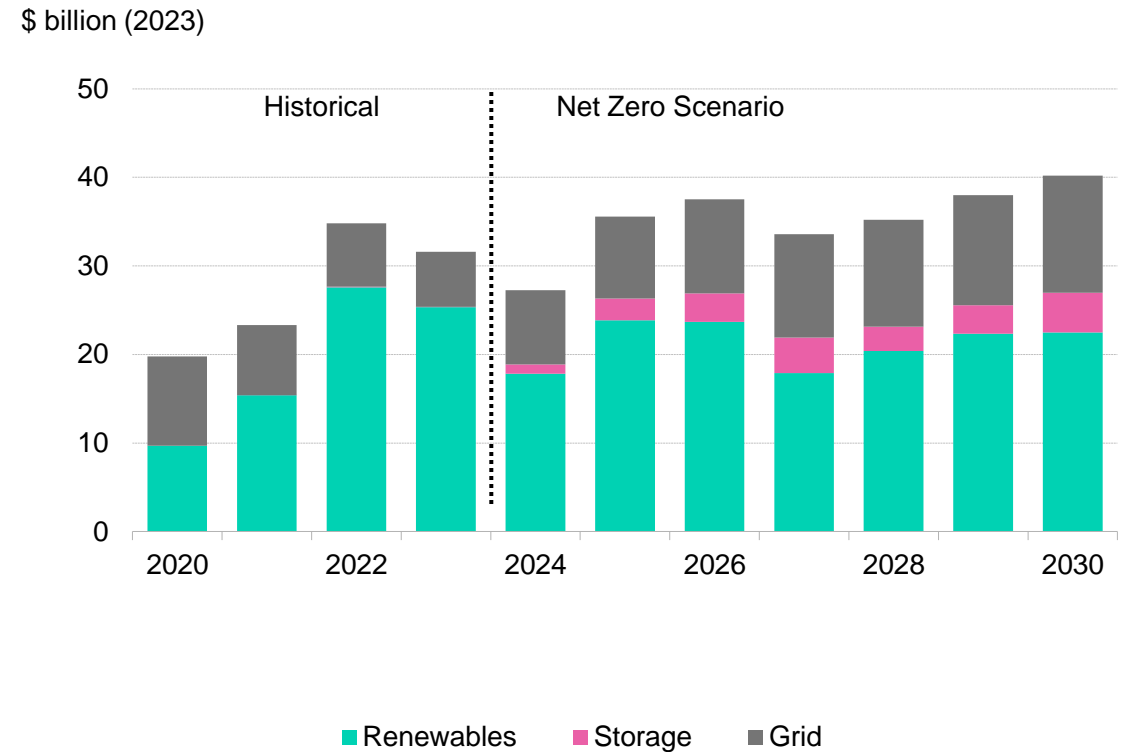


Grids and infrastructure
(Expanding grid capacity, regional interconnectors, managing grid queues)



Power market design
(Long-term targets, competitive price signals for capacity and dispatch)



Brazil clean energy and grid investment – historical and Net Zero Scenario



Source: BloombergNEF

US – Non-economic factors holding back required growth

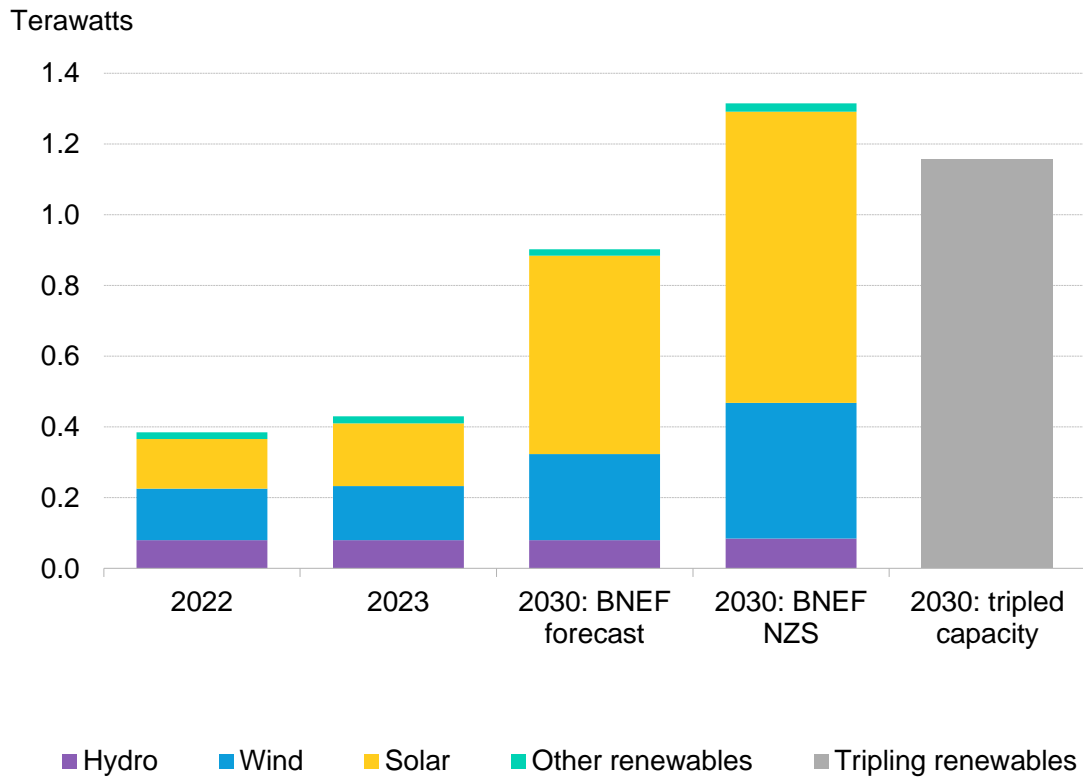
Key challenges

Grids and infrastructure
(Expanding grid capacity, regional interconnectors, managing grid queues)

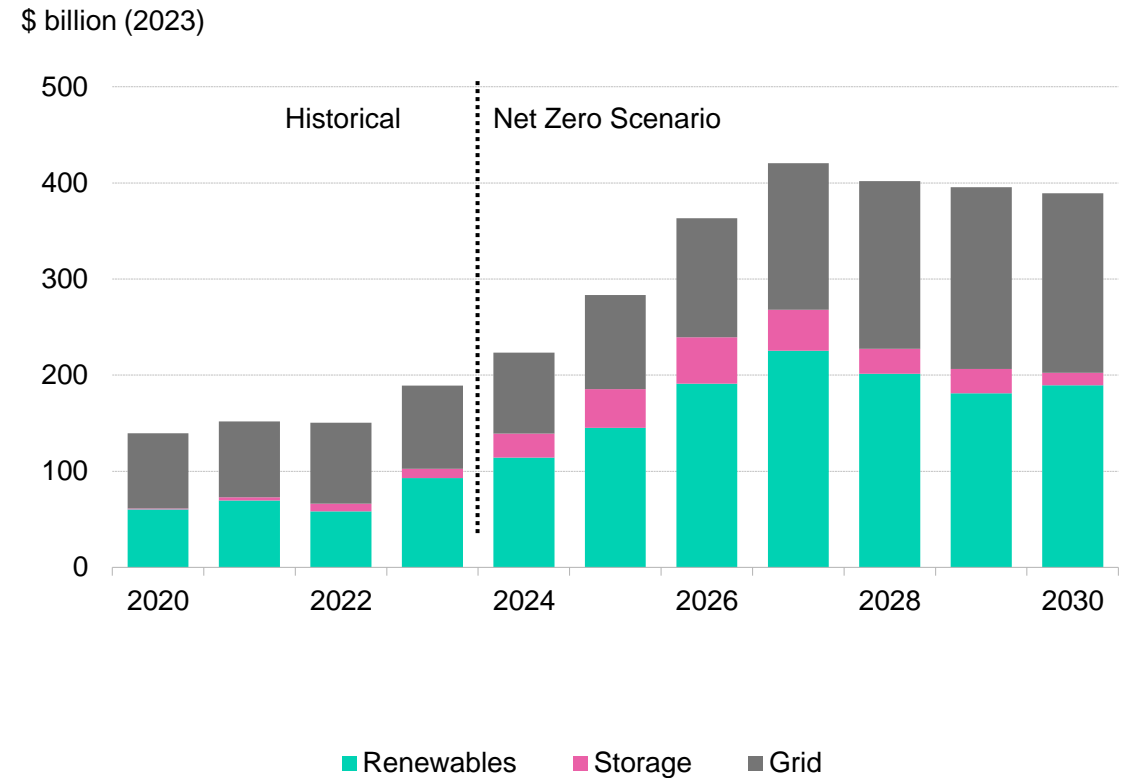
Permitting and land
(Clarifying appeals, data sharing, staffing of municipal offices)

US renewables capacity – 2022-23 versus BNEF’s 2030 forecast and NZS



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: NZS is Net Zero Scenario.

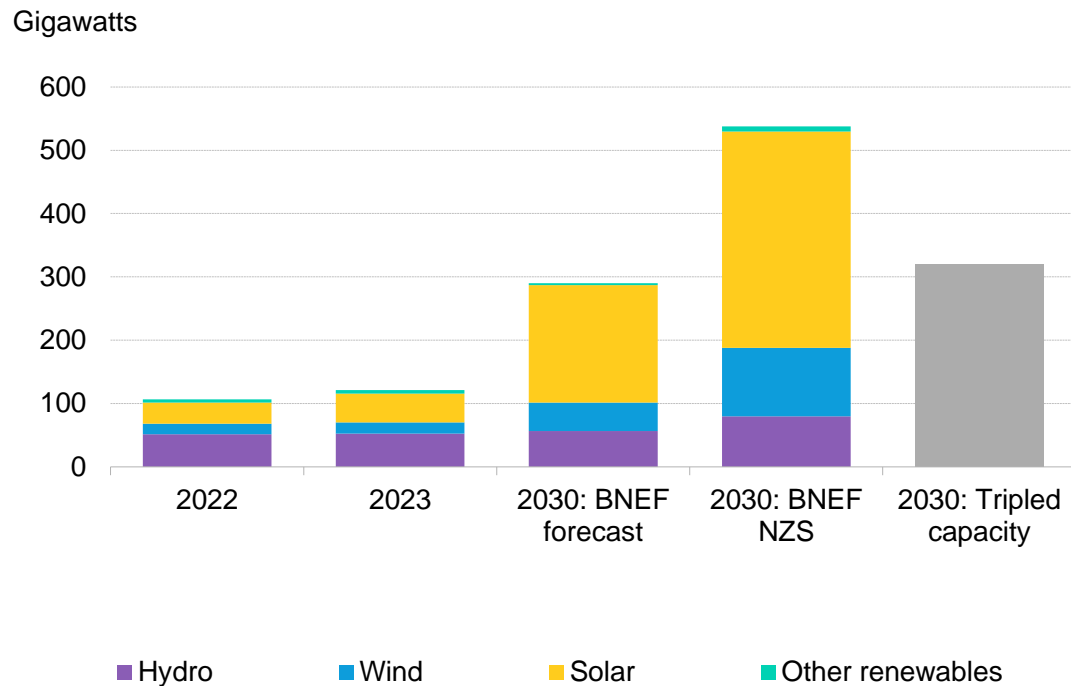
US clean energy and grid investment – historical and Net Zero Scenario



Source: BloombergNEF

Middle East and North Africa – On track for tripling, but that’s still not enough

MENAT renewables capacity – 2022-23 versus BNEF’s 2030 forecast and NZS



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: NZS is Net Zero Scenario. MENAT is Middle East, North Africa and Turkey.

Key challenges

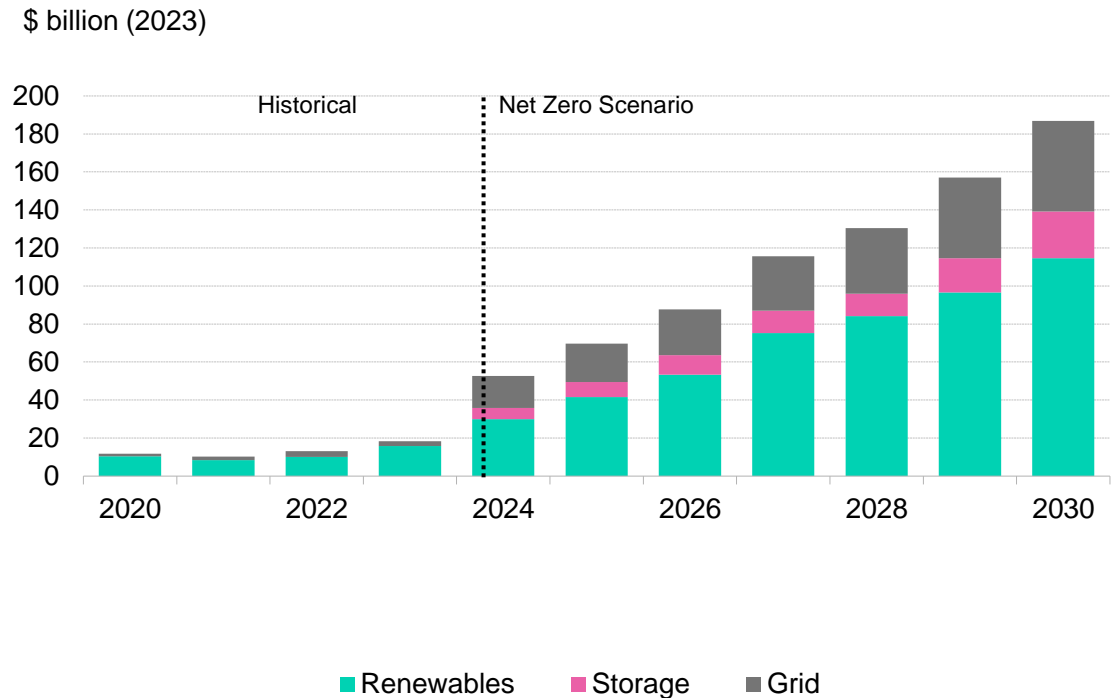


Increased access
 (Cut fossil-fuel subsidies, ease generation licensing, encourage market participation)



Auctions and offtakes
 (Trustworthy offtakes, de-risking projects, diverse technologies)

MENAT clean energy and grid investment – historical and Net Zero Scenario



Source: BloombergNEF

Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

We need to accelerate

Getting investment on track

Leaders and laggards

Source: BloombergNEF



Unlocking investment to triple renewables by 2030

It's the right goal

We need to accelerate

Getting investment on track

Leaders and laggards

Ramping up now will pay off later

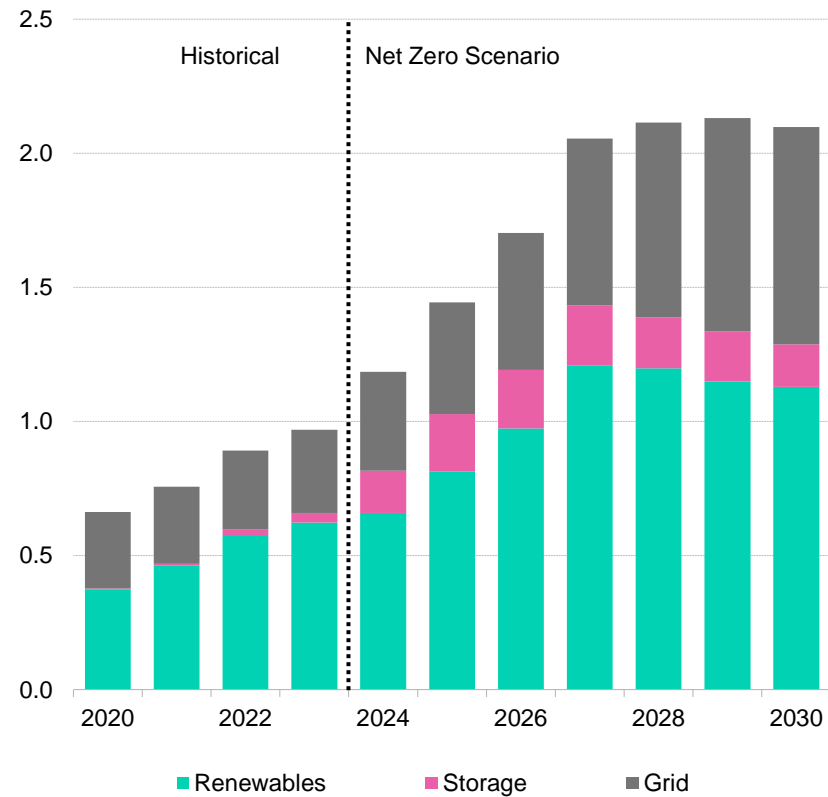
Source: BloombergNEF



Scaling investment to 2030 is hard *but achievable*

Outlook for energy investment in BNEF's Net Zero Scenario

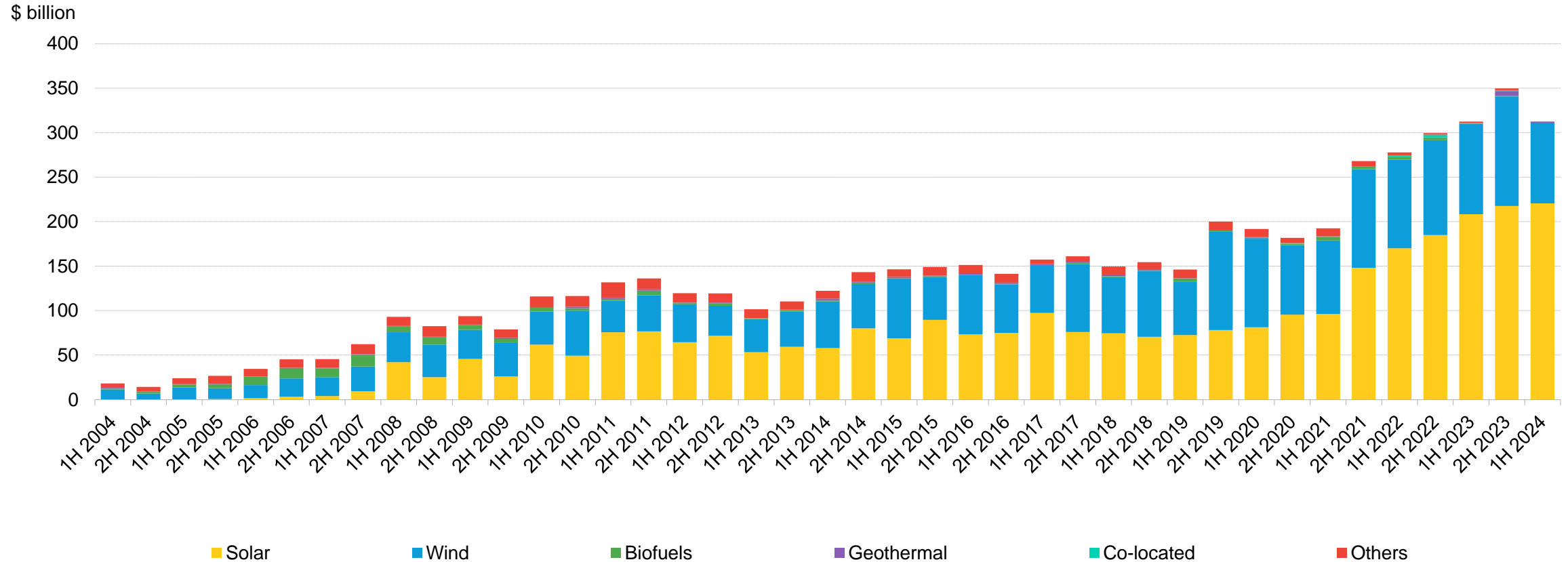
\$ trillion (2023)



Source: BloombergNEF

Early signs for 2024 look steady

Global bi-annual investment in renewable energy

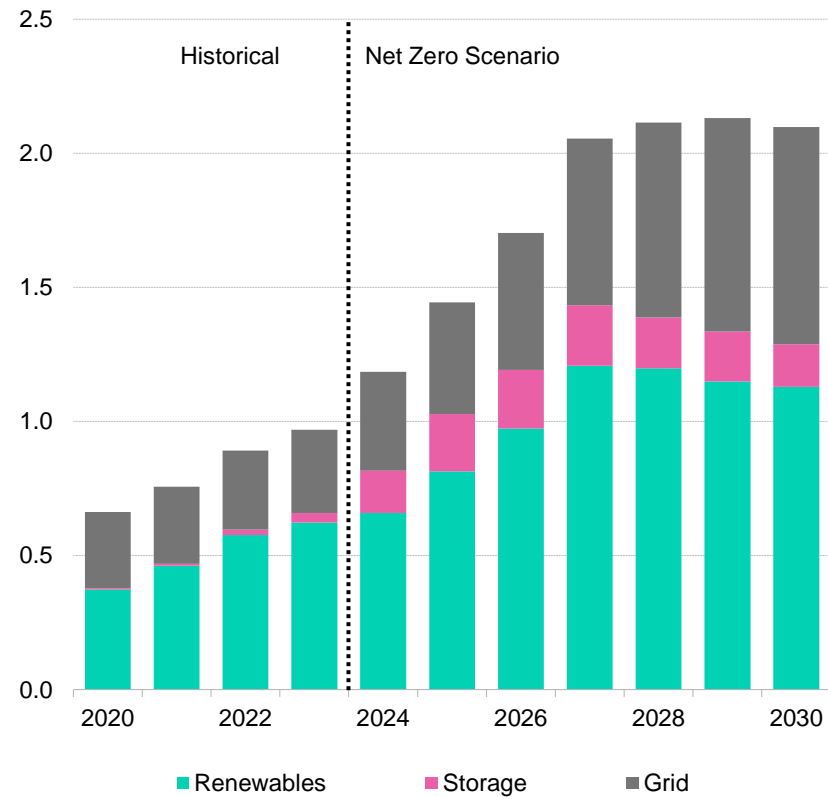


Source: BloombergNEF. Note: 'Others' includes biomass and waste, small hydro and marine.

If we can unlock the investment growth required this decade...

Outlook for energy investment in BNEF's Net Zero Scenario

\$ trillion (2023)

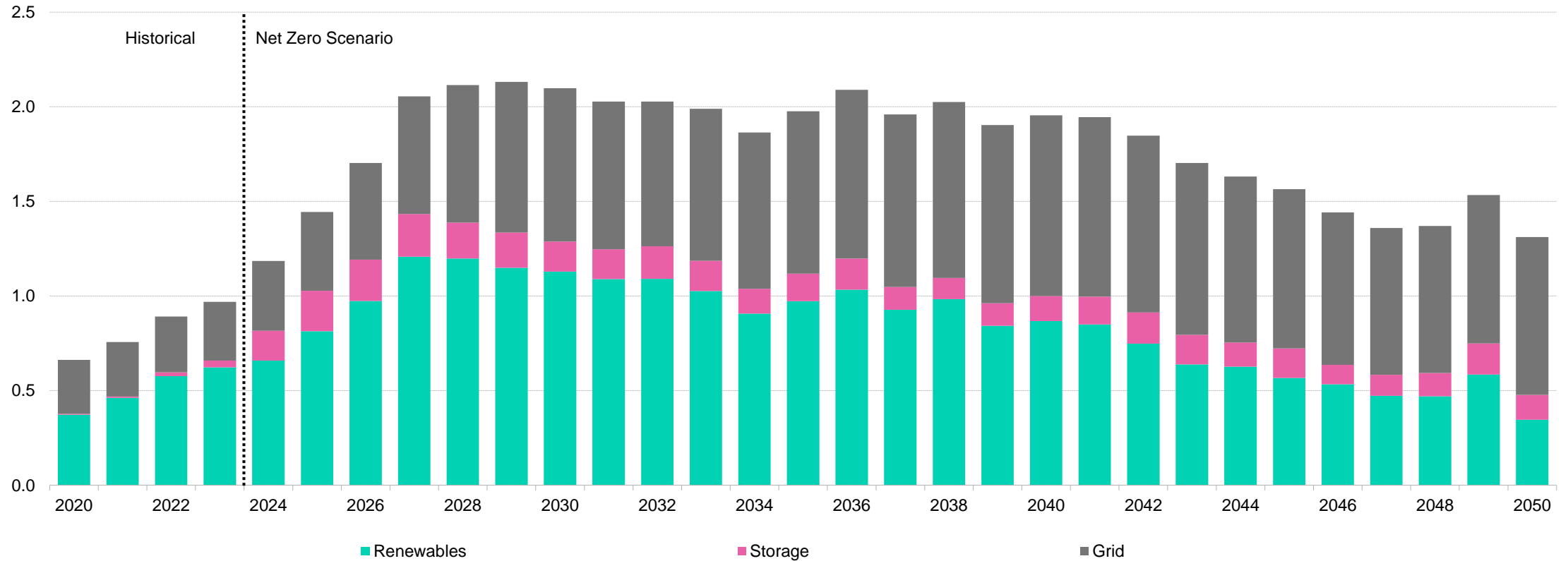


Source: BloombergNEF

...the challenge gets easier

Outlook for energy investment in BNEF's Net Zero Scenario

\$ trillion (2023)



Source: BloombergNEF

Panel Discussion: Tripling Renewables Deployment at Speed and Scale



Thomas Rowlands-Rees
Global Head of Power
BloombergNEF



Caroline Choi
Senior Vice President,
Corporate Affairs & Public
Policy
Edison International and
Southern California Edison



Doreen Harris
President & Chief Executive
Officer
New York State Energy
Research and Development
Authority



Cam Hosie
Senior Vice President of New
Energy
SLB

BNEF Talk: Zero Emission Vehicles Report launch



Colin McKerracher
Head of Clean Transport
BloombergNEF

Bloomberg
New York Climate Week

BloombergNEF

Zero-Emission Commercial Vehicles **The Time Is Now**

A factbook for investors

September 2024



Smart Freight
Centre

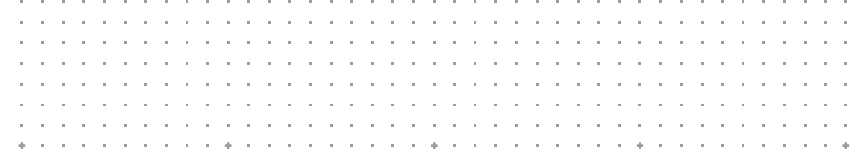


Ministry of Infrastructure
and Water Management
of the Netherlands

BloombergNEF



EV adoption has spread to all areas of road transport



Two-wheelers



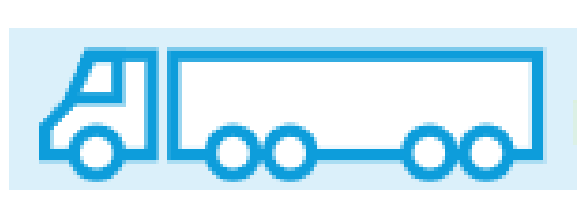
Buses



Passenger cars



Light commercial vehicles



Medium/heavy commercial vehicles

EV share of sales

43%

35%

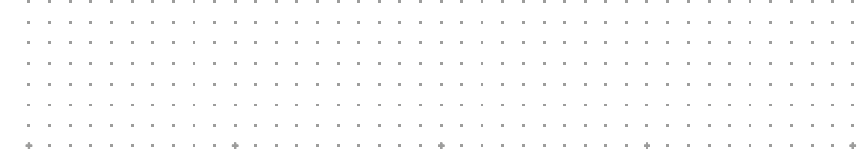
20%

8%

2%

Source: BloombergNEF. All data for 2024 from Long-Term Electric Vehicle Outlook 2024; includes battery electric and plug-in hybrid vehicles; includes estimates for some countries; buses include municipal buses, and municipal and non-municipal buses in China; * includes 8,500 fuel cell buses, ** includes 9,500 fuel cell trucks.

EV adoption has spread to all areas of road transport



Two-wheelers



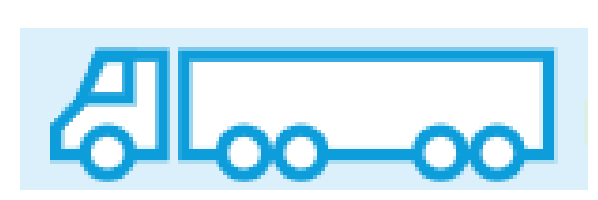
Buses



Passenger cars



Light commercial vehicles



Medium/heavy commercial vehicles

EV share of sales

43%

35%

20%

8%

2%

EV share of fleet

21%

23%

4%

1%

0.2%

EV size of fleet

234,000,000

792,000*

57,300,000

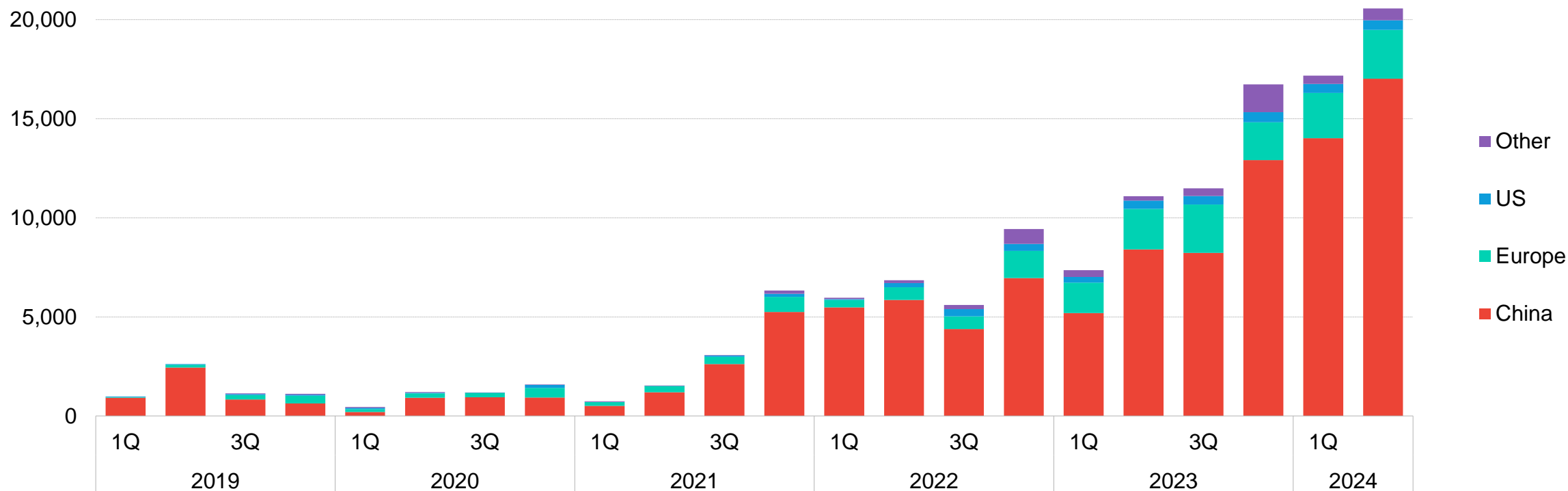
2,300,000

203,000**

Source: BloombergNEF. All data for 2024 from Long-Term Electric Vehicle Outlook 2024; includes battery electric and plug-in hybrid vehicles; includes estimates for some countries; buses include municipal buses, and municipal and non-municipal buses in China; * includes 8,500 fuel cell buses, ** includes 9,500 fuel cell trucks.

Low- and zero-emission commercial vehicle sales are growing, but the vast majority are in China

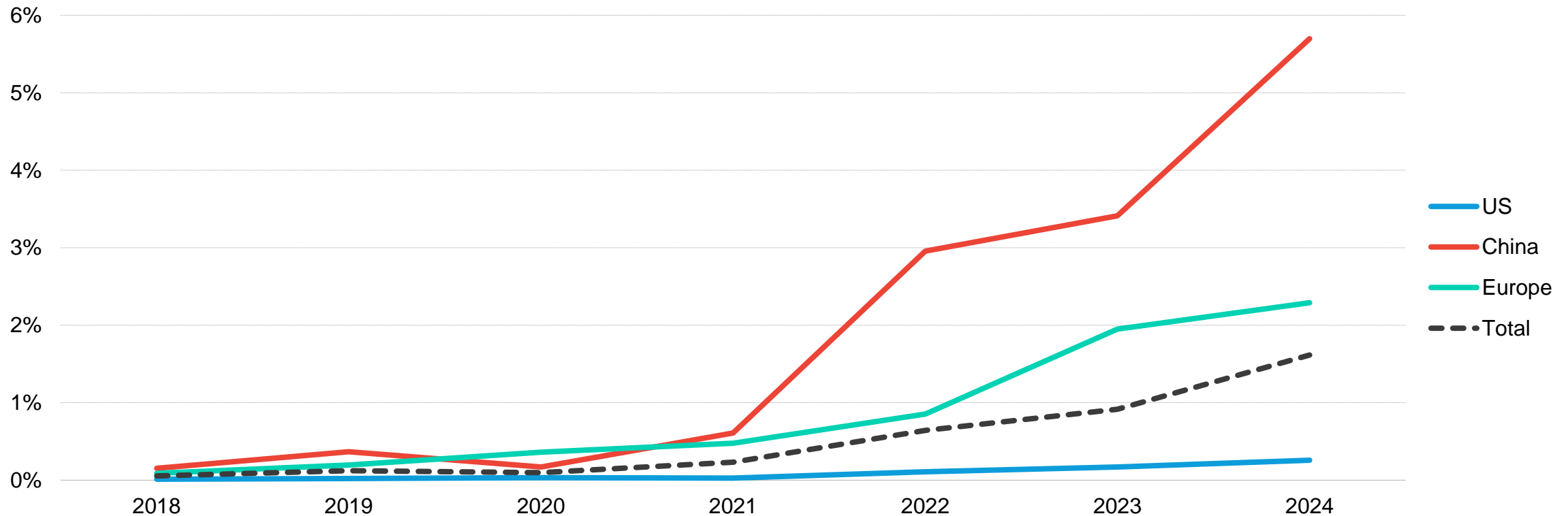
Global sales of zero-emission medium- and heavy-duty trucks by region



Source: BloombergNEF; see full list of sources in the Appendix of the report. Note: Europe is the EU 27, the UK, Norway, Switzerland, Iceland and Liechtenstein.

Adoption rates differ widely between countries, with China and the Nordics far ahead of the rest

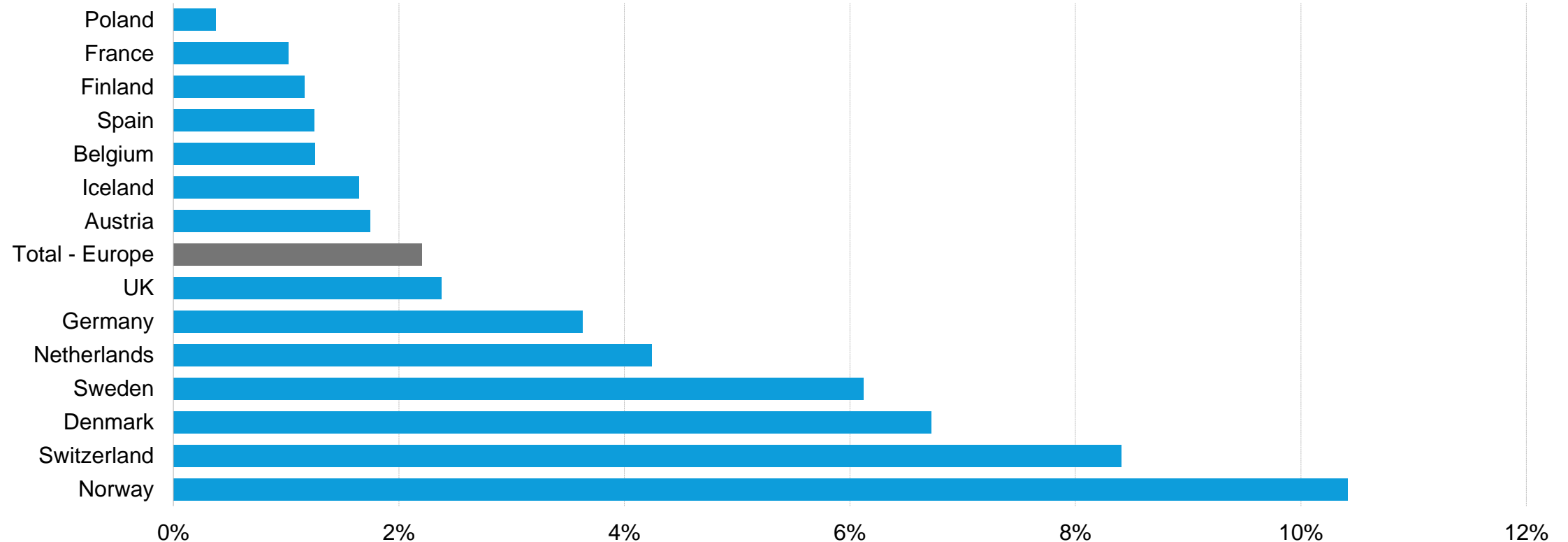
Sales share of low- and zero-emission commercial vehicles by region



Source: BloombergNEF; see full list of sources in the Appendix of the report. Note: adoption rate in 2024 is between January and June. Includes battery-electric, fuel-cell and plug-in hybrid vehicles.

Adoption rates differ widely between countries, with China and the Nordics far ahead of the rest

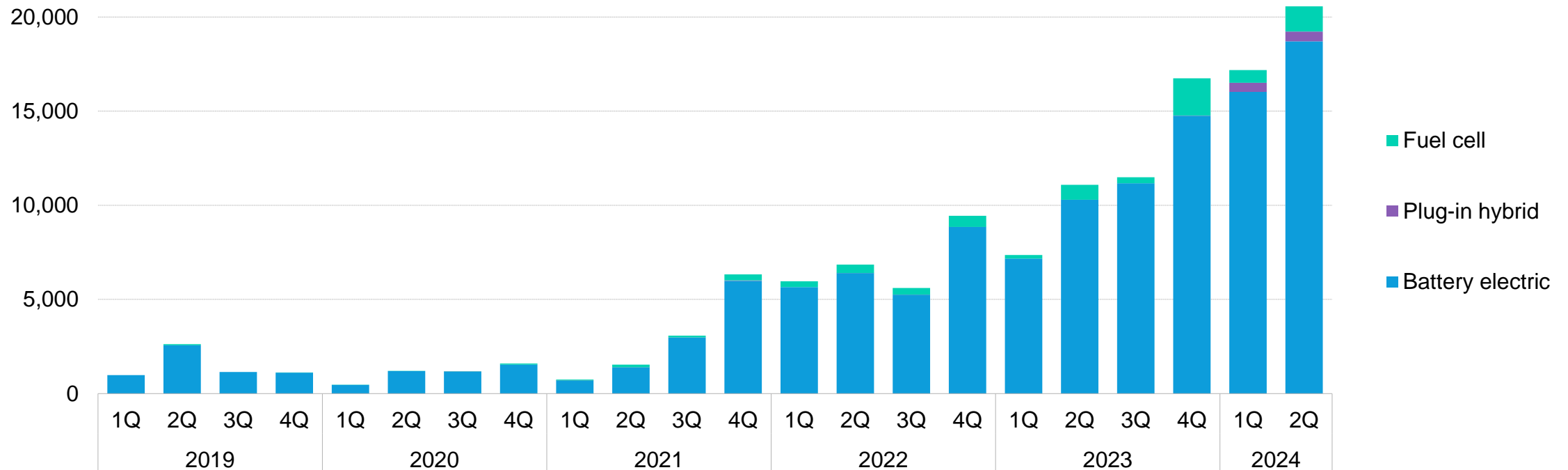
Sales share of low- and zero-emission commercial vehicles by region in 2024



Source: BloombergNEF; see full list of sources in the Appendix of the report. Note: adoption rate in 2024 is between January and June. Includes battery-electric, fuel-cell and plug-in hybrid vehicles.

Batteries are driving the clean truck market

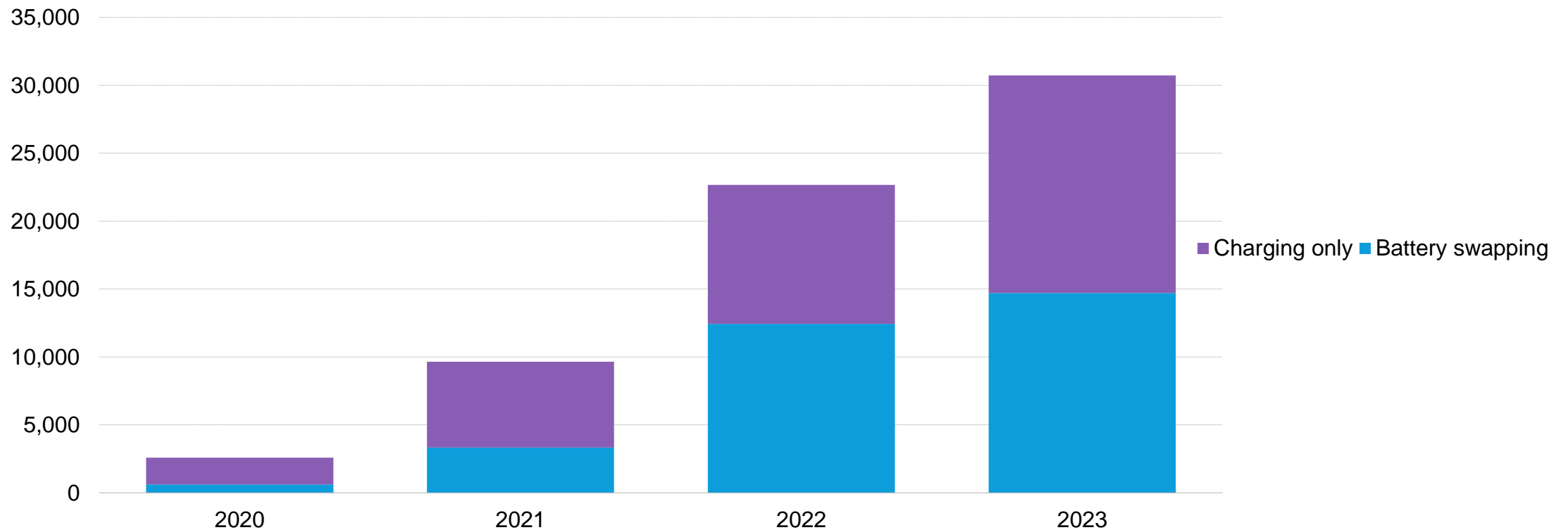
Global sales of zero-emission medium- and heavy-duty trucks by powertrain



Source: BloombergNEF; see full list of sources in the Appendix of the report.

Battery swapping is also playing an important role

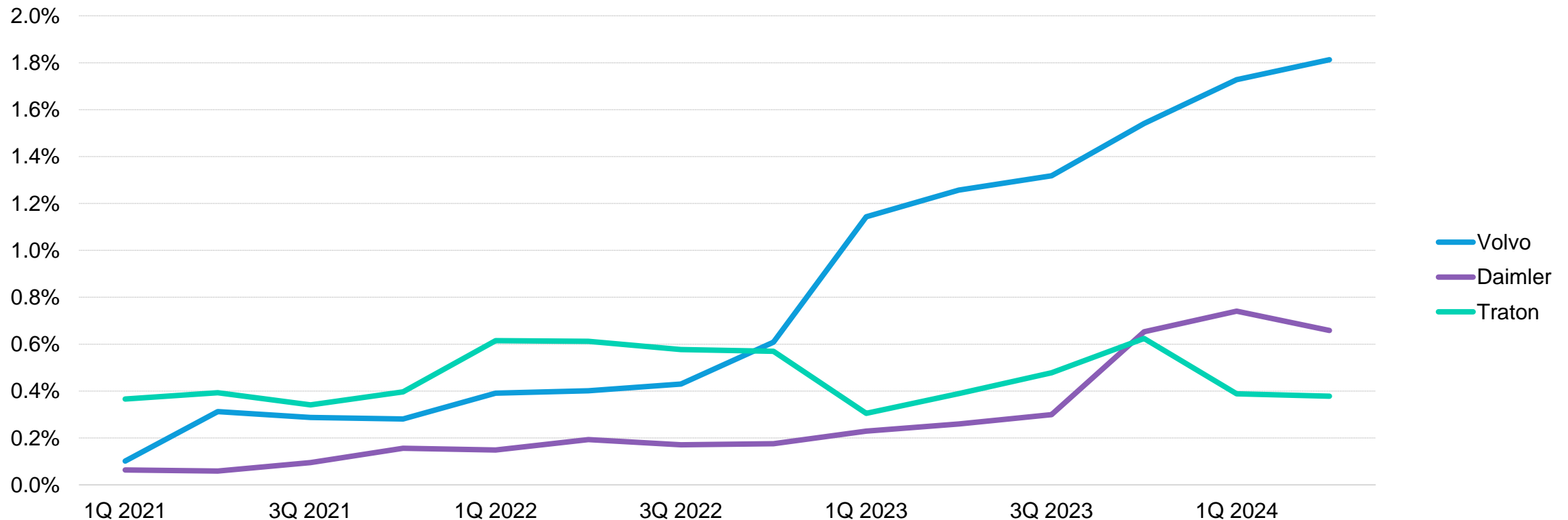
Sales of heavy-duty commercial battery-electric vehicles in China by refuelling type



Source: BloombergNEF, Evpartner

ZEV sales remain low for many large truckmakers and far from their targets






Zero-emission vehicle sales shares for Volvo, Daimler and Traton



Source: Bloomberg Terminal, BloombergNEF, company reports. Note: Shows cumulative share of sales within a year.

Ambitious CO2 emissions targets are set to shake up the trucking market

CO2 emissions targets and zero-emission truck sales and fleet mandates

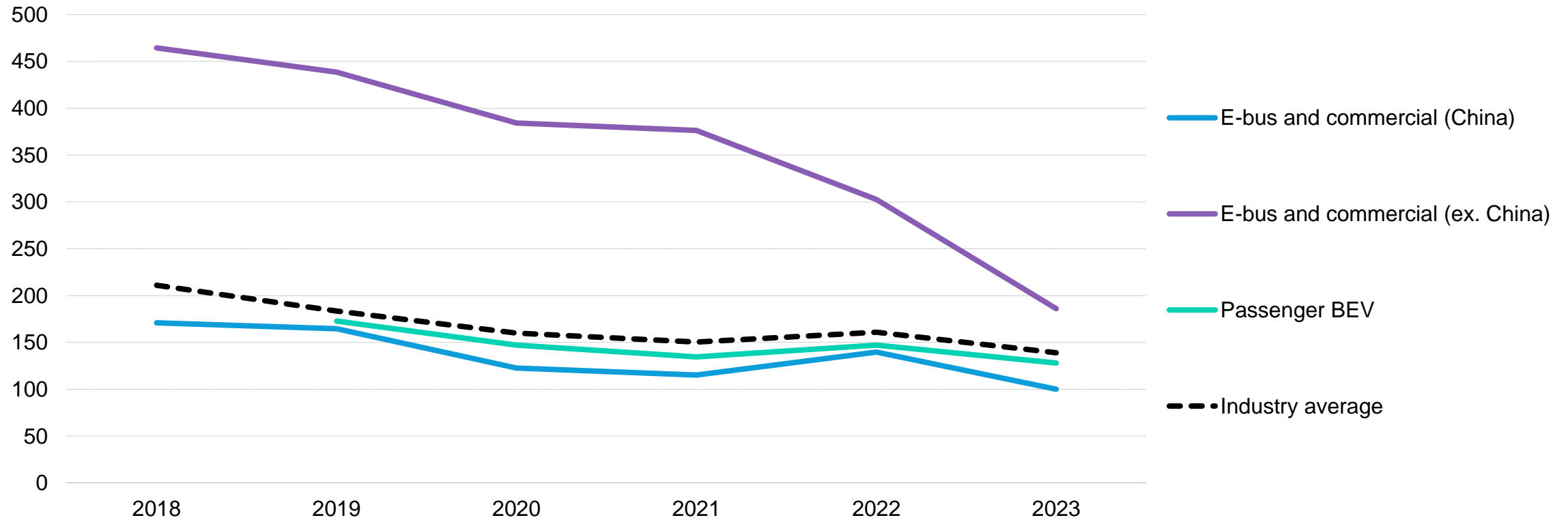
Country or Region	Period	Target by the end year of the period shown
EU 	2019 to 2035	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 65% lower tailpipe CO2
US 	2027 to 2032	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 15-53% lower tailpipe CO2
California 	2024 to 2035	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 55-75% ZEV sales share for manufacturers• 100% ZEV purchase share for certain fleets
China 	2019 to 2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 11-18% lower fuel consumption
Japan 	2015 to 2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 3-15% lower fuel consumption

Source: BloombergNEF. Note: ranges refer to changes across commercial vehicle sub-segments; several of these targets extend beyond the years shown; California's Advanced Clean Fleets regulation hasn't yet received a waiver from the US Environmental Protection Agency and applies to certain fleets in the state.

Battery prices continue to fall and are converging across sectors

Historical volume-weighted average lithium-ion battery pack prices by sector

\$ (real 2023) per kilowatt-hour



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: Passenger battery-electric vehicle figures are a global average.

Urban duty cycles and light trucks have immediate electrification potential

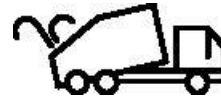
Weight

Heavy-duty

Refuse, construction



Drayage, distribution



Freight



Medium-duty

Distribution



Distribution



Freight, distribution



Light-duty

Last-mile distribution



Distribution



Urban

Regional

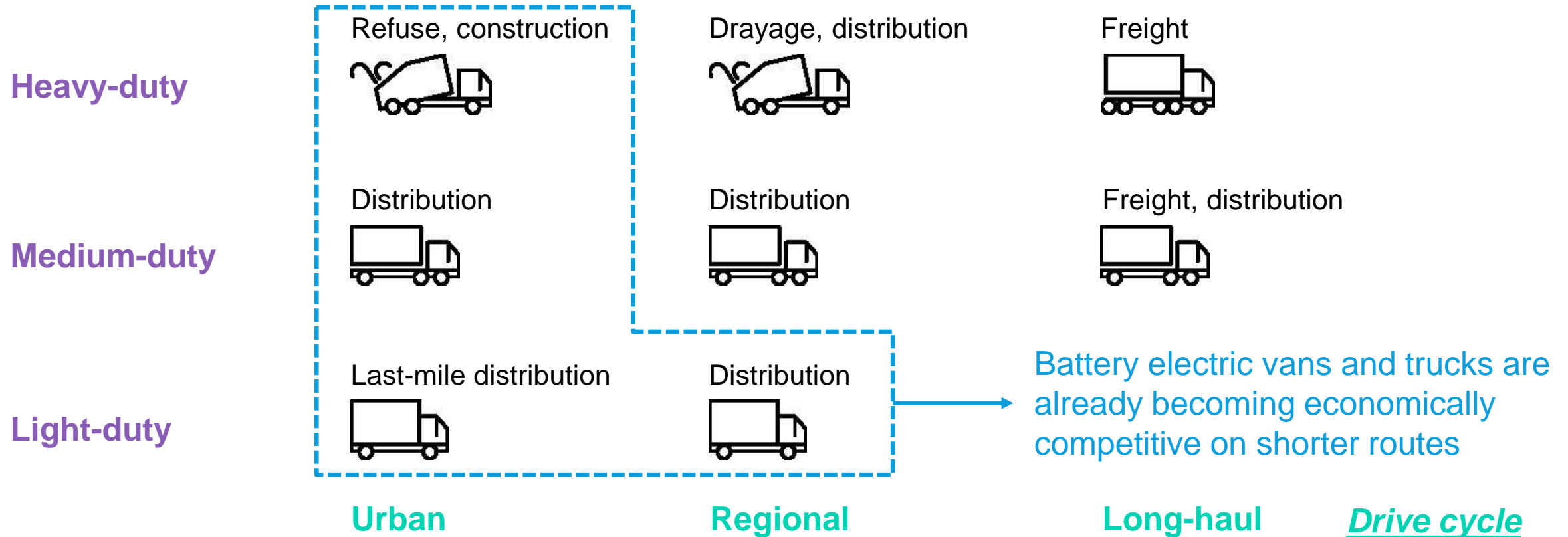
Long-haul

Drive cycle

Source: BloombergNEF.

Urban duty cycles and light trucks have immediate electrification potential

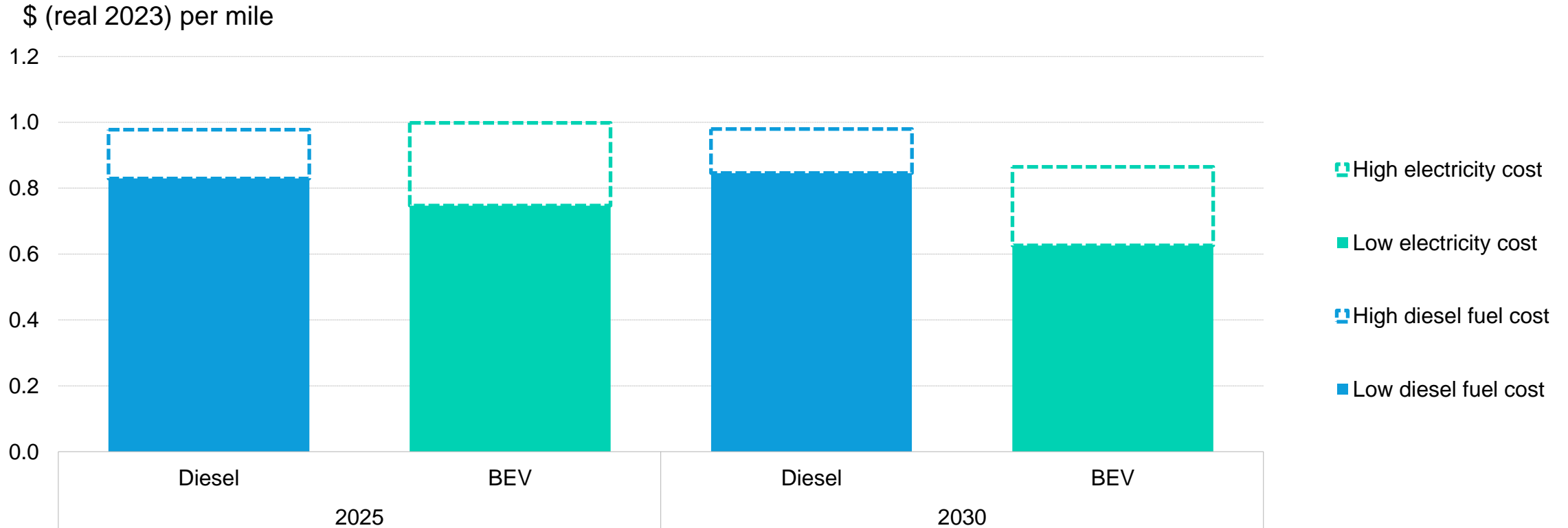
Weight



Source: BloombergNEF.

Battery trucks within cities become economically competitive soon in the US, China and Europe

Total cost of ownership of Class 4-5 trucks with range of 200 miles (320 km) in the US



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: For diesel, fuel costs are \$3/gallon and \$6/gallon; for electricity, fuel costs are \$0.2/kilowatt-hour and \$0.75/kWh. 'BEV' refers to battery-electric vehicle.

New challenges create new opportunities

Genuine or perceived challenges in further adoption of electric trucks...

Capital costs



Battery residual value



Electricity and hydrogen refueling costs



...are being addressed through technology advancements and new business and financing models

Declining battery prices, repurposing and recycling

Charging stations with on-site power generation and energy storage

Demand aggregation for vehicle procurement and refueling station utilization

Offtake agreements with fleets



Opportunities for infrastructure funds, banks and equity investors

Zero-emission commercial vehicles factbook and other BNEF publications for Climate Week



Produced in partnership with:



Ministry of Infrastructure
and Water Management
of the Netherlands

Full report publicly available [here](#)

Access BNEF Research for
Climate Action as part of New
York Climate Week [here](#)



Executive Remarks: Christoph Wolff, CEO, Smart Freight Center



Christoph Wolff
Chief Executive Officer
Smart Freight Center

Coffee Break

Program will resume at 10:45 AM

BNEF Talk: US New Energy Outlook



Tara Narayanan

Lead Analyst, North America Regional Trends
BloombergNEF

Bloomberg

New York Climate Week

BloombergNEF

New Energy Outlook 2024

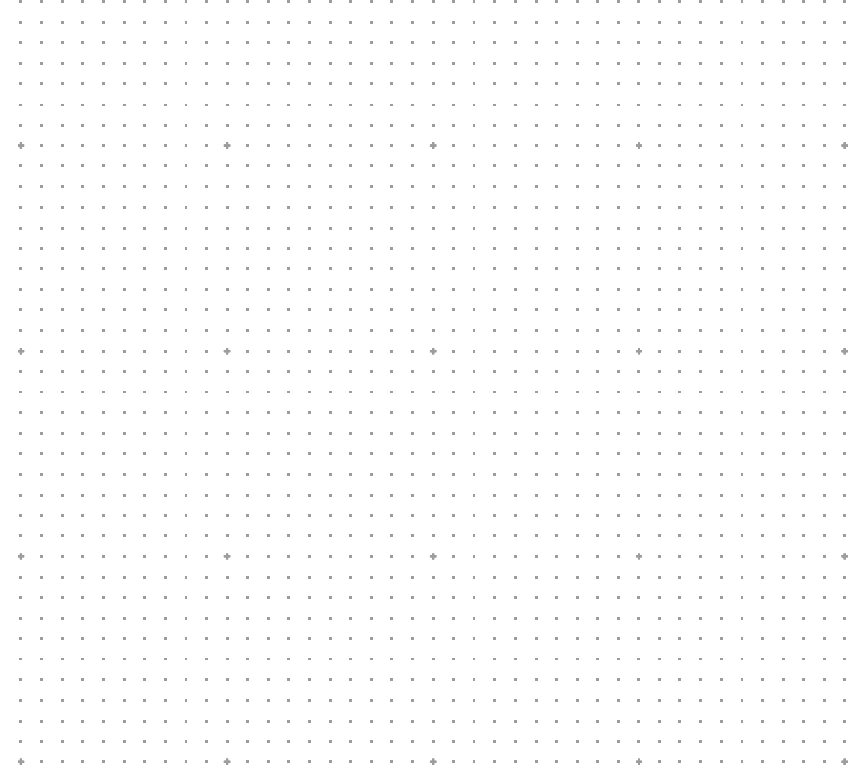
Halfway to 2050

Tara Narayanan

September 26th, 2024

Where are we going?

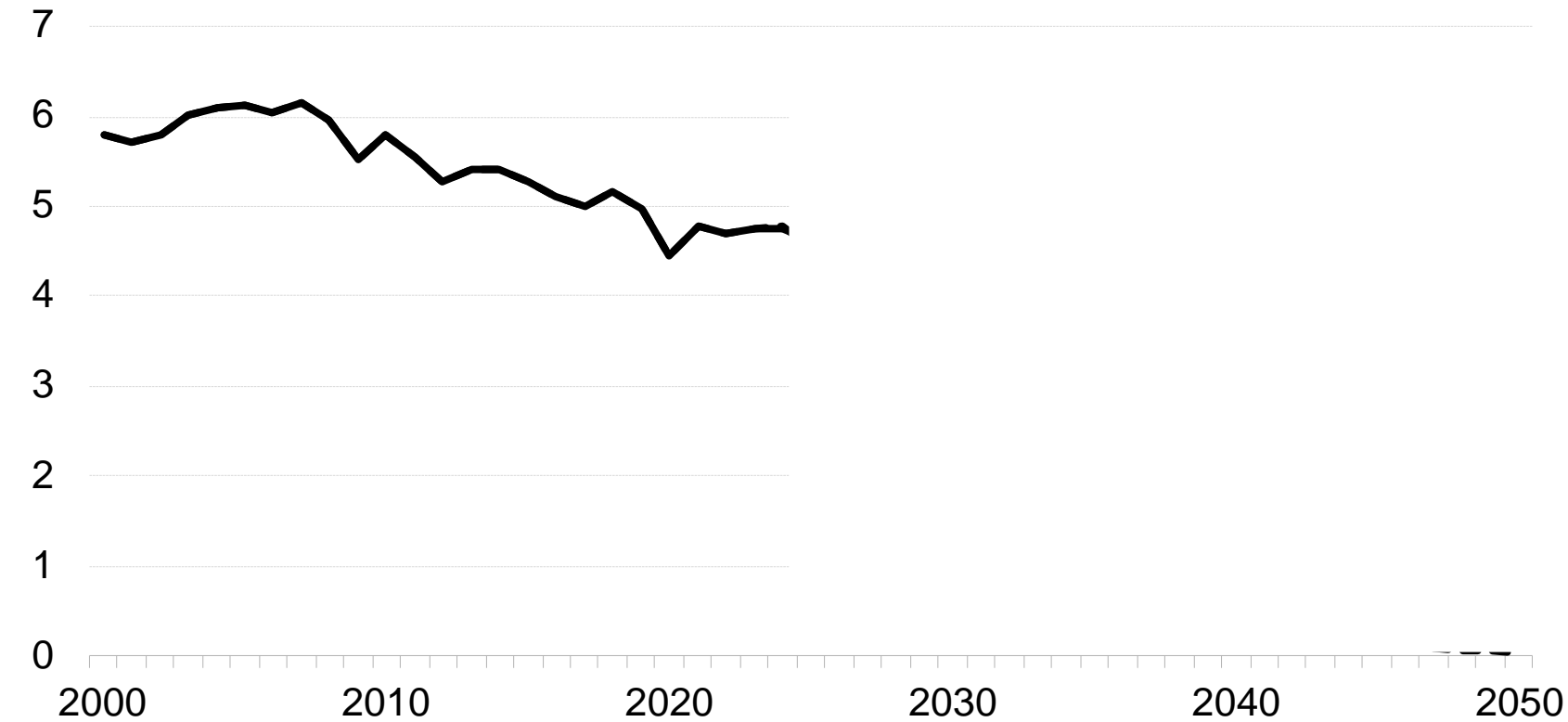
All about the emissions



US emissions have steadily been declining since 2007

US energy-related emissions

Billion metric tons of CO2

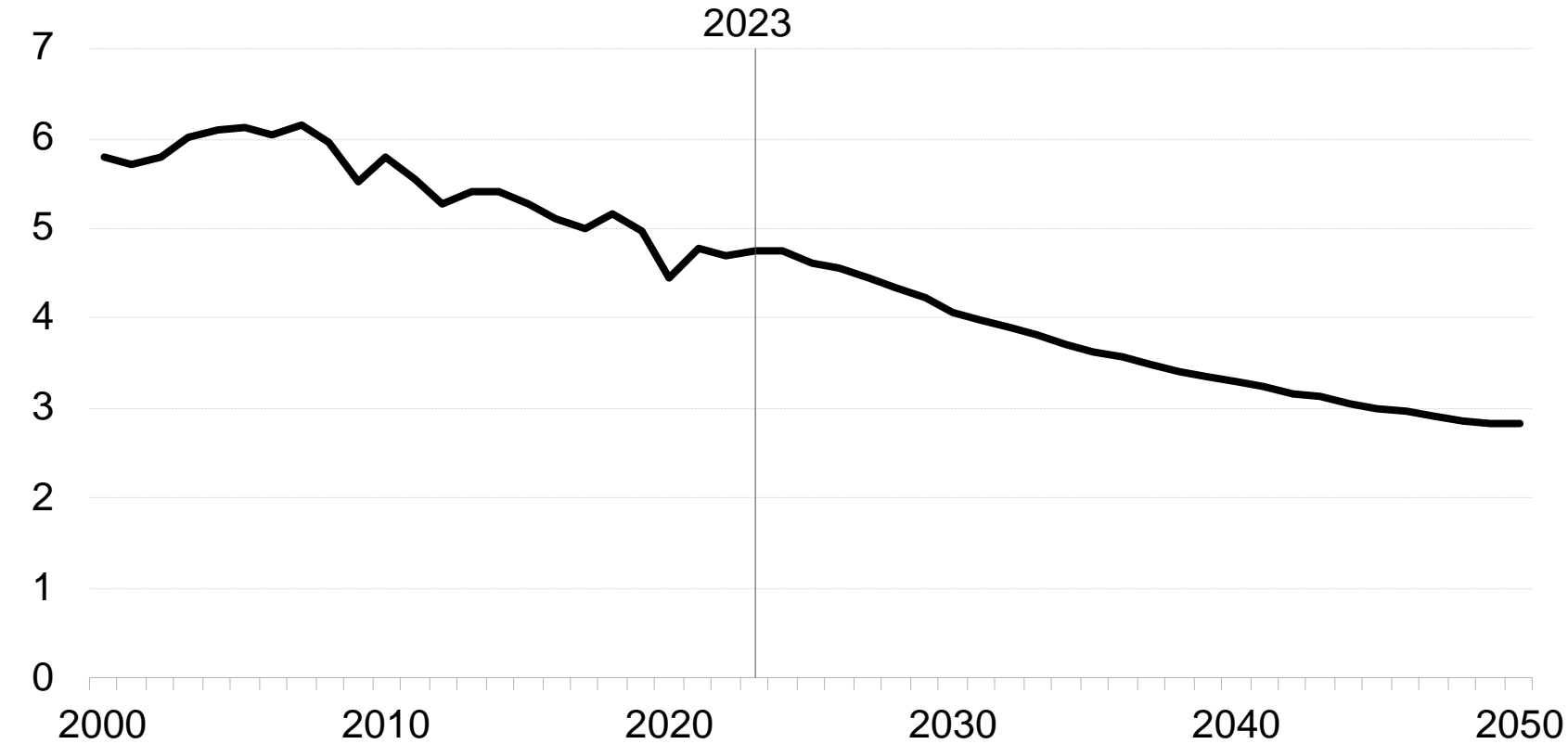


Source: BloombergNEF

And they will keep going down

US energy-related emissions

Billion metric tons of CO2

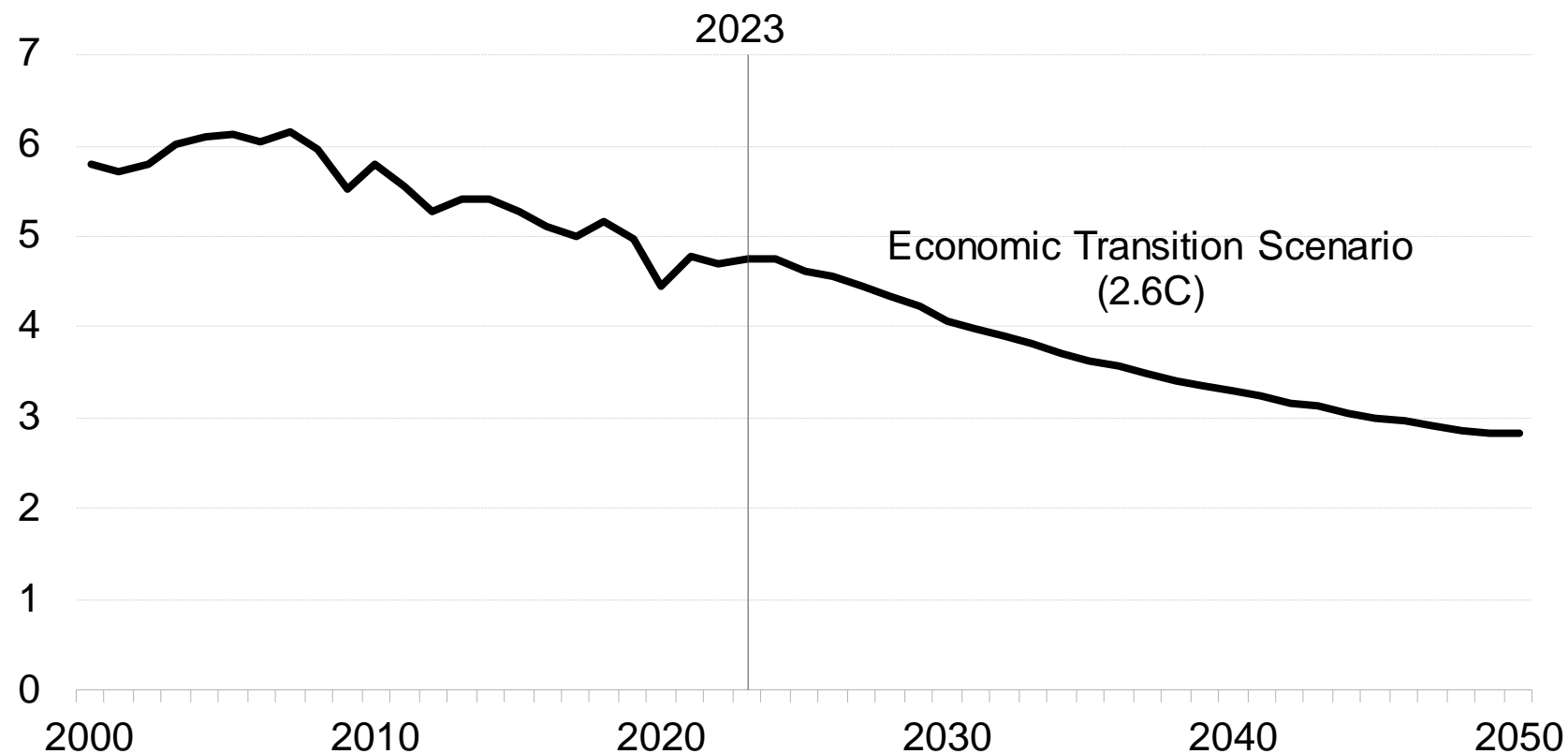


Source: BloombergNEF

And they will keep going down... but not quickly enough

US energy-related emissions

Billion metric tons of CO2

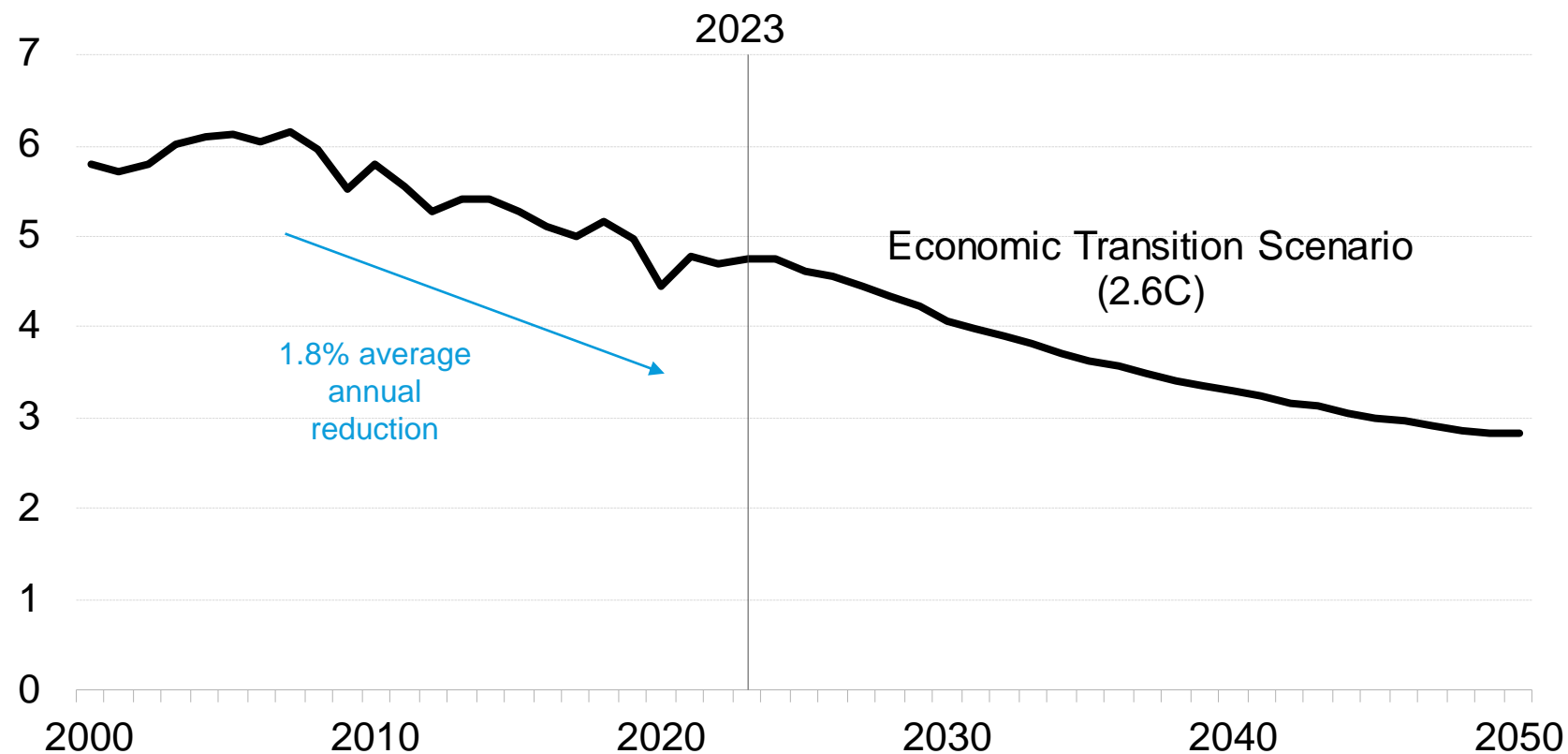


Source: BloombergNEF

And they will keep going down... but not quickly enough

US energy-related emissions

Billion metric tons of CO₂

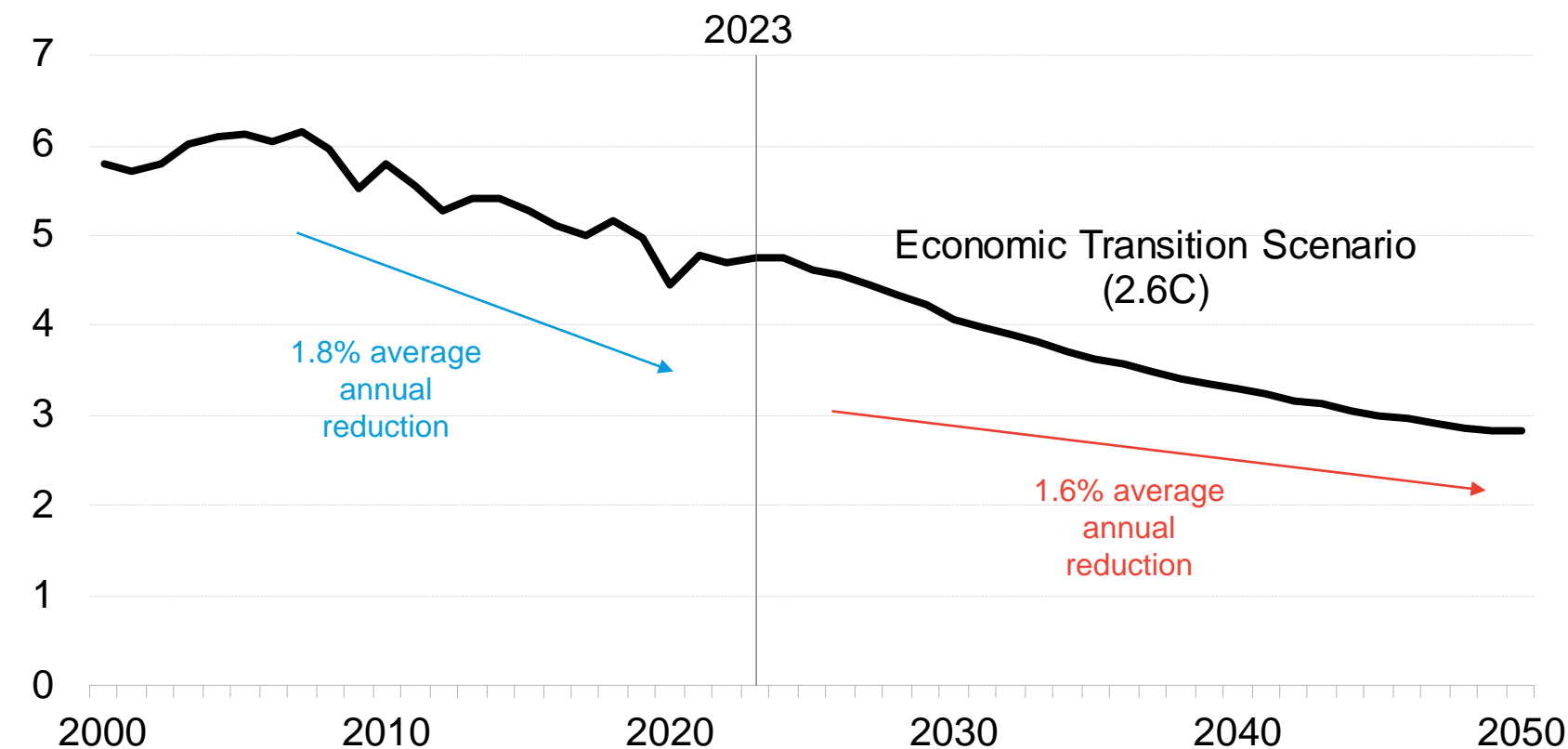


Source: BloombergNEF

And they will keep going down... but not quickly enough

US energy-related emissions

Billion metric tons of CO2

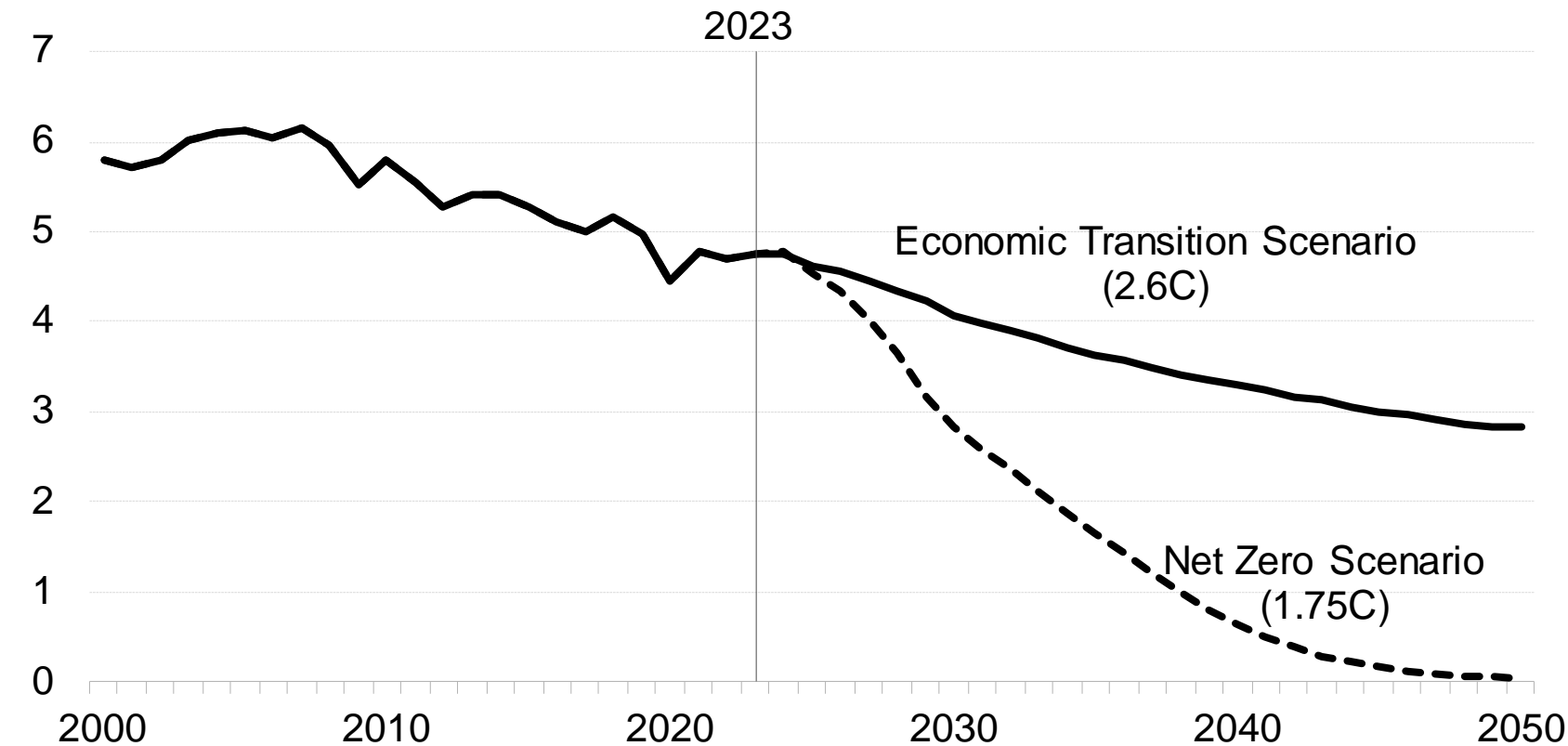


Source: BloombergNEF

A net zero transition **needs sharp emission cuts, right away**

US energy-related emissions and net-zero carbon budget

Billion metric tons of CO₂

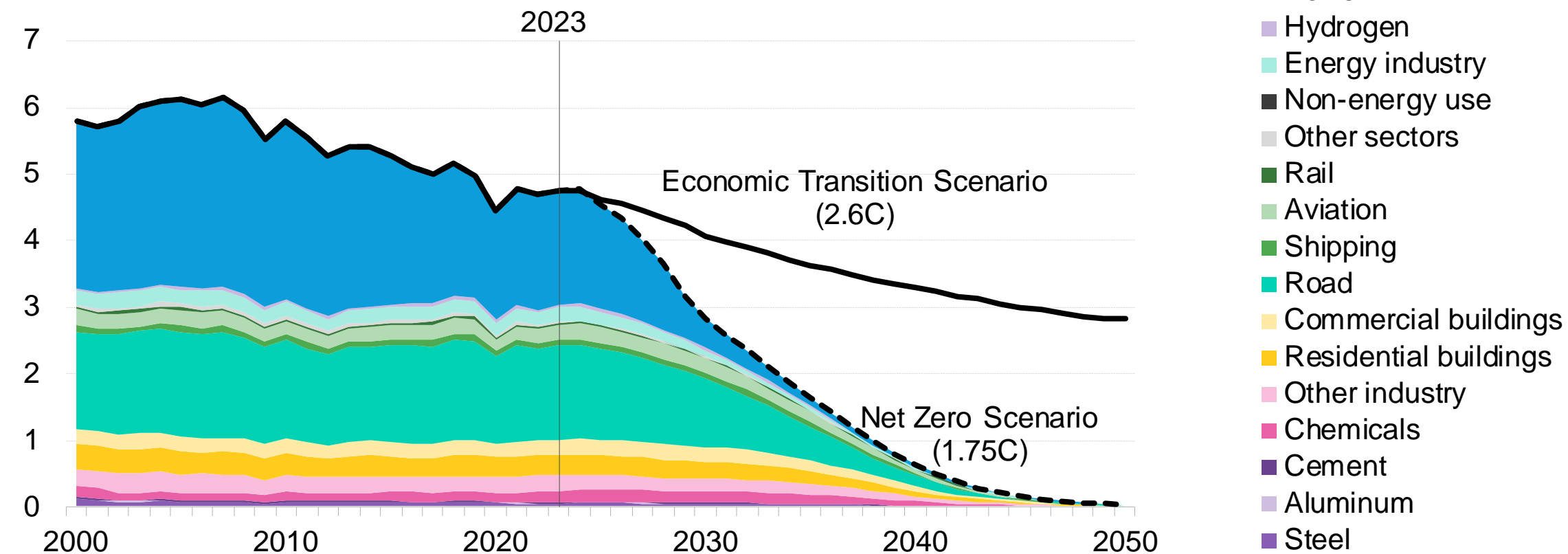


Source: BloombergNEF

A net zero transition needs sharp emission cuts, across all sectors

US energy-related emissions and net-zero carbon budget

Billion metric tons of CO2

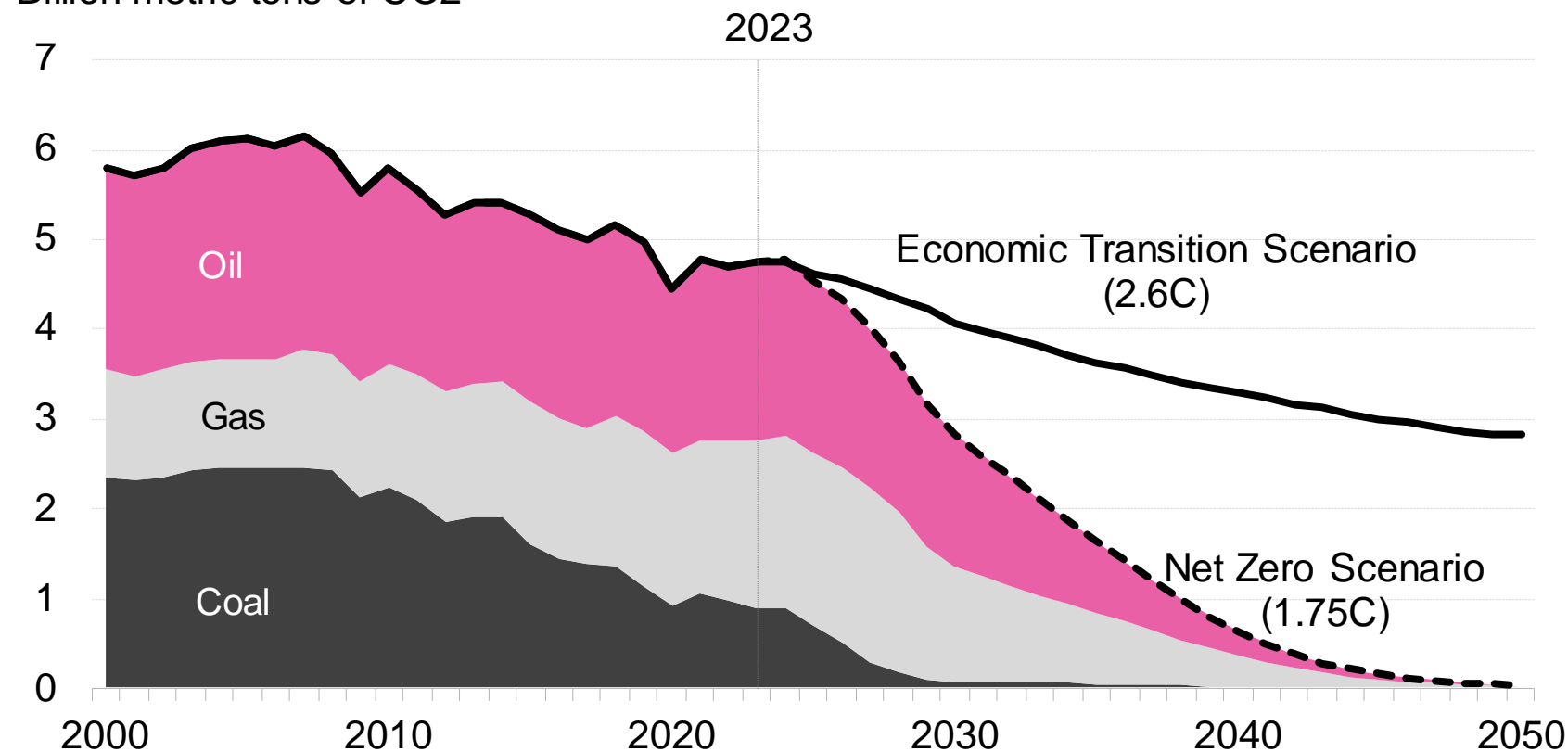


Source: BloombergNEF

A net zero transition needs a pivot away from fossil fuels

US energy-related emissions and net-zero carbon budget

Billion metric tons of CO₂

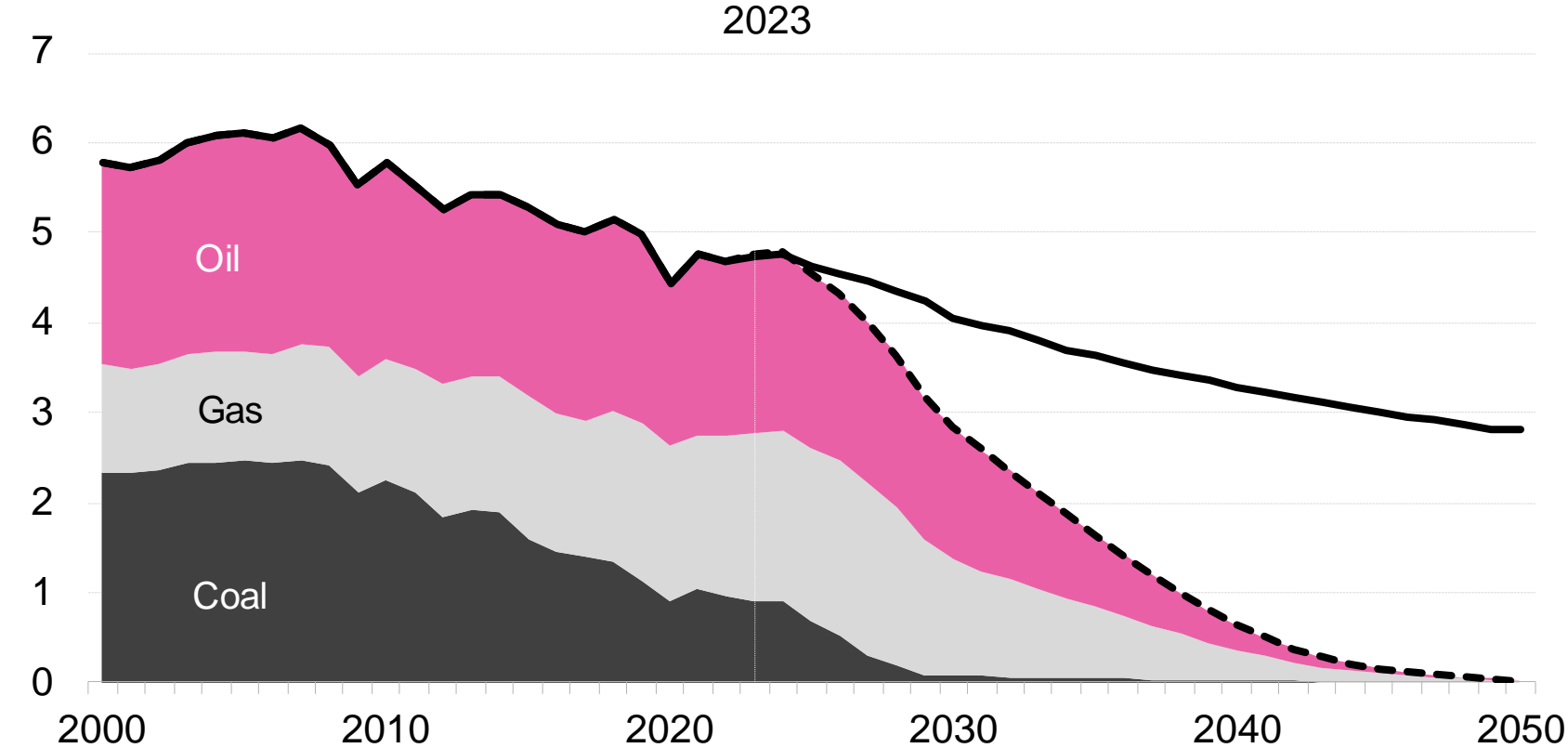


Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions and net-zero carbon budget

Billion metric tons of CO₂

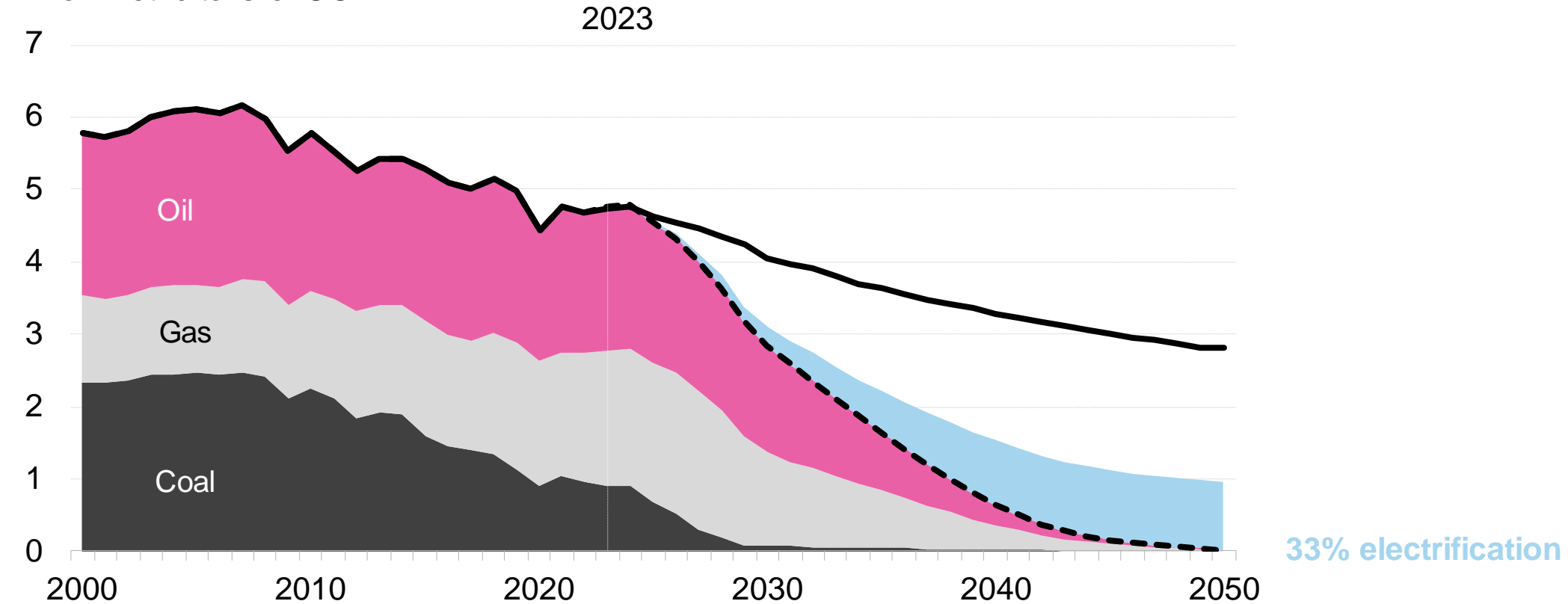


Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

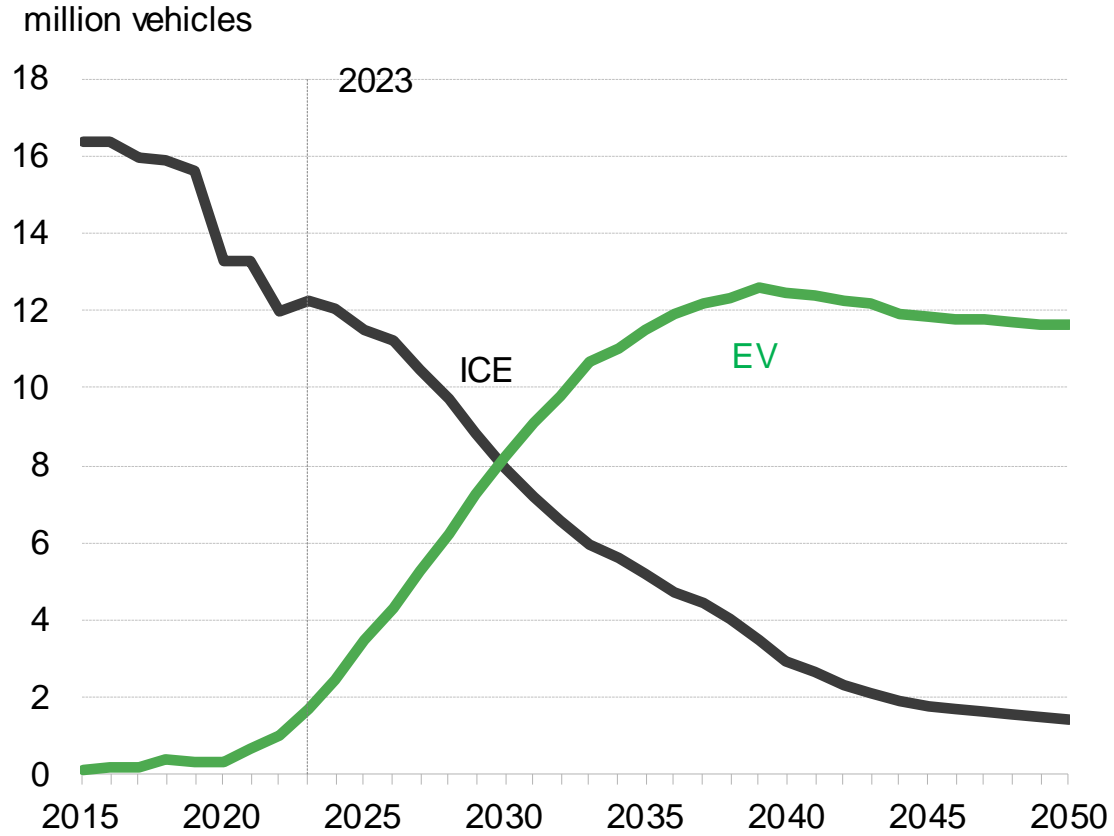
Billion metric tons of CO₂



Source: BloombergNEF

Road transport is electrifying already

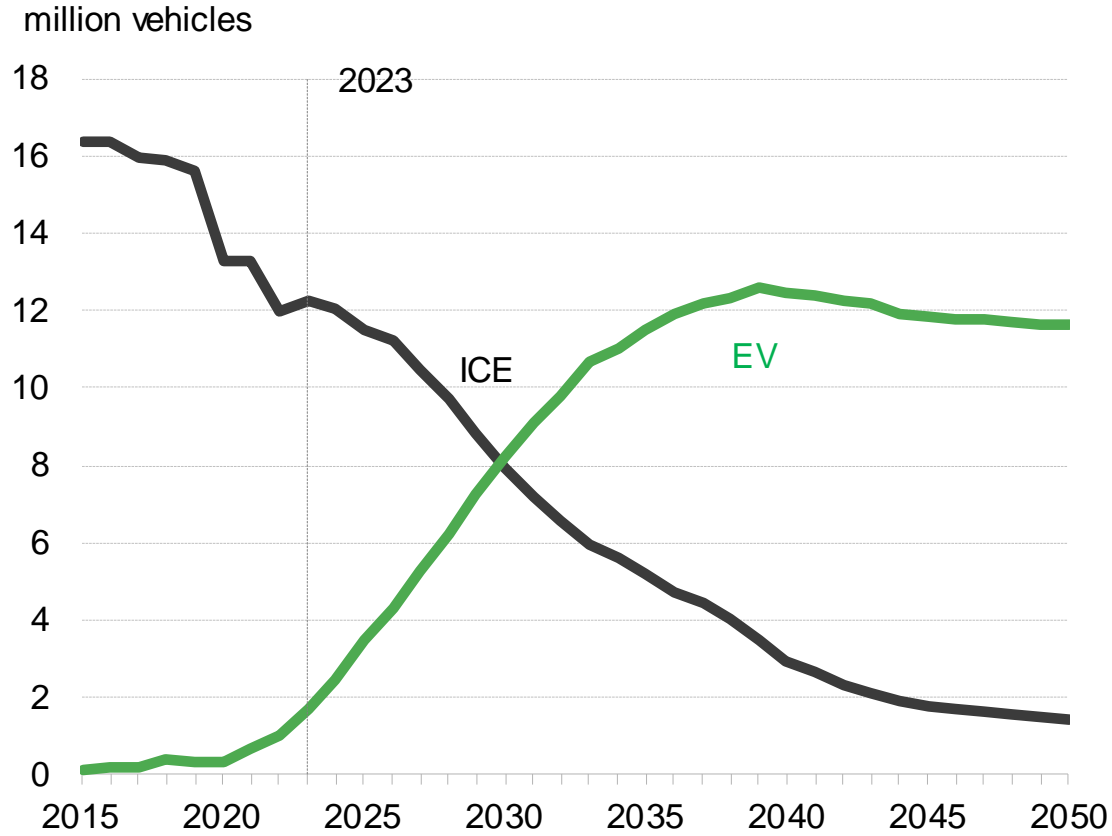
Vehicle sales by technology, ETS



Source: BloombergNEF

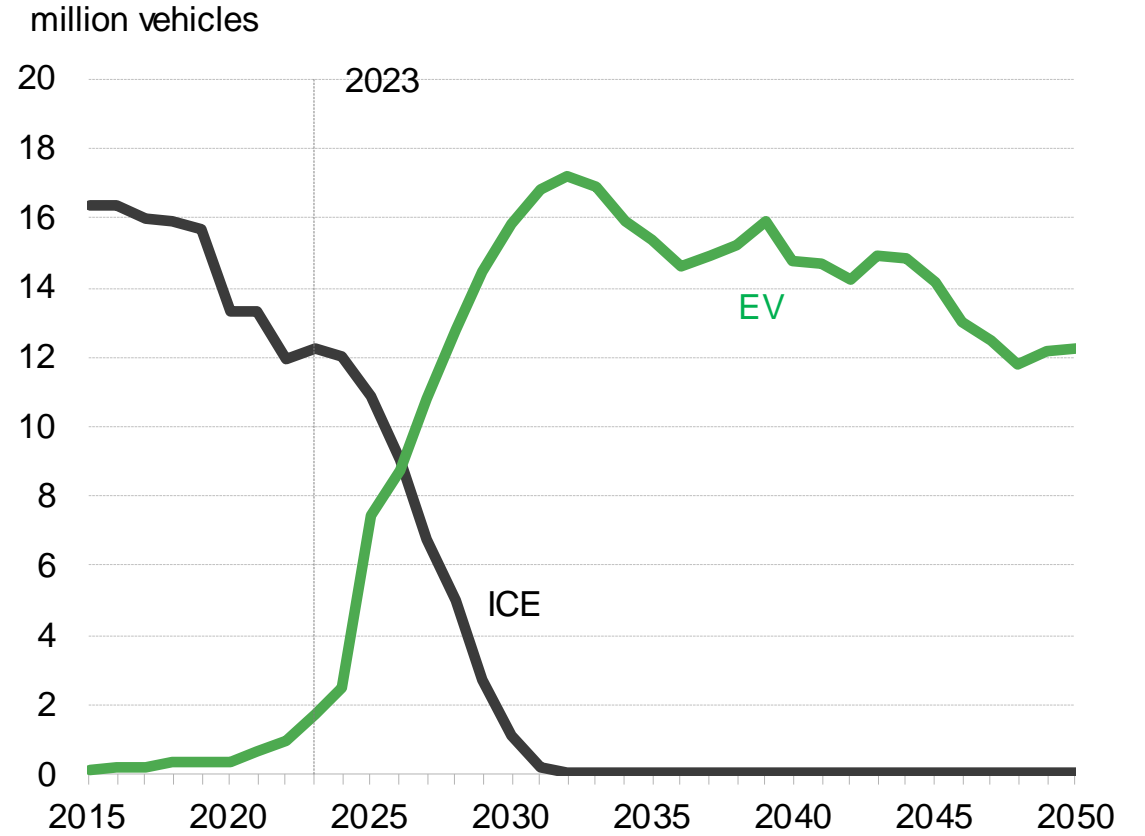
Road transport is electrifying already

Vehicle sales by technology, ETS



Source: BloombergNEF

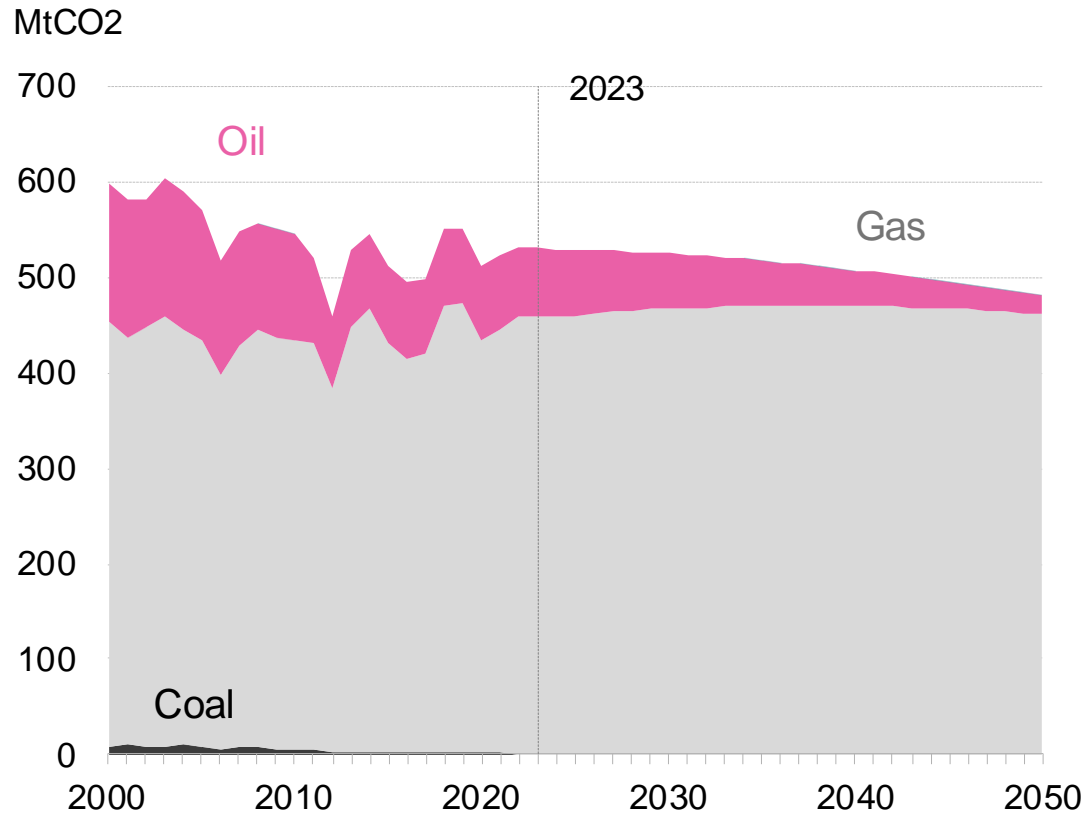
Vehicle sales by technology, NZS



Source: BloombergNEF

But buildings are not

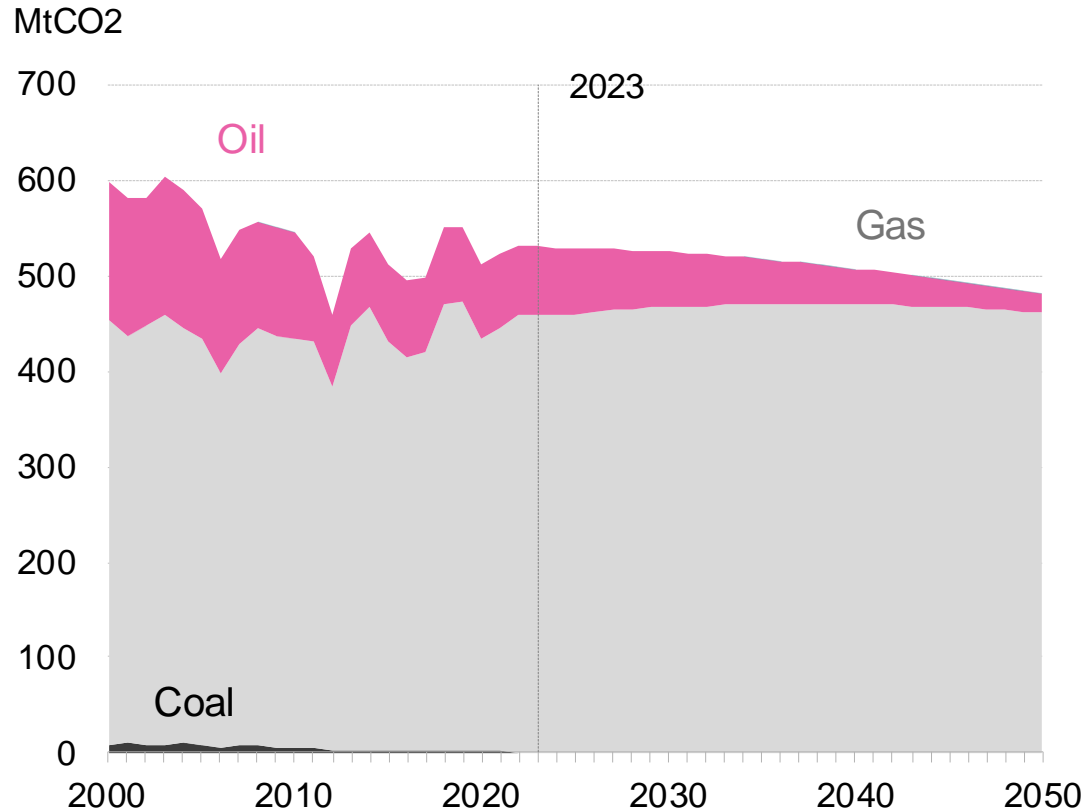
US buildings emissions by fuel, ETS



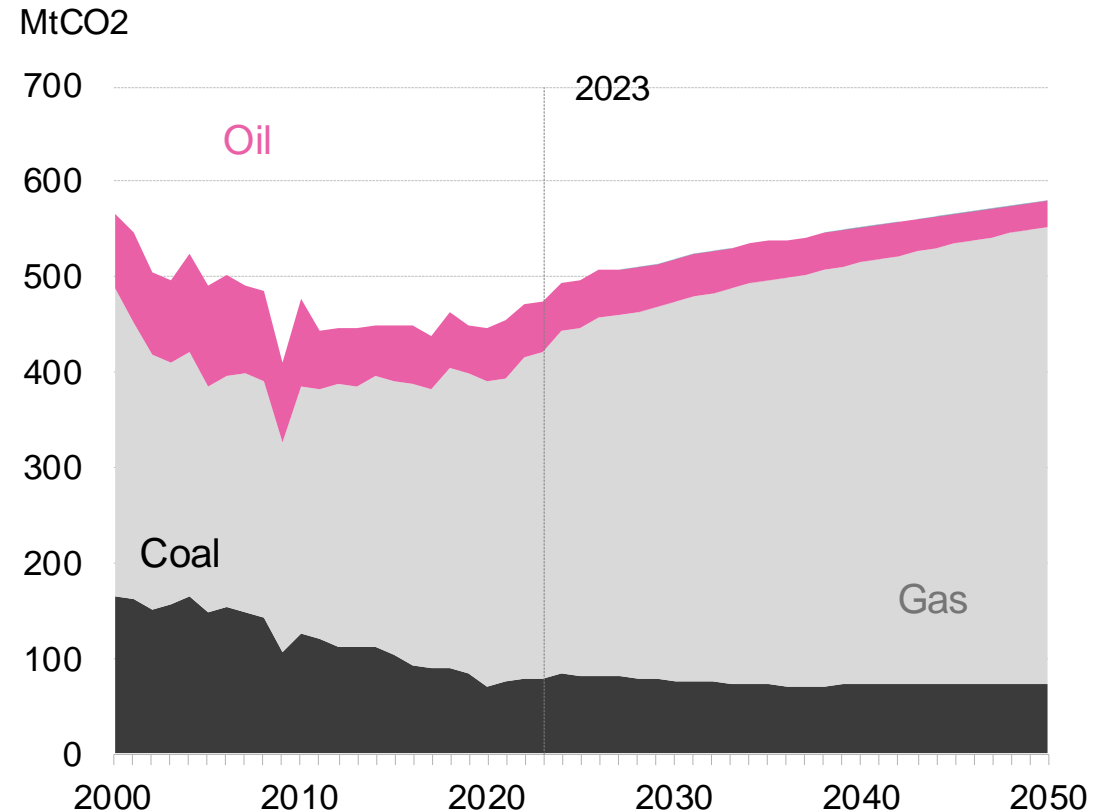
Source: BloombergNEF

But buildings are not, and neither are industrial processes

US buildings emissions by fuel, ETS



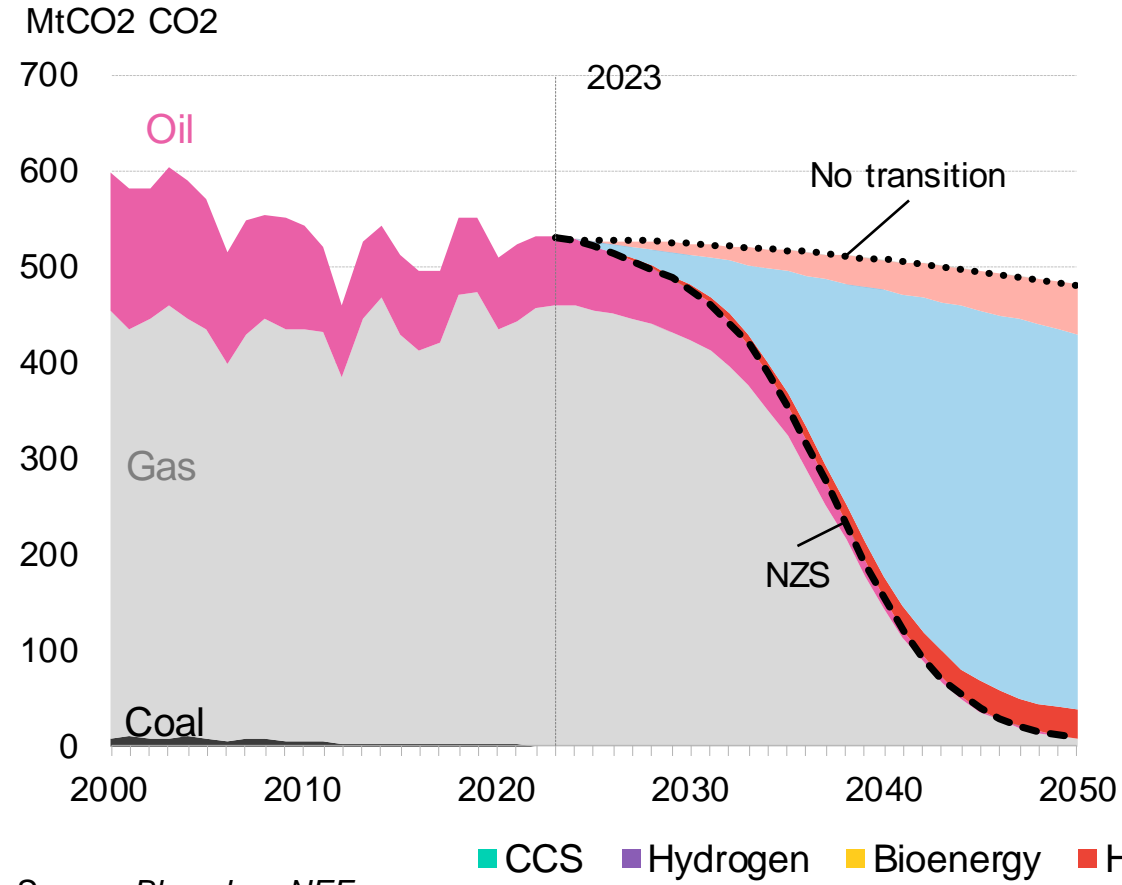
US industry emissions by fuel, ETS



Source: BloombergNEF

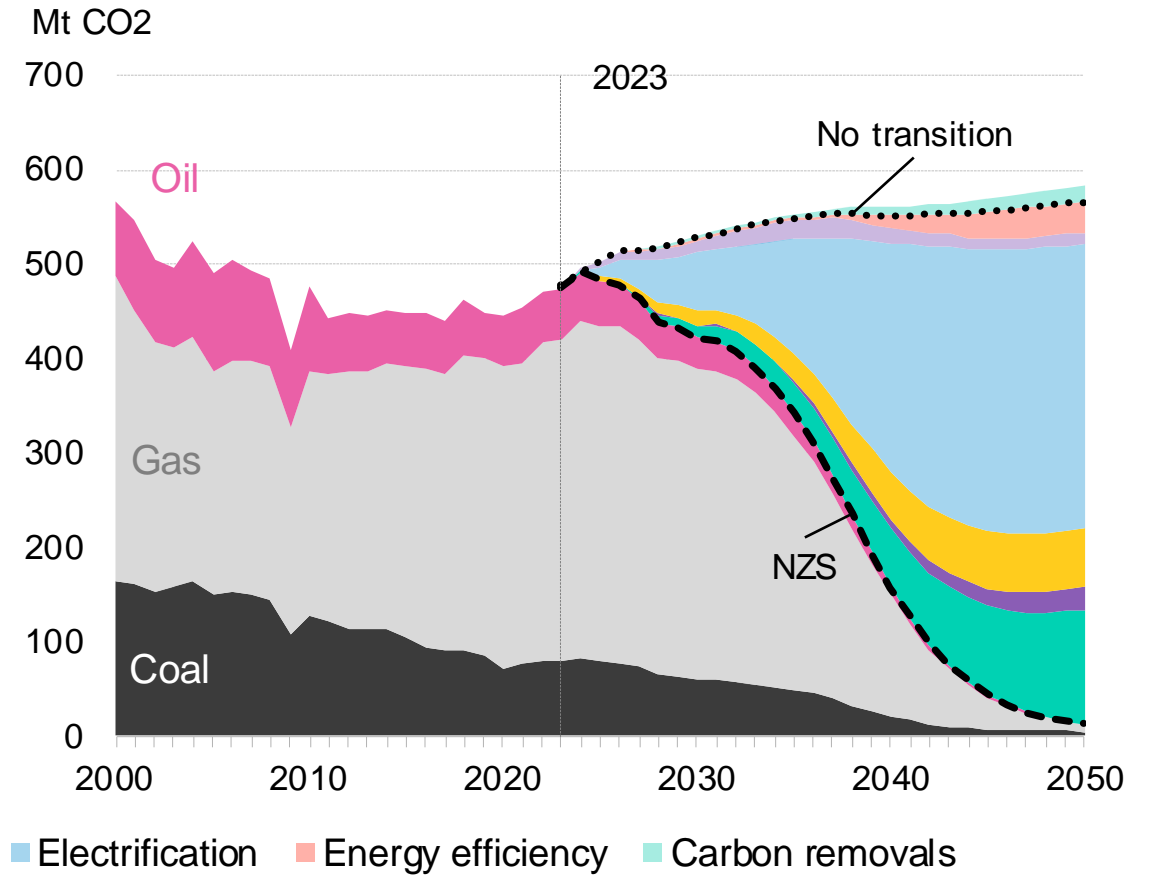
Electrification plays a large role in decarbonizing these sectors

US buildings emissions and abatement, NZS



Source: BloombergNEF

US industry emissions and abatement, NZS

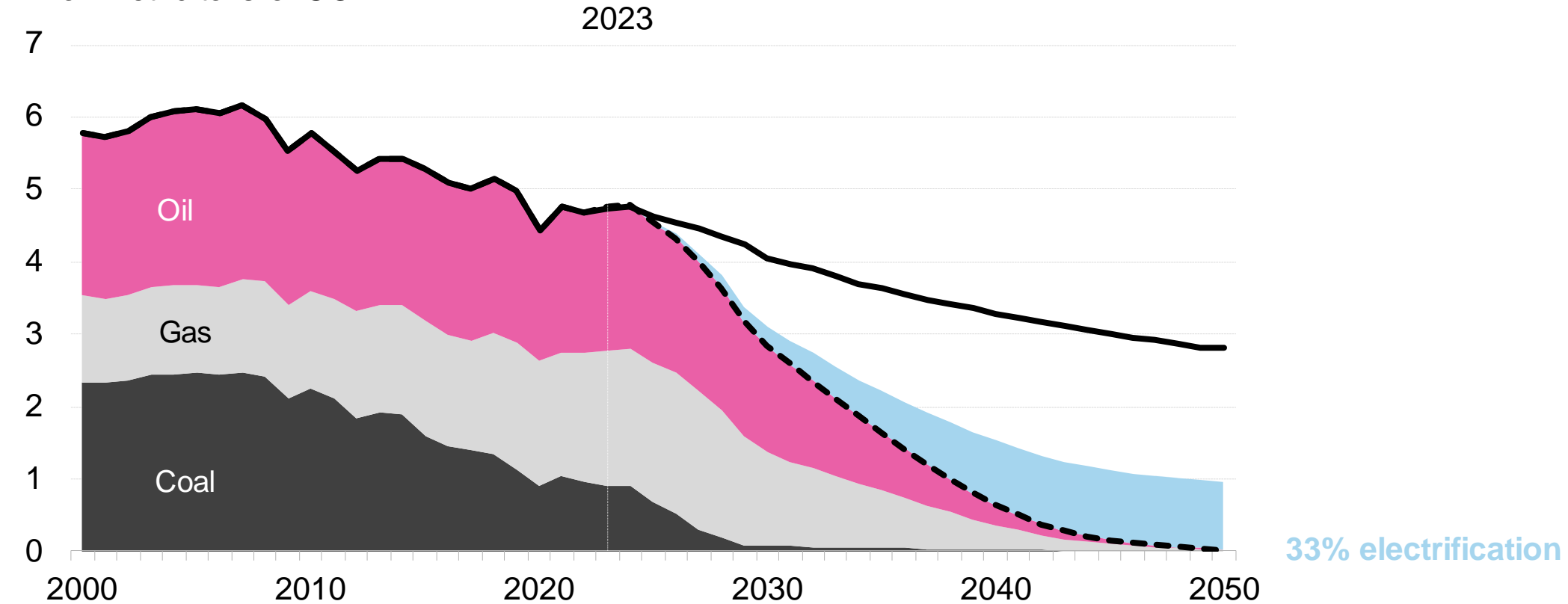


- 
- 1. Electrification emerges as least-cost, when everything else is expensive and hard**

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

Billion metric tons of CO₂

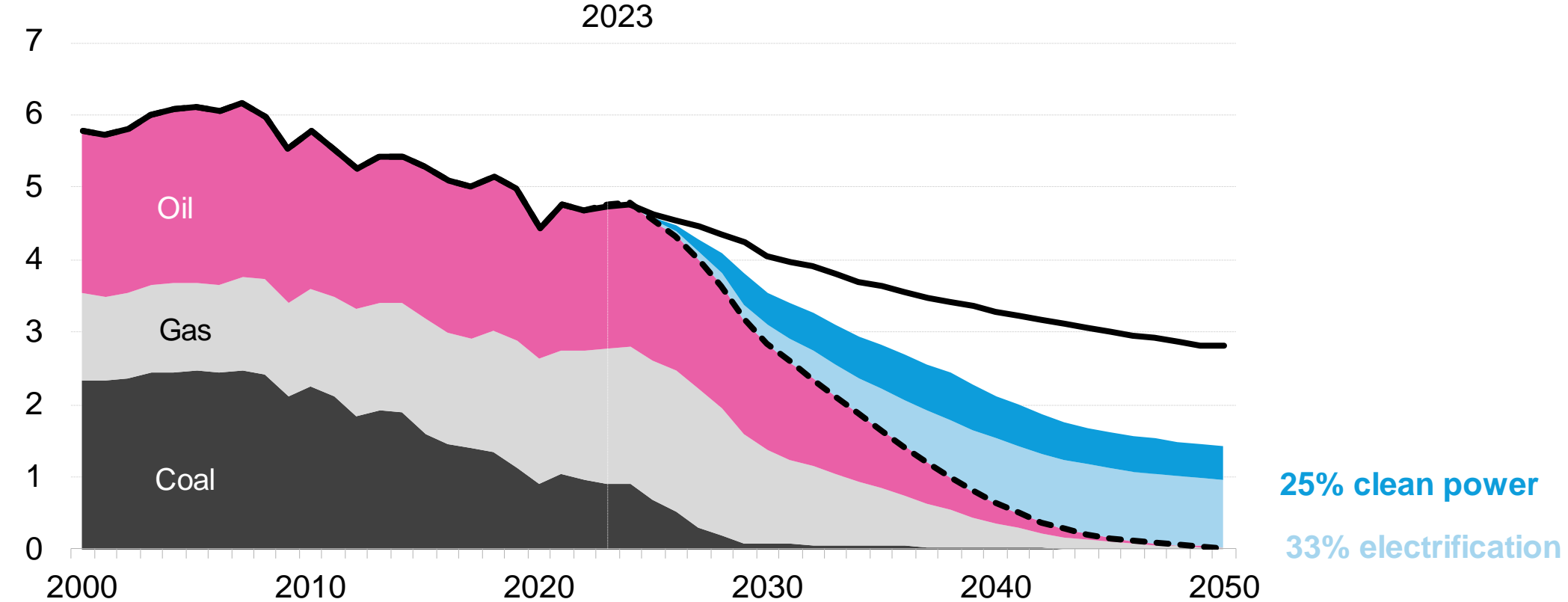


Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

Billion metric tons of CO₂

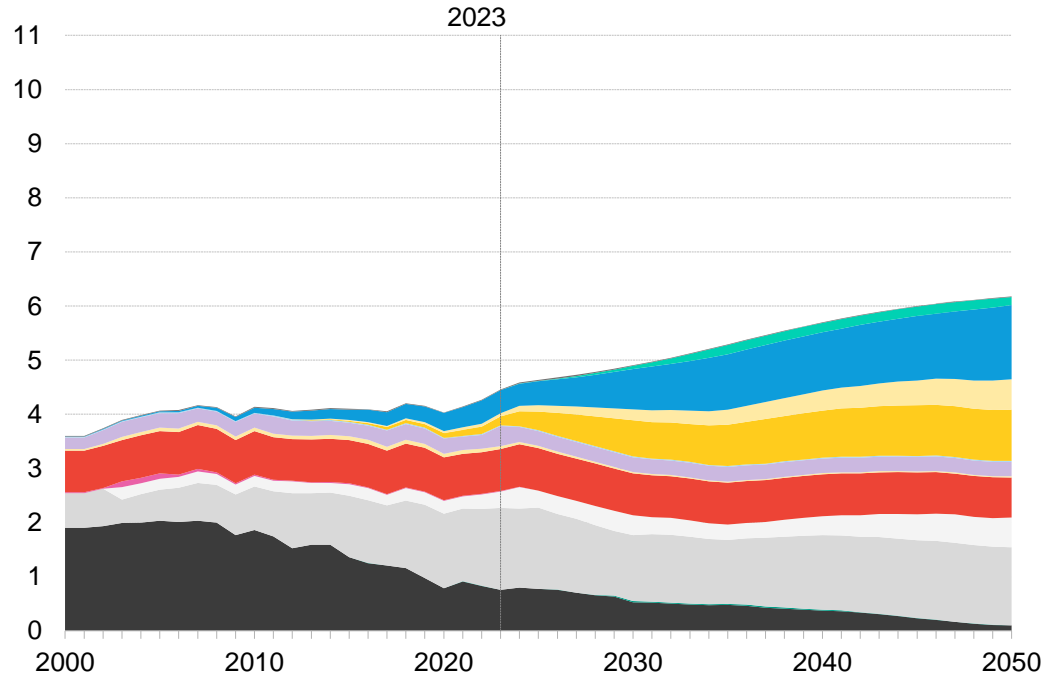


Source: BloombergNEF

A net zero transition needs 2.6 times the power generation of today

Economic Transition Scenario

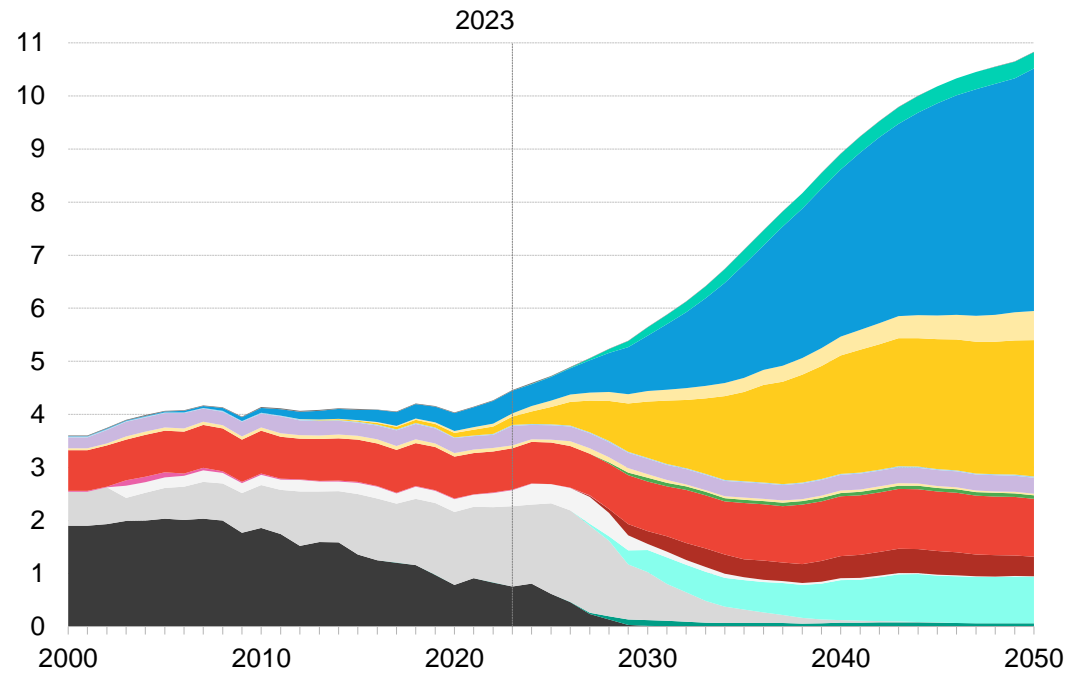
Thousand Terawatt-hours



- Coal
- Coal with CCS
- CCGT
- Gas peaker
- CCGT with CCS
- Gas peaker with CCS
- Oil
- Hydrogen
- Nuclear
- Bioenergy
- Hydro
- Utility-scale PV
- Small-scale PV
- Onshore wind
- Offshore wind
- Other

Net Zero Scenario

Thousand Terawatt-hours

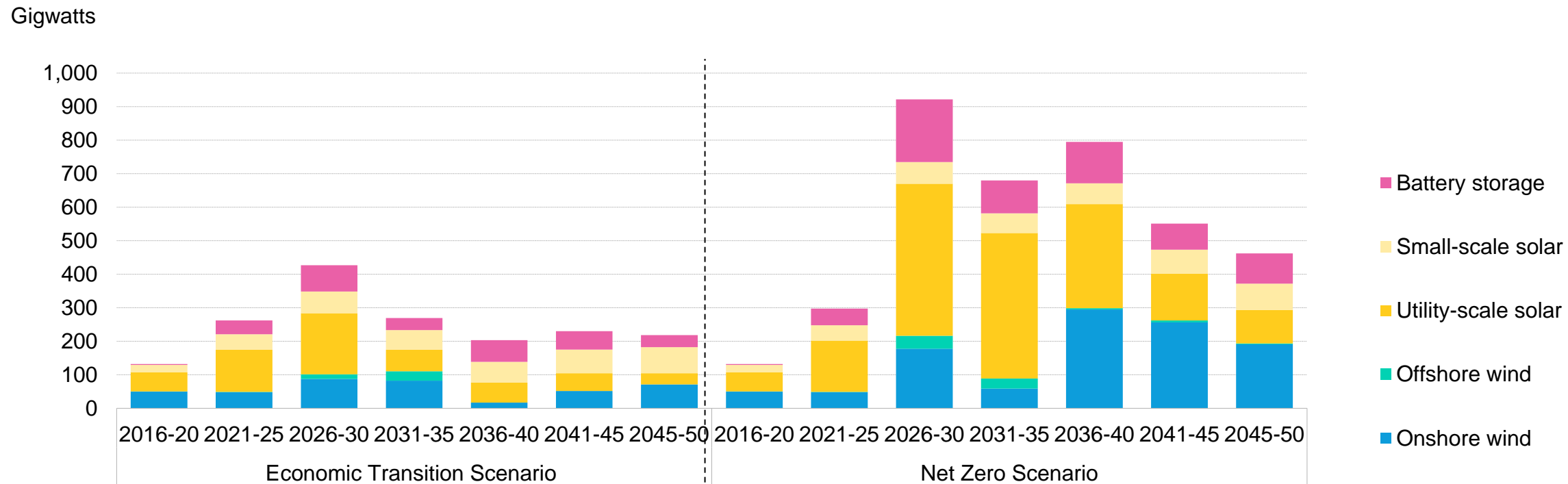


- Coal
- Coal with CCS
- CCGT
- Gas peaker
- CCGT with CCS
- Gas peaker with CCS
- Oil
- Hydrogen
- Nuclear
- Bioenergy
- Hydro
- Utility-scale PV
- Small-scale PV
- Onshore wind
- Offshore wind
- Other

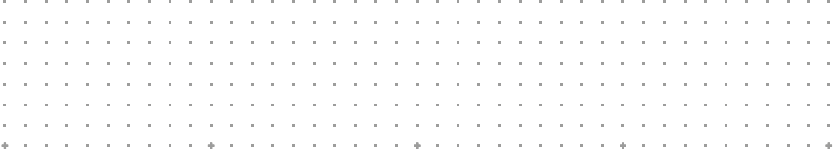
Source: BloombergNEF

Clean power capacity additions jump this decade

Wind, solar and battery storage capacity build



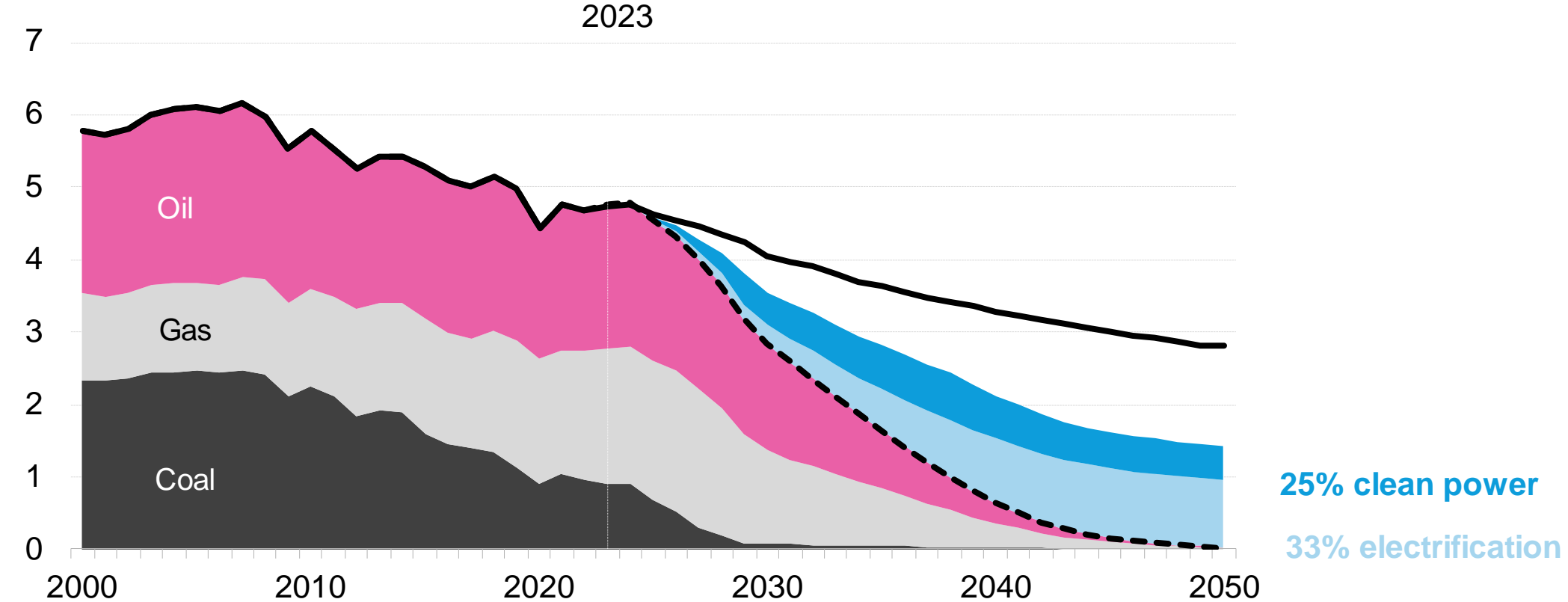
Source: BloombergNEF

- 
- 1. Electrification emerges as least-cost, when everything else is expensive and hard**
 - 2. Clean power needs to ramp up, like, yesterday**

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

Billion metric tons of CO₂

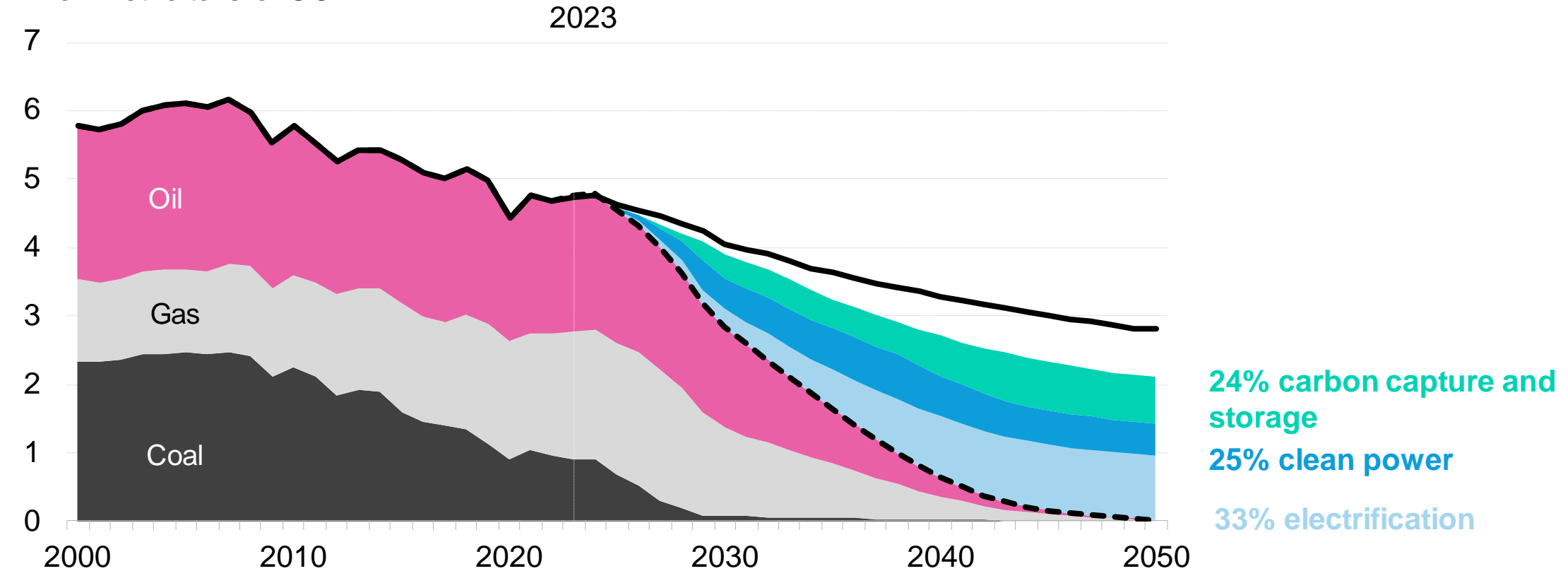


Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where are and where we need to be?

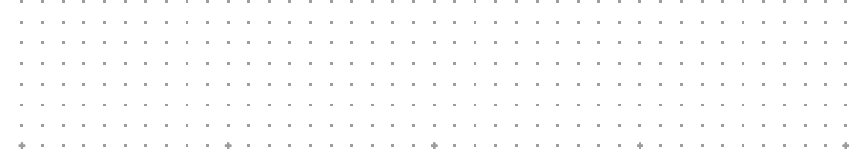
US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

Billion metric tons of CO₂



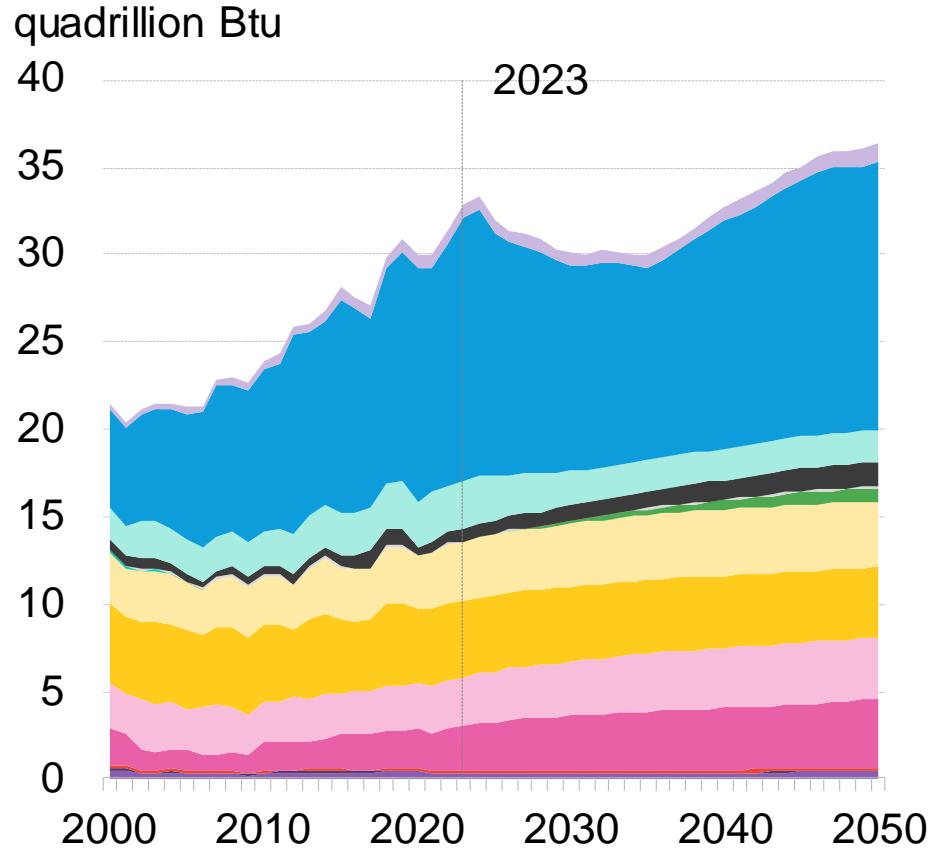
Source: BloombergNEF

We need to talk about gas



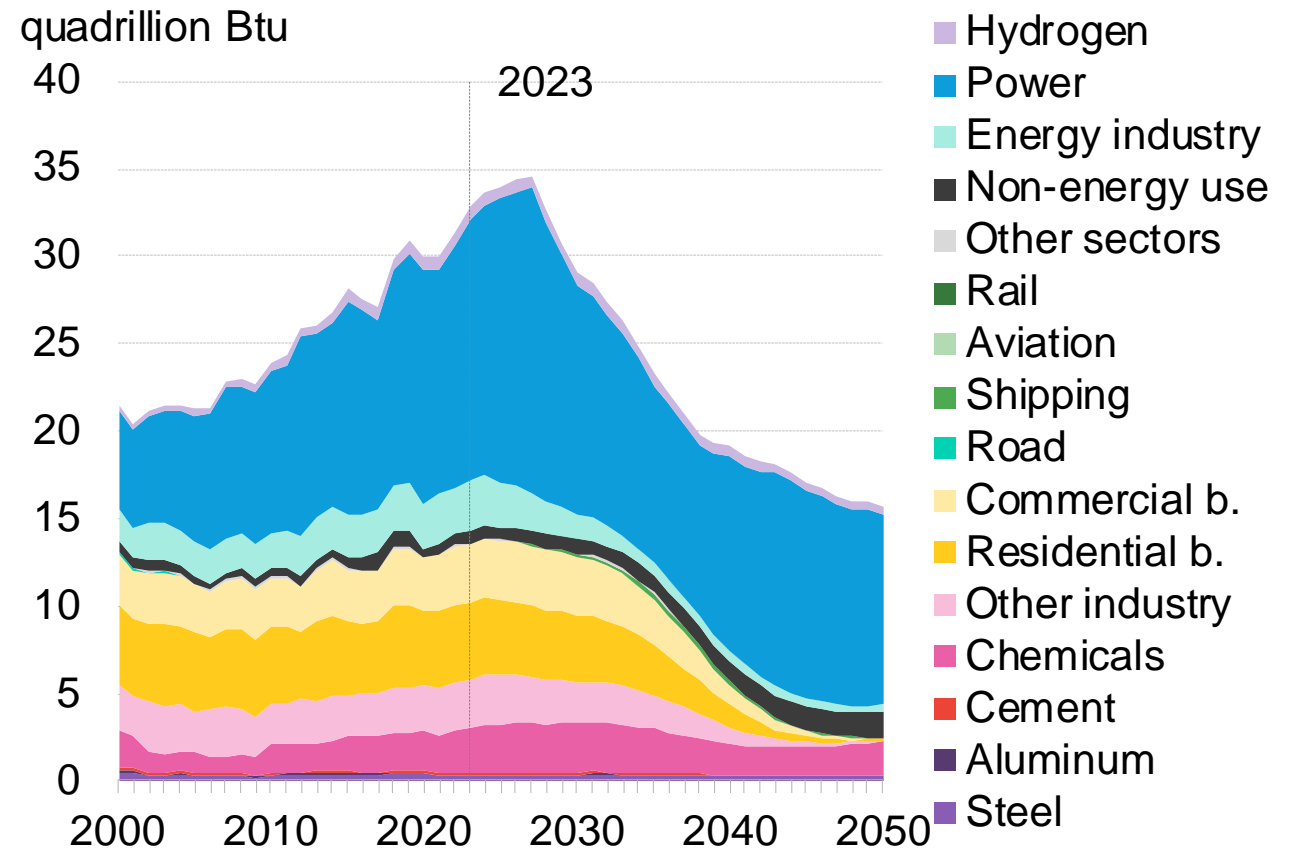
The economics of natural gas are hard to challenge

Economic Transition Scenario



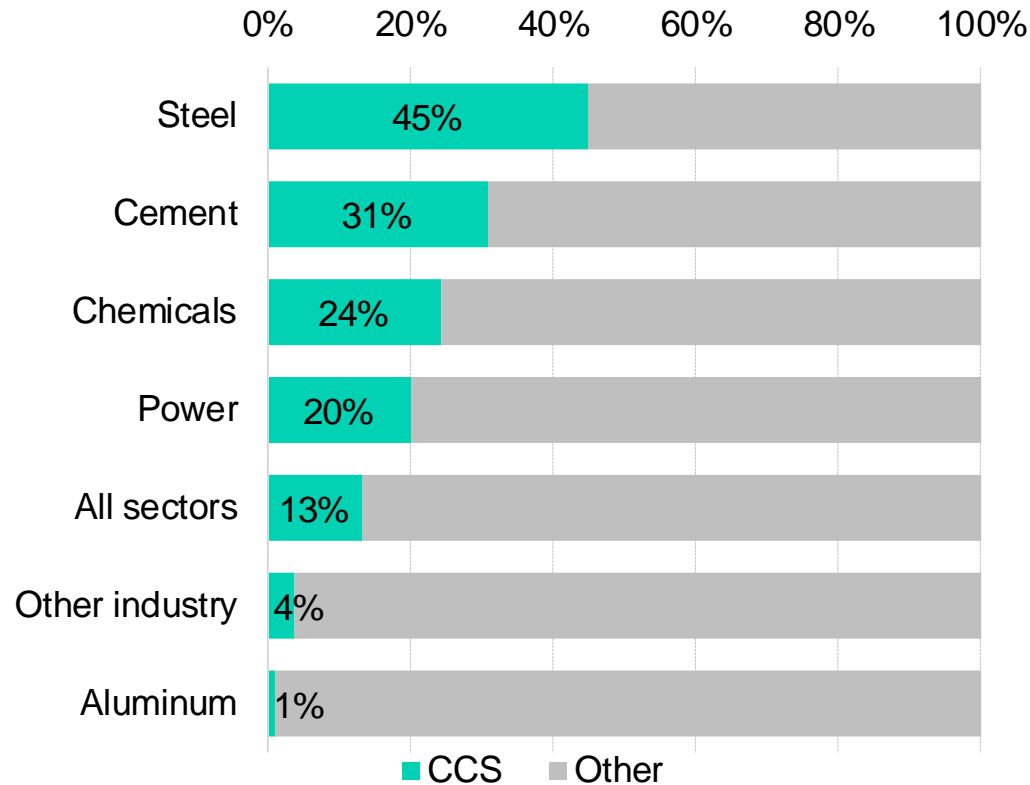
Source: BloombergNEF. Note: B. is buildings

Net Zero Scenario



Carbon capture and storage sees largest absolute role in power

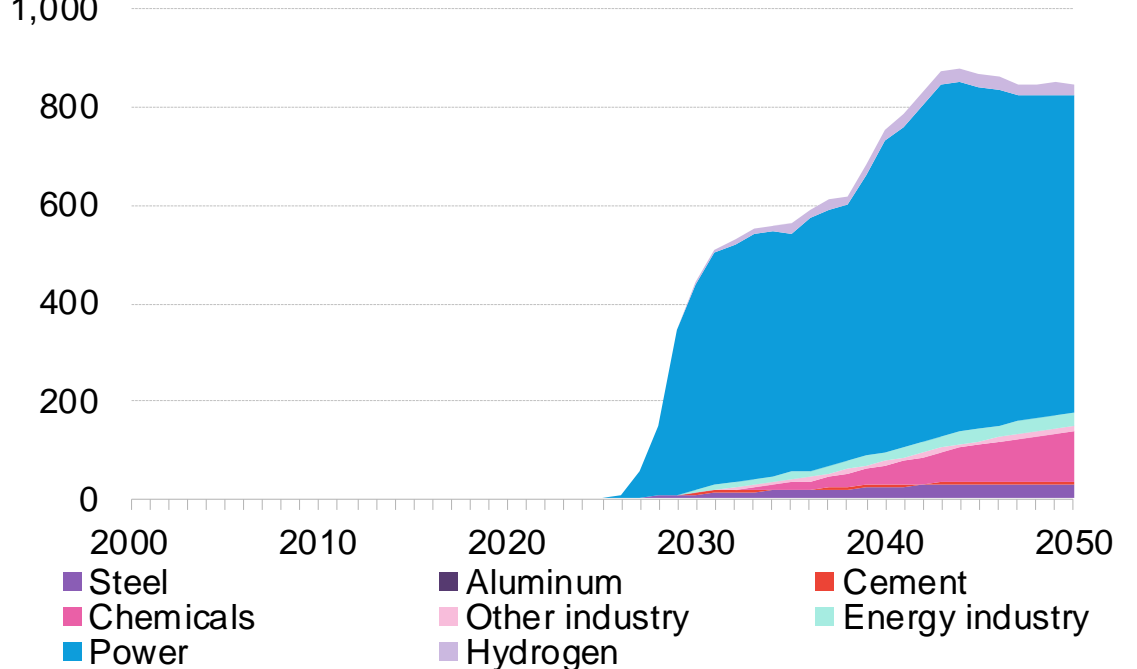
Share of CCS in 2050 emissions abatement, NZS



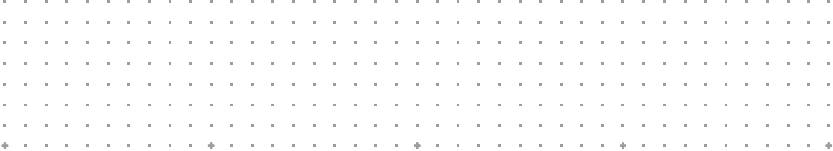
Source: BloombergNEF. Note: NZS is Net Zero Scenario; CCS refers to carbon capture and storage.

Annual CO2 emissions captured, by CCS by sector, NZS

Million metric tons of CO2



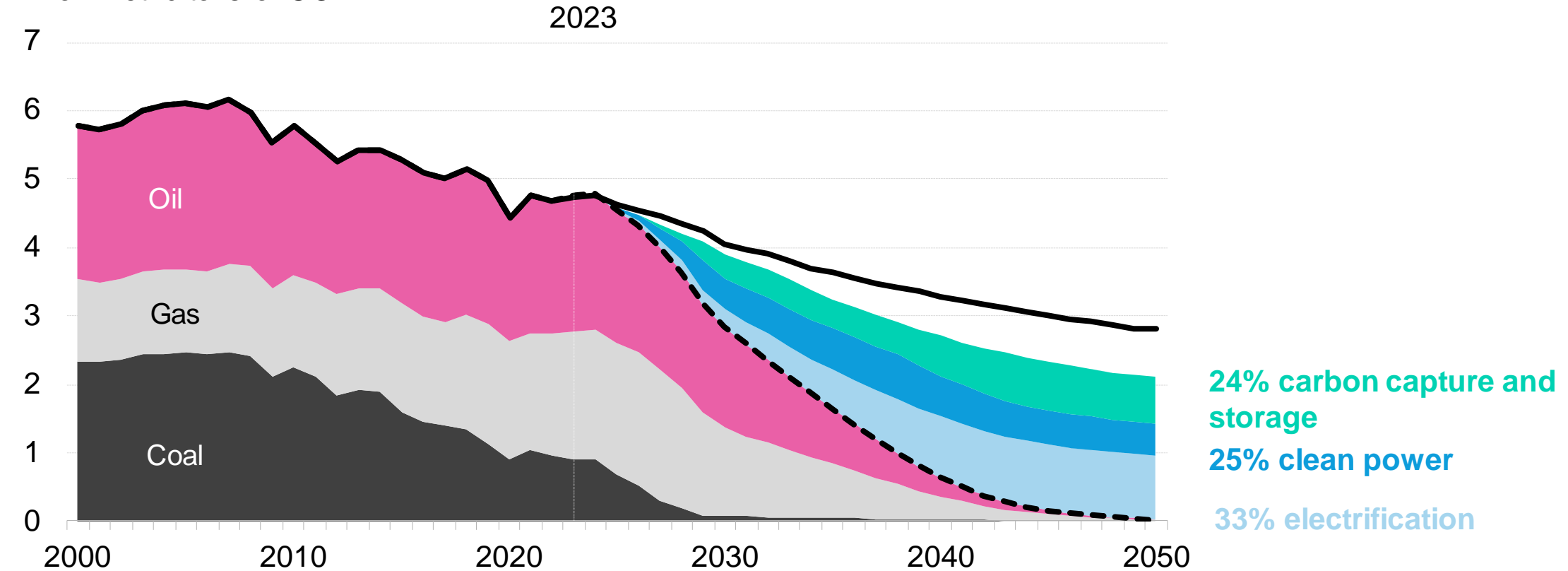
Source: BloombergNEF. Note: NZS is Net Zero Scenario. 'Other industry' includes food and tobacco, paper, pulp and printing; wood and wood products; textile and leather; machinery, transport equipment, construction and non-ferrous metals.

- 
- 1. Electrification emerges as least-cost, when everything else is expensive and hard**
 - 2. Clean power needs to ramp up, like, yesterday**
 - 3. Carbon capture keeps a lid on natural gas emissions**

What bridges the gap between where are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

Billion metric tons of CO₂

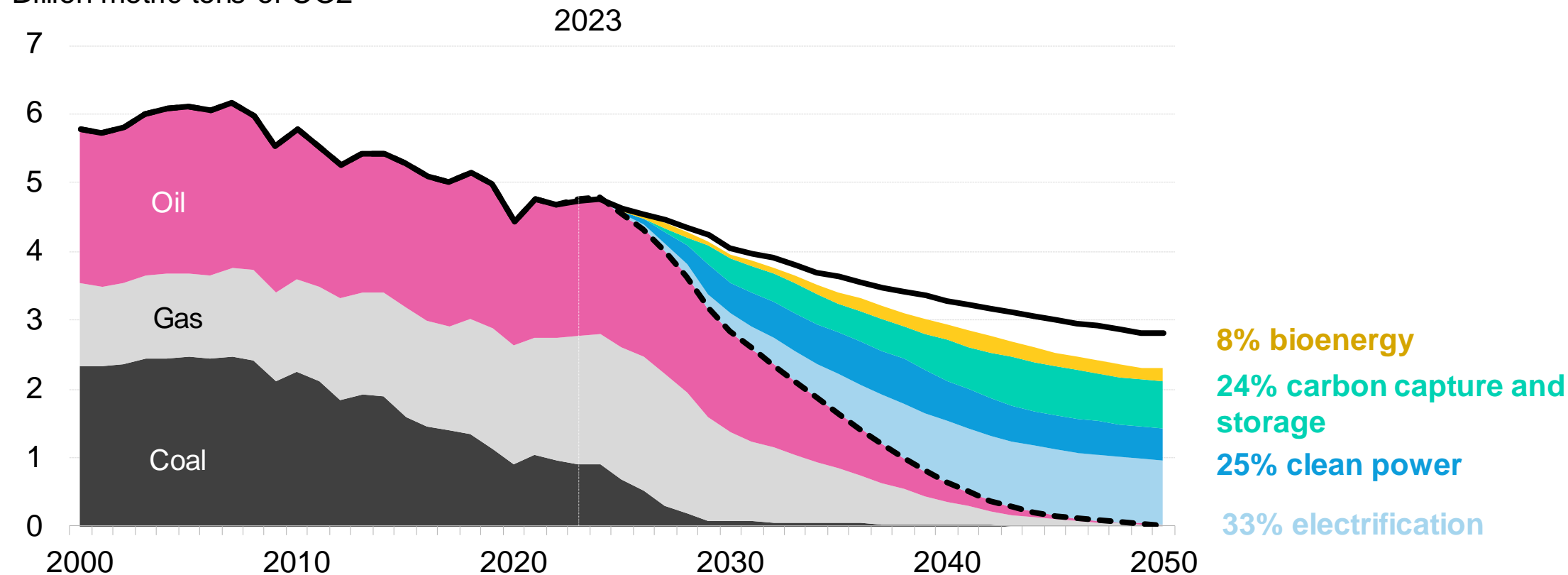


Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

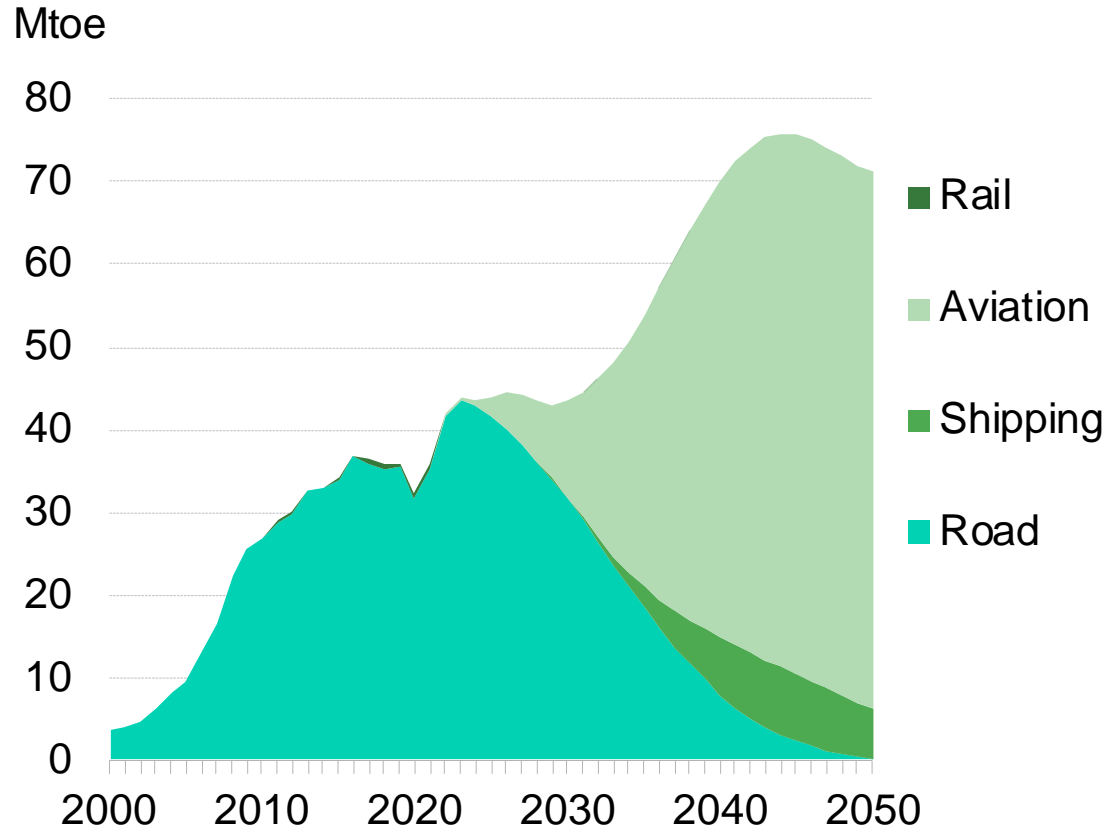
Billion metric tons of CO₂



Source: BloombergNEF

Heavy transport has few alternatives to high energy densities

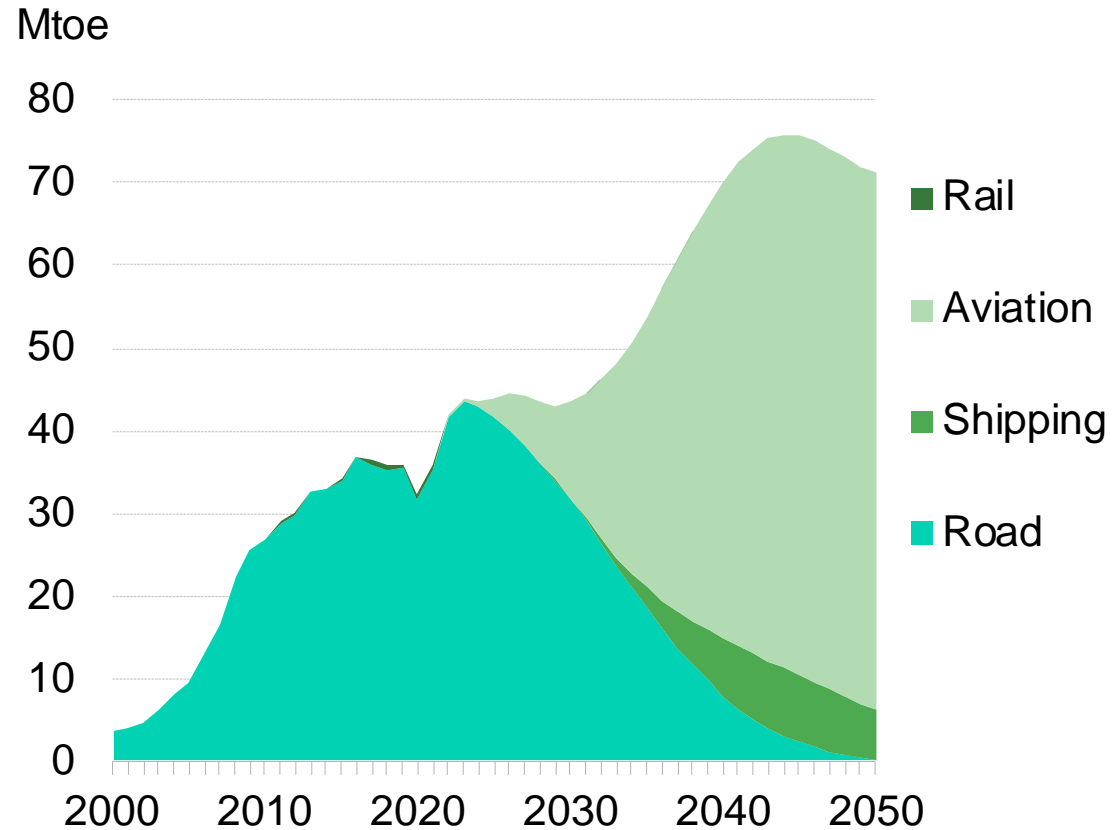
Biofuels consumption in transport, NZS



Source: BloombergNEF

Heavy transport has few alternatives to high energy densities

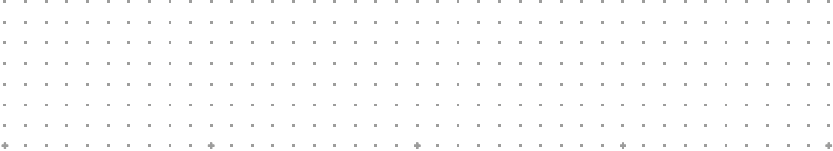
Biofuels consumption in transport, NZS



Source: BloombergNEF



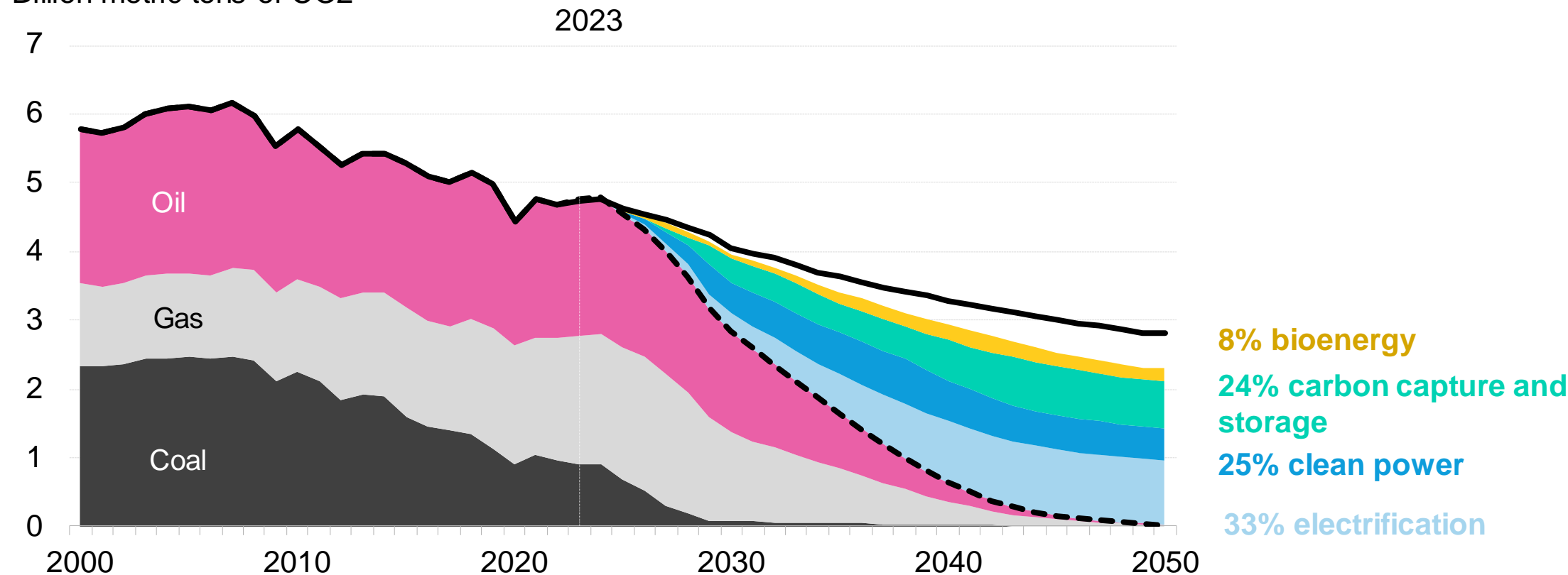
Source: Bloomberg Mercury

- 
- 1. Electrification emerges as least-cost, when everything else is expensive and hard**
 - 2. Clean power needs to ramp up, like, yesterday**
 - 3. Carbon capture keeps a lid on natural gas emissions**
 - 4. Clean molecules are needed for the last mile of decarbonization**

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

Billion metric tons of CO₂

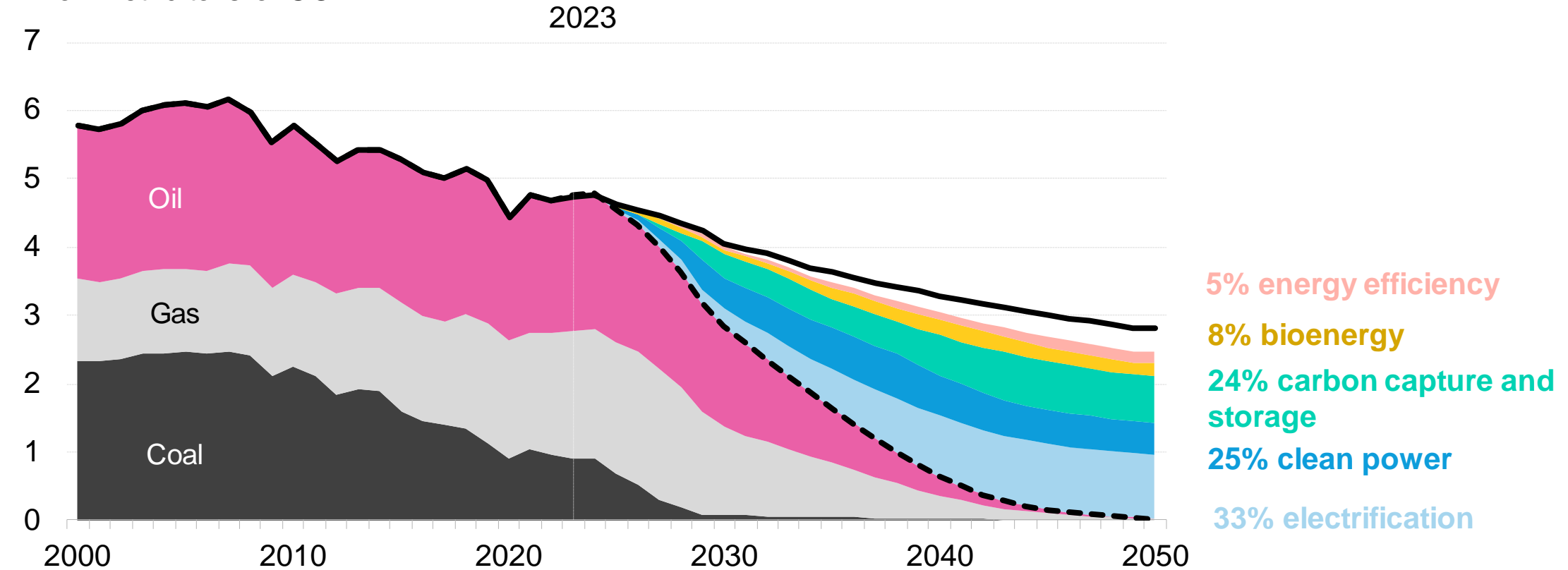


Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

Billion metric tons of CO₂

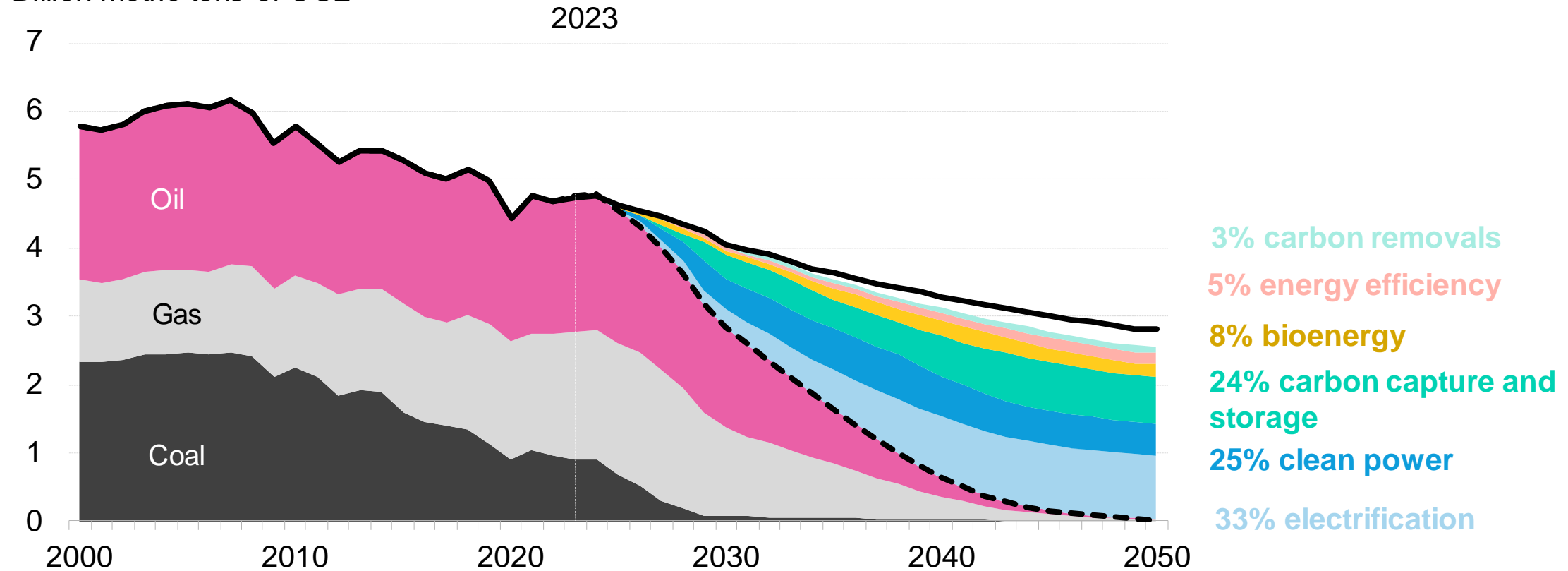


Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

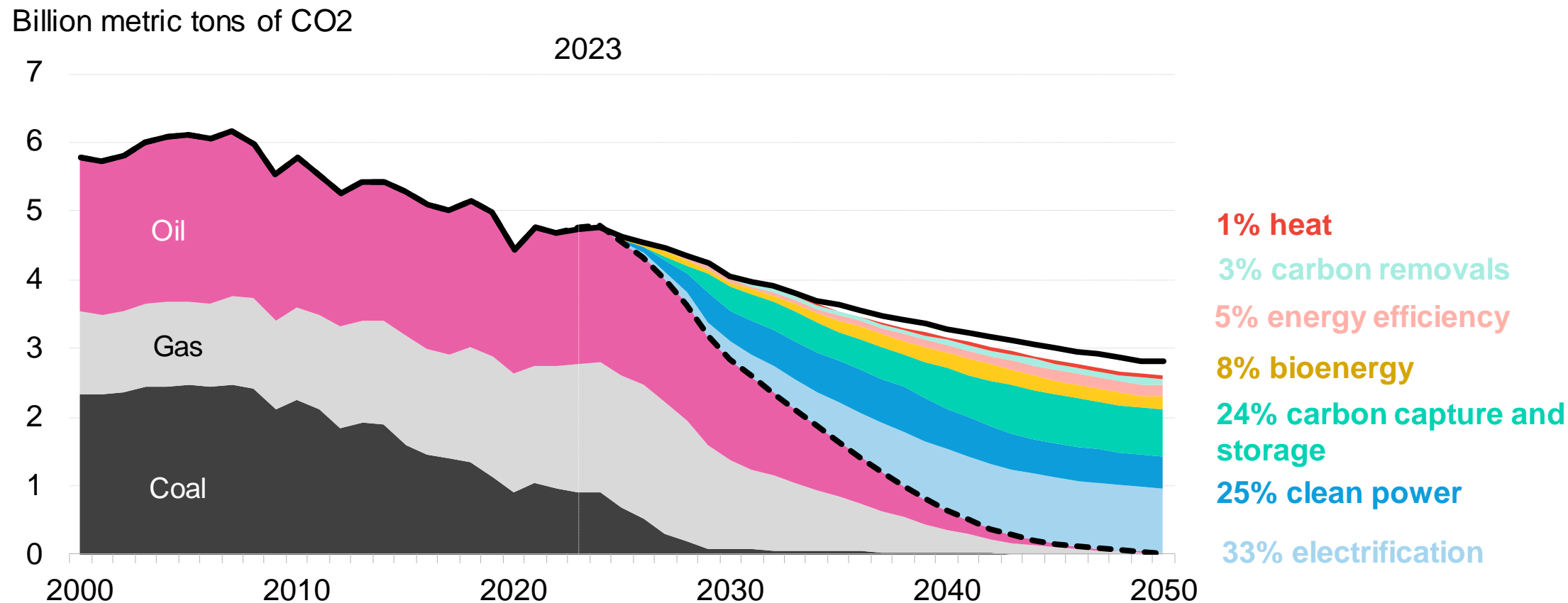
Billion metric tons of CO₂



Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

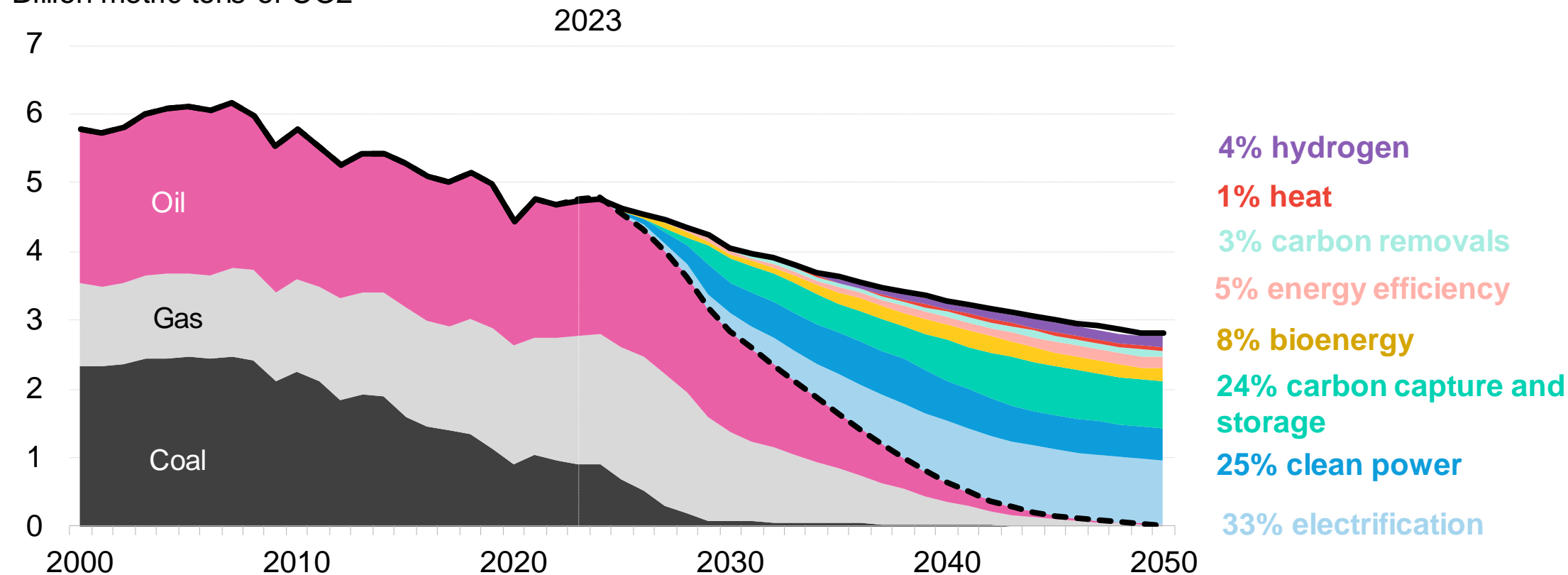


Source: BloombergNEF

What bridges the gap between where we are and where we need to be?

US energy-related emissions, net-zero carbon budget, abatement by technology

Billion metric tons of CO₂

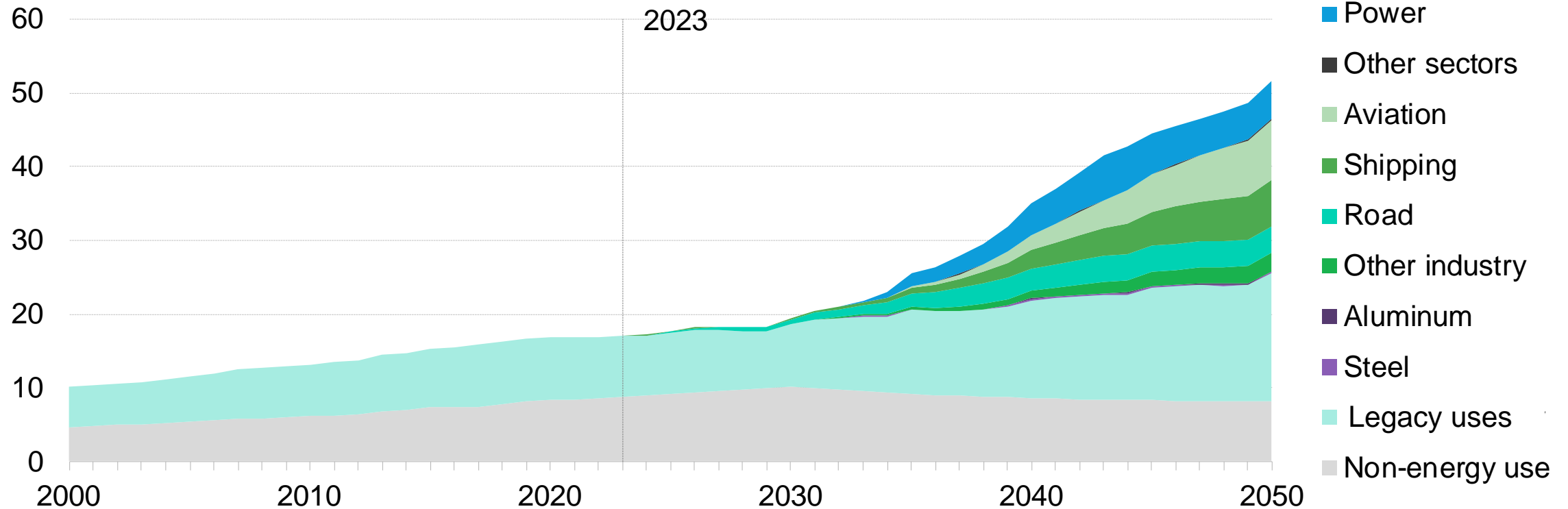


Source: BloombergNEF

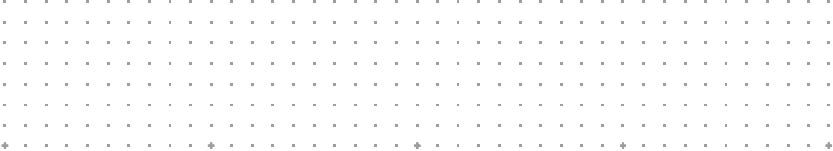
Hydrogen produced by electrolysis helps to decarbonize heavy transport

Hydrogen consumption per sector, Net Zero Scenario

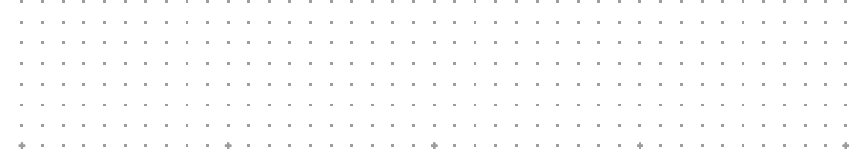
Mt of H₂ (140MJ/kg)



Source: BloombergNEF

- 
1. **Electrification emerges as least-cost, when everything else is expensive and hard**
 2. **Clean power needs to ramp up, like, yesterday**
 3. **Carbon capture keeps a lid on natural gas emissions**
 4. **Clean molecules are needed for the last mile of decarbonization**
 5. **Hydrogen matters, but there are cheaper ways to do most things**

Thank you!



Panel Discussion: Public or Private? Financing the U.S. Energy Transition



Derrick Flackoll
Policy Associate, North
America
BloombergNEF



Ravina Advani
Managing Director, Head
of Energy Natural
Resources & Renewables
Coverage
BNP Paribas



Nicole Iseppi
Director of Energy Innovation
Bezos Earth Fund



Jeff Marootian
Principal Deputy Assistant
Secretary
Office of Energy Efficiency
and Renewable Energy
(EERE)

Panel Discussion: Financing Industrial Decarbonization at Scale



Julia Attwood
Specialist, Sustainable
Materials
BloombergNEF



Charles Cherington
Managing Partner
Ara Partners



Nollaig Forrest
Chief Sustainability Officer
Holcium



Arne Jahn
Vice President –
Treasurer & Chief Risk
Officer
U.S. Steel



Gerry Willinger
Managing Director
Marathon Capital

Closing Remarks



Dana Perkins

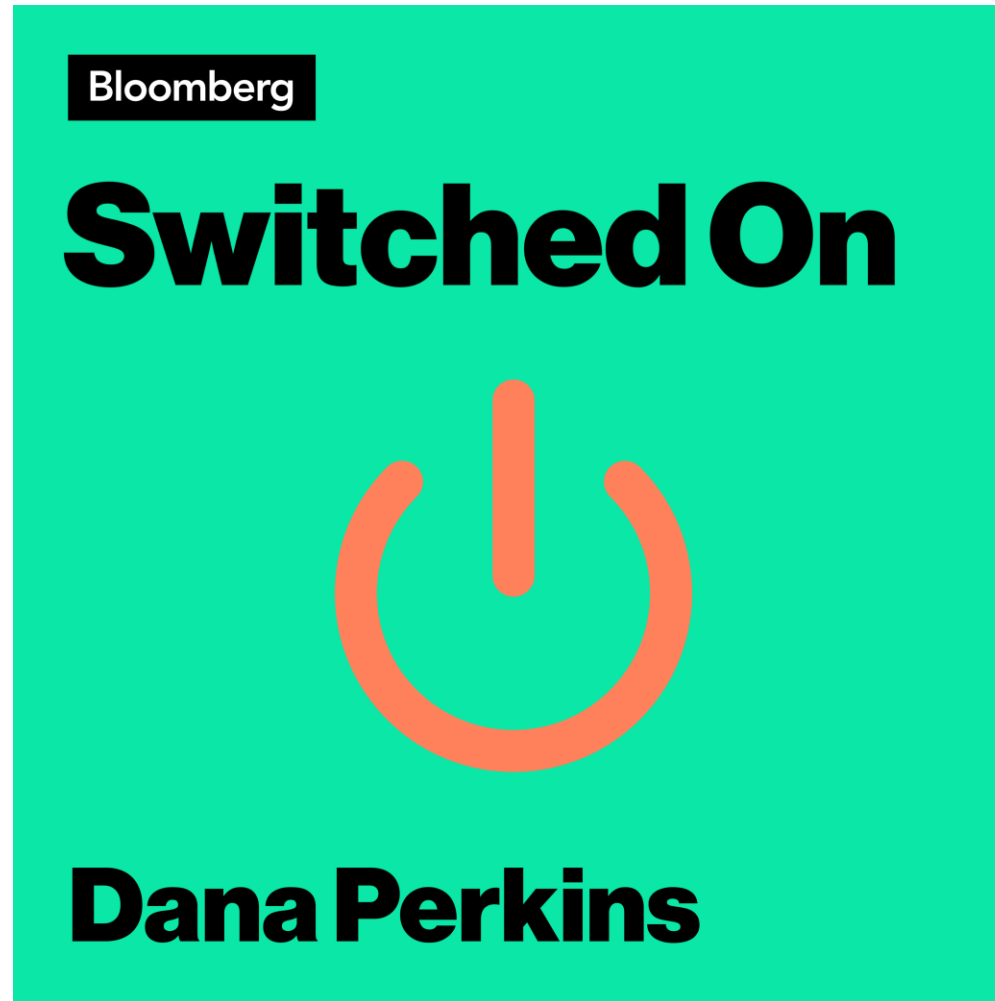
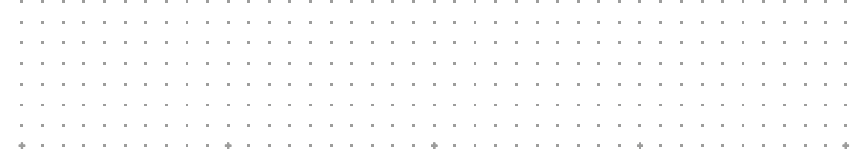
Head of Market Development & Partnerships
BloombergNEF

Bloomberg

New York Climate Week

BloombergNEF

BNEF Podcast



Thank you for joining us.